$\qquad$
Turramurra North
PUBLICSCHOOL - 1914

EXPERIENCE TODAY INSPIRE TOMORROW

# Learning from Home <br> Unit: 10 <br> Stage 2 

## Year 3 and Year 4



## Term 3 Week 102021

## Websites for Learning

- TNPS school website: https://turramurrn-p.schools.nsw.gov.au for our Learning From Home Packages.
- Department of Education Learning from Home: https://education.nsw.gov.au/teaching-and-
learning/curriculum/learning-from-home
Should you need to contact your child's teacher please use the following emails:

| 3R | Alex Atterton | alexandra.redford1@det.nsw.edu.au |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3H | Madi Hyde | Madison.hyde3@det.nsw.edu.au |
| 4H | Alex Hahlos | alexander.hahlos1@det.nsw.edu.au |

## NEWS / EDUCATION

- Education Live videos https://education.nsw.gov.au/teaching-and-learning/learning-from-home/learning-at-home
- Squiz kids -https://www.squizkids.com.au/ A news podcast for 8-12 year olds.
- BTN https://www.abc.net.au/btn/ - Explores news using the current language, music and popular culture of youths.


## ENGLISH

- World Book Online (username: tnps and password: tnps) https://www.worldbook.com.au/ebook-titles-2/
- Story Box Library (username: tnps and password: tnps) www.storyboxlibrary.com.au
- Reading Eggs https://readingeggs.com.au/ login etc
- Typing club https://www.typingclub.com/ each class have their own links and students use their school log ins
- Visual writing prompts http://visualprompts.weebly.com/001.html a range of prompts for writing
- The School Magazine https://theschoolmagazine.com.au/explore - A collection of plays, stories and comics.
- Premier's Reading Challenge 2021 Book List. https://online.det.nsw.edu.au/prc/booklist/home.html
- Wordshake https://learnenglishkids.britishcouncil.org/games/wordshake how many words can you find in 3 mins?
- Free Rice Word Game https://freerice.com/categories/english-vocabulary


## MATHEMATICS

- Mathletics https://www.mathletics.com/au/ Students have their Login details
- ABCya Number Games https://www.abcya.com/grades/4/numbers
- Transum https://www.transum.org/ Maths activities, puzzles, problems, visual aids, investigations and more.
- Figure This https://figurethis.nctm.org/index.html Maths challenges for kids and their families
- Funbrain - MathsZone https://www.funbrain.com/math-zone offers maths games
- Kids Maths Games https://www.kidsmathgamesonline.com/ offers maths games
- Math Game Time https://www.mathgametime.com/ offers maths games


## SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

- Scratch https://scratch.mit.edu/ coding platform
- Sydney Observatory https://www.maas.museum/sydney-observatory/
- Hubble https://hubblesite.org/resource-gallery/learning-resources
- Windows to the Universe https://www.windows2universe.org/
- Questacon at home https://www.questacon.edu.au/discover/questaconathome Questacon activities

HSIE - HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY

- ABC Splash - Space https://education.abc.net.au/home\#!/topic/496370/space-and-our-solar-system
- Ducksters https://www.ducksters.com
- Nature lesson in Bobbin Head NP https://sites.google.com/education.nsw.gov.au/lessons-in-nature/home


## CREATIVE ARTS

- The Arty Teacher https://theartyteacher.com/online-art-games-for-the-art-classroom/ games and online lessons.
- Sydney Opera house for kids https://www.sydneyoperahouse.com/digital/for-the-kids.html


## PERSONAL DEVELOPMENT / HEALTH / PHYSICAL EDUCATION

- Health Activities and articles https://kidshealth.org/en/kids/
- PE workouts to do at home https://darebee.com/workouts.html
- Cyber Safety- Your Personal Information Online https://www.esafety.gov.au/educators/classroom-
resources/hectors-world/your-personal-information-online

4H Zoom Classes
WEEK 10 TERM 32021

PLEASE NOTE THE CHANGE FOR Wellbeing Wednesday.

- On Wednesday students will participate in a range of wellbeing activities outlined in their Learning from Home package.

| Monday 13/9/21 <br> Tuesday 14/9/21 <br> Thursday 16/9/21 <br> Friday 17/9/21 | Zoom Meeting ID |  |  | Zoom Meeting Password |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | Morning am | 66983406300 | 67069069042 | Afternoon pm |  |
| Wednesday 15/9/21 | Kindness, Wellbeing and House Spirit activities as outlined in the Learning from <br> Home Pack <br> (No Zoom classes today) | $\mathbf{6 5 8 0 6 2}$ |  |  |  |

Students need to access Zoom via https://nsweducation.zoom.us/ and are required to use their DoE student portal login to gain access. The DoE user ID and DoE password will be the same as last week.

Monday 13/9/21, Tuesday 14/9/21, Thursday 16/9/21, Friday 17/9/21

| Time | Class |
| :--- | :--- |
| 9.30 am | KK \& KW \& 5T \& 6B |
| 10.30 am | 1F \& 1W \& 2M \& 2R |
| 11.30 am | 3R \& 3H \& 4H |
| 12.15 pm | KK \& KW \& 5T \& 6B |
| 1.30 pm | 1F \& 1W \& 2M \& 2R |
| 2.15 pm | 3R \& 3H \& 4H |

## Week 10 Term 3 - Learning from Home Stage 2 Year 3 and 4

You may need help from a parent/carer and possibly resources from your teacher.

Four activities have been selected for feedback. They are highlighted on the timetable. You will have until Friday morning to complete the Monday \& Wednesday writing activities. The House Spirit activities are optional, however submitting them onto Seesaw will earn you House Points! They are highlighted on the timetable.

|  | Monday | Tuesday |  | Wednesday |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Morning | Spelling <br> Reading <br> *Writing | Spelling <br> Reading <br> Writing | Spelling <br> Reading <br> *Writing | Spelling <br> Reading <br> Writing | Spelling <br> Reading <br> Writing |
| Break | Break | Break | Break | Break | Break |
| Middle | ZOOM 11:30am <br> Mathematics | ZOOM 11:30am <br> Mathematics | No ZOOM <br> Mathematics | ZOOM 11:30am <br> Mathematics | ZOOM 11:30am <br> Mathematics |
| Break | Break | Break | Break | Break | Break |
| Afternoon | Science <br> House Spirit <br> ZOOM 2:15pm | Art <br> House Spirit <br> ZOOM 2:15pm |  <br> Kindness <br> House Spirit <br> No ZOOM | PDHPE <br> House Spirit <br> ZOOM 2:15pm | Funday <br> ZOOM 2:15pm |




This week is Spirit Week.

Separately to your pack you will find some SPIRIT Challenges to complete.

For each SPIRIT challenge you complete, you will receive a house token.

There are bonus tokens available for students who show extra SPIRIT.

You should share your completed challenges with your teacher during your Zoom lessons.

Monday: House Mascot Challenge
Tuesday: Design a House Poster
Wednesday: Create a House Cheer
Thursday: House Sporting Challenges and Invitation for Friday's Zoom Friday: House Colour Dress Up Zoom Meetings


## Week 10 Term 3 - Spelling



Year 3 Spelling Words

| y u(yoo) <br> yoyo computer |  | based on <br> weekly focus in <br> other KLAs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Core: | Extension: | Theme |
| you | amuse | holiday |
| your | eucalyptus | repeating |
| year | human | symmetrical |
| few | nephew | growing |
| new | opinion | chance |
| knew | opportunity | probability |
| yellow | population | equal |
| yard | rescue | independent |
| use | unique | likely |
| using | universe | impossible |
| used | university | certain |
| useful | usable |  |
| during | usually | Demon |
| young | valuable | occupation |
| beautiful | yacht | popular |
| million | yeast | manufacture |
| computer | yield | behaviour |
| music | yoghurt | genius |
| tune | youngster | dual |
| yesterday | youth | unselfishly |
| yourself |  | unique |
| you'll |  | miraculous |
| you're |  | opinion |
| you'd |  |  |
| you've |  |  |

Year 4 Spelling Words
based on weekly focus in other

| y u(yoo) <br> yoyo computer | based on weekly <br> focus in other <br> KLAs |
| :---: | :---: |



## MONDAY - English

## Spelling

- Ask a family member to pre-test you from the weekly spelling lists. If a family member can't help you, choose words that you find tricky.
- Choose up to 15 spelling words to create your personal list from the words that you spelt incorrectly in the pre-test.
- Complete the Core Word Find-a-Word. Words are taken from the Year 3 and Year 4 Core Lists.


## Word Search

|  | C | U | T | E | H | L |  |  |  |  |  | O | Y | D | E | B | U | C | P | G | P |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E | G | S | Y | V | W | R |  |  |  |  |  | E | S | R | U | O | Y | N | G | M | H |
| W | N | U | E | 1 | O | V |  |  |  |  |  | E | S | R | E | V | 1 | N | U | U | $Y$ |
|  | 1 | A | S | E | L | X |  |  |  |  | U | O | Y | W | E | N | K | V | U | S | H |
|  | R | L | T | W | L | R |  |  |  |  |  | T | N | E | W | K | Y | M | F | 1 | G |
| E | U | U | E | D | E | P |  |  |  |  |  | U | U | P | B | N | L | E | L | C | $N$ |
|  | D | F | R | X | Y | F |  |  |  |  |  | O | T | N | H | E | R | U | E | H | U |
| d | W | E | D | S | A | W |  |  |  |  |  | T | U | 1 | E | W | A | C | S | U |  |
|  | Y | S | A | D | J | B |  |  |  |  |  | R | E | L |  | Q | E | S | R | S |  |
|  | E | U | $Y$ | Y | B | E |  |  |  |  |  | Y | E | R | L | U | Y | E | U | E | L |
|  | L | H | Y | G | V | A |  |  |  |  |  | A | B | Q | D | C | L | R | $\bigcirc$ | D | Z |
| U | L | T | $\bigcirc$ | D | S | U |  |  |  |  | G | C | U | A | I | A | J | M | Y | Z | K |
| L | O | U | U | A | C | T |  |  |  |  |  | H | T | D | U | $\bigcirc$ | Y | E | A | R | U |
|  | W | $\bigcirc$ | R | H | L | Y |  |  |  |  |  | T | $\bigcirc$ | S | Y | $\bigcirc$ | U | S | I | N | G |
|  |  |  | E | U | K | Y |  |  |  |  |  | J |  | E | $\checkmark$ | U | O | Y | T | P | C |
|  | Y | O | U | R | E | R |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Find the following words in the puzzle.
Words are hidden $\uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow$ and $\searrow$

| BEAUTIFUL | MILLION | USED | YEARLY | YOUR |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| BEAUTY | MUSIC | USEFUL | YELLOW | YOU'RE |
| COMPUTER | NEW | USING | YESTERDAY | YOURSELF |
| CUBE | RESCUE | USUAL | YOU | YOUTH |
| CUTE | TUBE | VIEW | YOU'D | YOUTHFUL |
| DURING | TUNE | YACHT | YOU'LL | YOU'VE |
| FEW | UNIVERSE | YARD | YOUNG |  |
| KNEW | USE | YEAR | YOUNGSTER |  |





## Questions

1. Why did the turtle eat the echidna's baby? Tick one.

O The echidna was taking too long.
O He was upset that the echidna left him behind.
O He was getting very hungry.
2. Number the events below to show the order in which they happened in the story.

|  | The echidna and the turtle began fighting. |
| :--- | :---: |
|  | The turtle stayed at home. |
|  | The echidna threw stones at the turtle. |
|  | The turtle ate the baby echidna. |

3. What did the stones do straight after the echidna threw them? Tick one.
$\bigcirc$ They turned into a hard shell.
O The turtle grew a shell.
O They got stuck to the back of the turtle's back.
4. What word describes how the echidna felt when she found out the turtle ate her baby? Tick one.

O angry
O sorry
O stunned
5. Why did the echidna leave her baby with the turtle?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
6. Find and copy the sentence that shows the turtle was impatient.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$



 The echidna then replied confidently, "I will go and live in the country, and I echidna's back where the blades of speargrass had once been. The stones on the back of the turtle formed a hard shell; spines emerged on the After a long period of conflict, the two creatures finally ended their dispute
 speargrass at the echidna. Each blade of grass became lodged on her back. The became fixed on the turtle's back. In retaliation, the turtle then launched the echidna and she began throwing the stones at him. The stones that she threw speargrass. The two animals faced one another. The turtle had enraged the
 realised that he needed to act rapidly. some stones. However, the turtle sensed what was about to happen and he The echidna instructed the turtle to remain where he was while she gathered

## Questions

1. Why did the echidna leave her baby and the turtle? Tick one.

She thought it would be too dangerous for them to go hunting.
She had to go hunting for food.
O She didn't like them very much.
2. Number the events below to show the order in which they happened in the story.

|  | The echidna went to search for stones. |
| :--- | :---: |
|  | The baby echidna was eaten. |
|  | The echidna left her baby. |
|  | The echidna went to hunt for food. |

3. Fill in the missing words to complete this sentence.

After a long $\qquad$ of $\qquad$ the two creatures finally ended their
$\qquad$ -.
4. 'He became so ravenous that he began to behave in a strange manner...' In this sentence, what does the word ravenous mean?
$\qquad$
5. Find and copy a verb in the fourth paragraph which means to think.
$\qquad$
6. At the end of the story, why did the echidna and the turtle separate from one another?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
7. How are the two animals portrayed in this story?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
8. In your opinion, why did the turtle 'sense that he would need to act rapidly'?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
9. What is the moral of this Dreaming story?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Writing

## Learning Objective

- We are learning to write and create a visual procedure text


## Success Criteria

- I can write and photograph a procedure on a topic of my choice

A procedure tells a reader how to do or make something.
It includes step by step instructions which are explicit and sequenced in order.

## Your task:



Choose a topic to write your procedure text on. You can choose from an idea below, or think of your own topic:


Using the Seesaw template provided for you, arrange your photos into a collage which shows your procedure in order


Take a moment to plan your procedure text. Think about the steps needed to complete your procedure.


This is a feedback task for this week but you have until Friday morning to submit onto Seesaw


Ideas

- How to make a paper aeroplane
- How to make a pizza
- How to do a cartwheel
- How to decorate a cupcake
- How to plant a seedling
- How to make a chatterbox


## MONDAY - Mathematics

## Minute Maths

$$
7 \times 0=
$$

$$
7 \times 5=\quad 7 \times 7=
$$

$$
7 \times 1=7 \times 7=7 \times 4=
$$

$7 \times 4=$

$$
6 \times 7=7 \times 2=
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$\qquad$

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
7 \times 2=  \tag{工.}\\
7 \times 3= & 7 \times 10=
\end{array} \quad 3 \times 7=
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7 \times 4=
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\begin{aligned}
& 7 \times 5=\square \\
& 7 \times 6=\square
\end{aligned} \quad 7 \times 9=\square
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7 \times 7=
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0 \times 7=
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7 \times 1=
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$7 \times 8=$ $\qquad$

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7 \times 9=
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7 \times 1=
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7 \times 0=
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7 \times 10=
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8 \times 7=
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$\qquad$ $4 \times 7=$ $\qquad$
$7 \times 11=$ $\qquad$ $7 \times 5=$ $\qquad$ $7 \times 8=$ $\qquad$
$7 \times 12=$ $\qquad$

## Test your speed on the 7 times tables Kahoot <br> Game Pin: 03034842

https://kahoot.it/challenge/03034842?challenge-id=90e47ba5-1229-
46cb-8960-f05451077e88 1630886898104


## Chance and Probability

## Chance is the likelihood that something will happen.

If something will definitely happen, we say it is certain.
If something might happen, we say it is likely.
If something might not happen, we say it is unlikely. If something will definitely not happen, we say it is impossible.

## Q1: Draw a line linking the words below



Read each statement and circle the chance of it happening:

| Event | Chance |
| :--- | :--- |
| It will rain sometime this month. | impossible / unlikely / likely / certain |
| Thursday will come after Wednesday. | impossible / unlikely / likely / certain |
| A tiger will be serving at the canteen. | impossible / unlikely / likely / certain |
| Every student in our class likes broccoli. | impossible / unlikely / likely / certain |

5 Look at this bag of counters. Connect each colour to the chance arrow that you think best describes the chance of pulling out each colour:


6 Look at these shopping bags of fruit. Select the best chance word for each shopping bag:
a The fruit I pick will be a banana.

impossible / unlikely / likely
b The fruit I pick will be a strawberry.

impossible / unlikely / likely

7 Ten pieces of fruit are placed into this basket. Inside the basket is a mixture of bananas, oranges and apples. Circle the fruit that is inside the basket if a banana is most likely to be chosen without looking.


## Patterns: Zoom Lesson 11:30am till 12pm

I can use the term 'outcome' to describe any possible result of a chance experiment
I can predict and list all possible outcomes in a chance experiment


When you toss a coin, you call out heads or tails. There are two sides and two different possible results. That means there is an equal chance of landing on heads as there is on tails.


I can identify events where the chance of one will not be affected by the occurrence of the other. (ACMSPO94)

Flip one coin 10 times and record each flip as a tally mark.
Equipment I will need:

- $1 \times$ coin
- pencil
- activity sheet

Instructions:

1. Flip the coin.

2. Record the result as a tally mark whether the coin landed on 'heads' or 'tails' in the correct space in the table below.
3. Repeat steps 1 and 2 nine more times (so that you have flipped the coin 10 times).

Coin Flip Results for 10 Flips:

|  | Tally | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Heads |  |  |
| Tails |  |  |

You are now going to repeat the experiment but for 20 flips. Make a prediction on what you think the results will be. Will it be the same as your first set? Why/why not?

My prediction is: $\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Complete the coin flip chance experiment again.

Coin Flip Results for 20 Flips:

|  | Tally | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Heads |  |  |
| Tails |  |  |

Was your prediction correct? Why/why not?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

If you were to complete this chance experiment again for 40 flips, do you think the results would be the same? Why/why not?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

If you flipped heads five times and tails fifteen times, does this mean that tails will also have the larger number of flips next time you complete this activity? Why/why not?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Challenge Question:

Describe three even chance events that could occur when rolling a sixsided dice??

1. $\qquad$
2. $\qquad$
3. $\qquad$

Feedback Task: Cut and Paste Sorting Activity
Cut out the scenarios on the next page and paste them in the correct column



- This page has been left intentionally blank -


## MONDAY - Science

How can rocks and fossils show us how the Earth's surface has changed? How do human actions change the Earth's surface?

Scientists think that the Earth's surface started forming over four billion years ago. It is always changing and will continue to change.
We can study photos, rock art and maps to find out about recent changes to the Earth's surface. But, to find out about changes before human history, geologists (Earth scientists) study rocks.
Each rock has its own story to tell and is a clue to how the Earth has changed over a very long time.

(7)

Read about the fossils then draw and label how the landscape may have looked when each one was alive.


Ammonites were squid like creatures that lived in spiral shaped shells on the ocean floor.


The long
legged, three toed Gallimimus dinosaur lived in a dry, desert like habitat.


Keichousaurus hui were small dinosaurs that lived in marshy areas near water.

By studying rocks and fossilised remains, Earth scientists are able to calculate how the surface of the Earth changed over millions of years. As the tectonic plates cracked and moved, the landscape of different places changed dramatically.


500 million years ago, New York was below the Equator and under water.


Now, New York is above the Equator and on dry land.
https://dinosaurpictures.org/ancient-earth\#500
(0) Explore the website. Type in your closest city. Compare its location now to where it was 500 million years ago. Describe and show how it has changed.

Now
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

500 million years ago
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Humans have been changing the Earth's surface for thousands of years. People build dams and mines and clear land to grow food, feed their animals and build their homes.

Human activity is expanding and the surface is changing in nearly every part of the Earth.

Earth scientists compare old and new photos of the same places to gather evidence of changes to the Earth's surface.
(0) Explore the Google Earth Timelapse website and take some time to look closely at the images (use the pause button if this helps!).

List the evidence of changes to the Earth's surface you saw.

https://earthengine.google.com/timelapse/

Fields of crops planted on farms.

## TUESDAY - English <br> Spelling

- Ask a family member to test you on your spelling list.
- Practise your spelling words and write a sentence that shows the meaning of the word. For example: opposite - the words hot and cold are opposite in meaning.

Remember to look, say, cover, write, check and correct each word.


| My Words | Practise |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
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- Optional task: Using as many of your spelling words as possible, write a short entertaining story that you could share with a friend or family member. Make sure your words are spelt
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


## Reading

- Read one chapter of a book that you have at home. This activity can be completed at any time of the day.

Reading with expression: Don't read like a robot!


We can make our voice louder or softer to add interest to a sentence


We can change the pace of our reading to make it more exciting, or to emphasise a particular word.


Readers make their voices go up and down. They often make their voices go up at the beginning of a sentence and down at the end (or up if it is a question mark).

## Your task:

| Choose |
| :--- |
| - Choose a Jack |
| Prelutsky poem |
| to read below |
| (or scan the QR |
| code to choose |
| one of your |
| choice). |

## Silent read

- Read the poem first, silently in your head. Check the pronunciation of any words you don't know.


We can use punctuation clues, to know when to take a brief pause.


When we see speech marks, we should think about how the character sounds.

## Read out loud

- Read the poem out loud to a parent/ sibling. Ask them to give you feedback on your reading.


## Record

- Once you are feeling confident reading your poem with expression, record yourself reading the poem and upload it to Seesaw.


## Be Glad Your Nose Is on Your Face

BY JACK PRELUTSKY

Be glad your nose is on your face, not pasted on some other place, for if it were where it is not, you might dislike your nose a lot.

Imagine if your precious nose were sandwiched in between your toes, that clearly would not be a treat, for you'd be forced to smell your feet.

Your nose would be a source of dread were it attached atop your head, it soon would drive you to despair, forever tickled by your hair.

Within your ear, your nose would be
 an absolute catastrophe, for when you were obliged to sneeze, your brain would rattle from the breeze.

Your nose, instead, through thick and thin, remains between your eyes and chin, not pasted on some other placebe glad your nose is on your face!

## The Creature in the Classroom

BY JACK PRELUTSKY

It appeared inside our classroom at a quarter after ten, it gobbled up the blackboard, three erasers and a pen.
It gobbled teacher's apple and it bopped her with the core.
"How dare you!" she responded.
"You must leave us . . . there's the door."

The Creature didn't listen but described an arabesque as it gobbled all her pencils, seven notebooks and her desk. Teacher stated very calmly, "Sir! You simply cannot stay, I'll report you to the principal unless you go away!"

But the thing continued eating, it ate paper, swallowed ink, as it gobbled up our homework I believe I saw it wink.
Teacher finally lost her temper.

"OUT!" she shouted at the creature.
The creature hopped beside her and GLOPP . . . it gobbled teacher.

## A Pizza the Size of the Sun

1'm making a pizza the size of the sun, a pizza that's sure to weigh more than a ton, a pizza too massive to pick up and toss, a pizza resplendent with oceans of sauce.

I'm topping my pizza with mountains of cheese, with acres of peppers, pimentos, and peas, with mushrooms, tomatoes, and sausage galore, with every last olive they had at the store.

My pizza is sure to be one of a kind, my pizza will leave other pizzas behind, my pizza will be a delectable treat that all who love pizza are welcome to eat.

The oven is hot, I believe it will take a year and a half for my pizza to bake. I hardly can wait till my pizza is done, my wonderful pizza the size of the sun.


## Writing

## Learning Objective

- We are learning to create origami wishing stars


## Success Criteria

- I can write a wish and fold an origami wishing star by following a set of instructions


Step 1
Cut strips that are either 2 cm in width, 1.5 cm in width, or 1 cm in width


Step 2
Have your students write their secret wish on their strip of paper.


Step 3
Make a knot in the paper at one end. Start by crossing over one end like so...


## Step 4

Once it looks like the photo above, flatten it down. Make sure there is a little bit poking out the end.


## Step 6

Just keep folding that long strip of paper over the edges of the pentagon shape until there is a little bit at the end.


Then, thread the smaller end through the hole.


Step 5
It's time to create a pentagon shape. Fold the little flap over and then the longer flap is folded to create the final 5 th side to the pentagon shape!


Step 7
Fold that little bit at the end inside the folded pentagon shape.


You should be left with a perfectly folded pentagon like the image below.

## How to Make an Origami Star

Step 8
Finally, use your thumb to add an indent into each side of your pentagon shape. This is done to create the points of the star.


And, there you have it. The cutest, most adorable little paper star you ever did see. And, it's not just a paper star... it's a child's wish folded into a beautiful star!


## 7 Times Table Multiplication Wheels



5.

6.


## Probability Using Fractions



## Probability Using Fractions

Probability $=$ number of times desired outcome can occur total number of possible outcomes

- Example 1: Rolling a number 2 using a 6-sided dice Probability $=\frac{1}{6}$
- Example 2: Flipping a 'tails' on a coin Probability $=\frac{1}{2}$

Level 1:
Match the marble jar to the probability fractions.

| $\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { Choosing a } \\ \text { red marble } \\ \frac{5}{12}\end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Choosing a } \\ \text { blue marble } \\ \frac{8}{12}\end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Choosing a } \\ \text { red marble } \\ \frac{2}{12}\end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Choosing a } \\ \text { green marble } \\ \frac{4}{12}\end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Choosing a } \\ \text { green marble } \\ \frac{6}{12}\end{array}\right]$ |
| :---: |



Match the marble jar to the probability fractions.

| $\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { Choosing a } \\ \text { blue marble } \\ \frac{7}{15}\end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Choosing a } \\ \text { red marble } \\ \frac{6}{18}\end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Choosing a } \\ \text { green marble } \\ \frac{1}{2}\end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Choosing a } \\ \text { green marble } \\ \frac{1}{4}\end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Choosing a } \\ \text { red marble } \\ \frac{3}{17}\end{array}\right]$ |
| :---: |



## Level 2:

Match the marble jar to the probability fractions.

| $\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { Choosing a } \\ \text { yellow marble } \\ \frac{5}{25}\end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Choosing a } \\ \text { blue marble } \\ \frac{1}{3}\end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Choosing a } \\ \text { red marble } \\ \frac{5}{25}\end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Choosing a } \\ \text { red marble a } \\ \text { blue or yellow } \\ \text { marble } \\ \frac{4}{30} \\ \frac{1}{2}\end{array}\right]$ |
| :---: |



Write the probability for each marble jar pick in fraction format.
Example: Picking red $=\frac{1}{4}$

| Picking a blue marble | Picking a red marble | Picking a green marble |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Picking a red marble | Picking a blue marble | Picking a red marble <br> Probability $=$ |
| Picking a green marble <br> Probability $=$ | Picking a blue marble | Picking a green marble |

## Probability

The unusual die pictured at the right has 20 sides, numbered 1 through 20.

1. If you roll the die, what is the probability of rolling an odd number?

2. If you roll the die, what is the probability of rolling the a number greater than 9 ?
3. If you roll the die, what is the probability of rolling the a number less than 4 ? $\qquad$

There are 52 cards in the deck of playing cards pictures at the right. There are no jokers in the deck.
4. If you shuffle the deck of cards, and choose one at random, what is the probability that you will choose the queen of hearts? $\qquad$

5. If you shuffle the deck of cards, and choose one at random, what is the probability that you will choose a club? $\qquad$

6. If you shuffle the deck of cards, and choose one at random, what is the probability that you will choose a jack? $\qquad$
7. If you shuffle the deck of cards, and choose one at random, what is the probability that you will choose a black card?

## Chance: Zoom Lesson 11:30am till 12pm <br> Success Criteria

I can identify events where the chance of one event occurring will not be affected by the occurrence of the other ***

Independent Events vs Dependent Events

When one event does not affect the probability of another.

## Flipping a Coin:

A coin flip lands on heads.


This event will not affect the result of the next flip.
The probability of heads or tails will always be $\frac{1}{2}$.


When one event does affect the probability of another.

## Event 1

A bag of marbles has eight pink and two green.


The probability of selecting a green is $\frac{2}{10}$.

I select a marble and take out a pink. I don't put it back.


## Independent Events

## Game 1: Card Suits

I pick $\qquad$


Score:
Did you win?
Was it fair? Why?

Game 2: Pig

| R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | R5 | R6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

My Score:

| R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | R5 | R6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

My Score:

Was this game fair? Why?

## Dependent Events

What's in the bag


My Predictions

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

My Score: $\qquad$
Did it gradually get easier each round? Why?

## TUESDAY - Art

## Collage

Optional: post a photo of your artwork onto Seesaw so we can share with Mrs Plasto - she misses seeing your fabulous creations!
Look at the papers, especially the weekend papers to find a large image of a face.
Cut the face out. You can leave all or some of the hair or completely cut out the hair as I have done.


Now have a look at different hats. Hats and head coverings don't sit on top of the head but take up space on the head and mould onto the head, this is a tip that most people confuse. This is also why it is good to cut out the hair or most of it.
Google hats or headwear to see what type of headwear your image will have.


Here are examples of some other images I have painted.


## WEDNESDAY - English

Spelling

- Practise your spelling words and use a coloured pencil to show the focus sounds for this week.

For example: stir, were, word, heard, church
Remember to look, say, cover, write, check and correct each word.


Practise

| My Words | Practise |
| :--- | :--- |
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Write

- Optional: Choose one activity to complete in the space below

| Illustrations Expert <br> Draw a picture to match <br> the meaning of each of <br> your words. | Cartoon Connection <br> Create a cartoon strip <br> using as many spelling <br> words as you can. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Write your spelling words <br> using fancy letters. <br> apple <br> keen <br> arrive | Spelling Addition <br> Vowels are worth 10 and <br> consonants are worth 5. <br> Write your words and <br> then add the value of <br> each letter in the word. <br> E.g. cat 5+10+5 = 20 |

- Optional: Write clues for your spelling words for a family member or friend to guess

For example: this word means the opposite of leave (arrive)

## Reading

- Read one chapter of a book that you have at home. This activity can be completed at any time of the day.
- Complete one of the Epic Editing worksheets. Choose either Sheet A or Sheet B


## Sheet A

## Epic Editing - Worksheet

Name: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

## Text 1 - The Beach

Find the mistakes in this text. You will need to:

- find and fix 3 spelling mistakes
- add 4 capital letters
- add 2 full stops and 1 exclamation mark.
tess wondered what they would do at the beach today They culd make sandcastles and swim. maybe thay could play beach cricket with ryan and his family. Ryan was camping nearby he allways knew how to have fun

Write the text correctly on the lines below.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(1)

## Sheet B

## Epic Editing - Worksheet

## Name:

$\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

## Text 2 - Sea Jellies

Correct the text using editing marks. There are 15 errors to find.
what animals have no blood, brian, backbone, eyes, arms or legs, and dont even breathe. Sea jellies
Sea jellys are invertebrates, which means they lack a backbone. There skin is so thin that oxygen passes to it from the water, so they don't need to breathe or have blood or nerves. They're bodys may be clear, orange, red, pink or blue some species are tiny and near invisible, but others grow huge. The tentacles on a lion's main sea jelly can grew up to 27 metres - thats longer than a bus


Write the text correctly on the lines below.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Writing

## Learning Objective

- We are learning to create a fact file


## Success Criteria

- I can create an animal artwork using fruit and/or veggies
- I can create a fact file or information report about an animal


## A fact file is a collection of factual (real/true) information about a particular topic. This term, you have written a fact file about a country and an Olympian.

## Your task:

- Create an animal artwork using fruit and veggies that you have at home. Make sure you ask a parent/carer to help you/ supervise whilst you are creating your masterpiece.
- Then, using the animal you created, choose to complete the activity on Sheet A or Sheet B.

Upload your animal masterpiece and activity onto Seesaw for feedback!
You will have until Friday morning to do this


## Sheet A: Animal Fact File

Create a fact file on your animal. Include specific detail about your animal's appearance, diet, habitat and any interesting facts. Please put any information you research into your own words.

## Sheet B: Animal Information Report

Write an information report on your chosen animal. When writing your information report, include detail about the animal's appearance, diet, habitat and any other factual information that would be interesting. Use the Informative Text Scaffold to help you with your writing.

Begin with an introduction that tells the reader what you are going to be writing about. Think about using the above headings in blue as your topics for your three paragraphs. Focus on 1 topic for each paragraph. Finish your writing with a conclusion which reminds the reader of the important parts of your writing.

Sheet A

## ANEMALLFACT FKCE

## Animal Name:

## Appearance:

Habitat:

Diet:

Interesting Facts:

Sheet B

Informative Texts - Worksheet

Name
Date

## Informative Text - Scaffold

Introduction (This is a general statement about the subject of the text).
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Paragraph 1 (Describe one detail about the subject of the text).
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Paragraph 2 (Describe one detail about the subject of the text).
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Paragraph 3 (Describe one detail about the subject of the text).
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Conclusion (This is a concluding statement about the subject of the text).
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Illustration

$\square$

## WEDNESDAY - Mathematics

 Minute MathsTime challenge: Can you break the 30 second barrier?


## Revision: Probability

## Choose one level to complete

Level 1:

## Probability: Letter Tiles

The letters tiles pictured to the right are placed in a bag. Without looking, Zachary draws them from the bag one at a time. Each time he draws one, he writes down the letter and places it back in the bag.
 $\infty$
E
A

C

1. What is the probability that Zack will draw the letter T from the bag?
2. What is the probability that Zack will draw the letter A from the bag? $\qquad$
3. What is the probability that Zack will draw a vowel from the bag? $\qquad$
4. Is Zack more likely to draw a vowel or a consonant from the bag? $\qquad$
5. What is the probability of Zack drawing one of the letters found in the word cat?
6. What is the probability of Zack drawing one of the letters found in the word seat?
7. What is the probability of Zack drawing one of the letters found in the word cheat?
8. What is the probability of Zack drawing a letter that is not found in the word sauce?

## Probabalicy @ut

Answer the questions below regarding each probability question.

1. In the word "BANANA", what is the letter that would most likely be picked at random?
2. A box contains 9 red marbles, 12 blue marbles, 13 green marbles and 6 white marbles. What is the probability of taking out a red marble?
$\qquad$
3. If you chose a number at random below, what is the probability of picking an even number?

$$
3,12,15,9,5,14,21,17
$$

4. What is the probability of picking an odd number from the list of numbers below?

$$
46,44,8,22,14,12,3,7
$$

5. What is the probability of choosing the letter "O" in SCHOOL?
6. There are II oranges, 6 apples, 9 bananas, and 13 peaches on the table. What is the probability of picking an orange?

## Probability Models

A probability model can help you represent a chance event and all of its possible outcomes.

To create a probability model, first identify all possible outcomes. This is called the sample space. The sample space for this spinner includes green, blue, red, and yellow. So, there are 4 possible outcomes.

Then, find the probability of each outcome. The four regions of the spinner are the same size, so each color has an equal chance.


## Probability Model

What is the sample space?
$S=$ (green, blue, red, yellow\}

What is the probability of each outcome in the sample space?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
P(\text { green })=\frac{1}{4} & P(\text { red })=\frac{1}{4} \\
P(\text { blue })=\frac{1}{4} & P(\text { yellow })=\frac{1}{4}
\end{array}
$$

You can use probability models to make predictions. If you spin the spinner 100 times, how many times would you expect it to land on yellow?

$$
\begin{aligned}
\frac{x}{100} & =\frac{1}{4} \quad \begin{array}{ll}
\text { Since } P(\text { yellow })=\frac{1}{4}, \text { you would expect } \frac{1}{4} \text { of the spins to land on yellow. Set } \\
\text { up a proportion showing that the ratio of yellow spins to total spins equals } \frac{1}{4}
\end{array} \\
\frac{x}{100} \cdot 100 & =\frac{1}{4} \cdot 100
\end{aligned} \quad \begin{array}{ll}
\text { Multiply both sides by } 100 .
\end{array}
$$

Try it! Create a probability model for the event. Then use your model to make a prediction.

1. Alondra is choosing a card from this three-card set.

| What is the sample space? | What is the probability of each outcome in the <br> sample space? |
| :--- | :--- |

If Alondra chooses a card and replaces it 36 times, what is the best prediction for the number of times she will draw a 2 ? $\qquad$ times

## 

Keep going! Create a probability model for each event. Then use your models to make predictions.
2. Harvey is flipping a coin.

| What is the sample space? | What is the probability of each outcome in the <br> sample space? |
| :--- | :--- |



If Harvey flips the coin 36 times, what is the best prediction for the number of times the coin will land on tails? $\qquad$ fimes
3. Lina is rolling a six-sided die.

| What is the sample space? | What is the probability of each outcome in the <br> sample space? |
| :--- | :--- |



If Lina rolls 24 times, what is the best prediction for the number of times she will roll a 5 ? $\qquad$ times
4. In this lucky winner spinner, the player wins a giant stuffed animal if the spinner lands on black.


If 35 players each spin once, what is the best prediction for the number of players who do not win a stuffed animal? $\qquad$ players

## You got it! Make predictions. Use your understanding of probability models to help!

5. If you roll a twelve-sided die 24 times, what is the best prediction for the number of times you will roll an 8 ?
6. You select a tile from the bag without looking and then put it back. If you repeat this process 48 times, what is the best prediction for the number of times you will select a tile that is not H ?
 players

## WEDNESDAY - Wellbeing Time <br> Use this time to focus on your wellbeing.



WELLBEING


Choose an activity from the ideas below or think of something that you enjoy doing.
Try to choose an activity that is away from the screen to give your eyes a rest.
Optional: share your choice of wellbeing with a post on Seesaw!


Quick draw!
Set a 1 minute timer, draw a quick doodle and see if the other person can guess what it is before the time is up.

## 12 <br> Can you create a story bag?

 Find a bag and collect items to go in it that relate to a well known story. If you can't find an item, you could draw a picture to include.13
List making!
Write a list of things that make you happy, things you're grateful for or things you are good at.


13How many different words can you make from the letters in this sentence?


## 13 Word search fun!

Create your own word search using words on the topic of food or cooking, then ask someone to complete it.

Write a silly sentence that includes all of these words... BANANA, CURTAIN, DOLPHIN, SNOW and BALLOON. Now think of your own words and write some more!
and label how it would look.

## 12 <br> Imagine you need to

 make a cake for a special event. It needs to have 5 layers of different flavours. Design11
Start a food journal. Write down your favourite meals, ingredients and recipes.
Are you eating healthily enough?


Ping pong story telling! Write the opening sentence to a story, then someone else writes the next line. Then it's your turn again! Keep alternating until you have a full story.
14 Design and make an obstacle course at home or in the garden. How fast can you complete it?


## 15 <br> Guess the character!

Think of a character from a book, write it down so no-one can see. Have others ask you questions to try and guess which character you chose.

15 If you had your own restaurant, what would it be like? Would it have a theme? Make a model of it using things you find around the house.


| Spreading Kindness and Appreciation Choose Your Own Adventure Grid |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Create a rainbow of kindness. Complete activities from the grid below to add to your rainbow of kindness on the next page. |  |  |
| While you are on your walk, collect three pieces of rubbish. | Help make a meal at home. | Find something you don't play with often and see if you can find a new use for it. |
| Clean your room without being asked. | Make a thank you card for a family member, | Plant something in your garden. |
| Offer to do a job around the house. | Read to someone or a pet. | Design a 'Be Kind' tattoo or sticker. |
| Make a list of kindness synonyms. | Make a kindness collage. | Share an encouraging song with others. |
| Describe something kind you have done this week. | Make a joke book and share the jokes with others. | Make a healthy fruit salad and share it with your family. |
| What is kindness? Write or draw pictures to show what kindness means. | Use chalk to write a kindness message on your driveway. | Make a list of 10 random acts of kindness anyone could do. |
| Create a poster with a kindness quote. symbol or image. | Draw a picture and write a letter to someone in a nursing home to brighten their day. | Write a play with a kindness theme, message or moral. |
| Spend at least thirty minutes doing something you enjoy doing. | Write a letter to an essential services person detailing your appreciation for their efforts. | Create an advertisement for kindness. It could be a poster or TV advertisement. |
| Write an acrostic poem using the letters of the word kindness. | List five ways kindness is like chocolate. | Compose a song about kindness. |
| Think about someone you know who is kind. What makes them kind? Draw and write about them. | Draw, paint or create something special and give it to someone to show your appreciation of them. | Make a card using words of encouragement and kindness to show your appreciation of someone who deserves it. |
| Research examples of people who have demonstrated kindness to make our world a better place. Write an information report about them. | Find a book or movie with a kindness theme and write a review of it. | Make a Venn diagram to compare the similarities and differences between the meaning of the words 'kindness' and 'appreciation'. |



- Practise your spelling words and write them 5 times in different colours.

Remember to look, say, cover, write, check and correct each word.

## literacy

$\Leftrightarrow$ Say

## Cover

- Optional: Choose one activity to complete in the space below

| My Words | Practise |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |
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| Spelling Fitness <br> Practise your spelling <br> words whilst completing <br> some physical activity e.g. <br> bouncing a ball, hula <br> hooping, skipping. | Working Out Words <br> Group your spelling words <br> into noun, adjectives, <br> verbs, adverbs. |
| :---: | :---: |

- Optional: In preparation for tomorrow's spelling test, ask a family member to test you.
- Read one chapter of a book that you have at home. This activity can be completed at any time of the day.
- Grammar $\rightarrow$ We are learning about noun groups! Complete these two activities

Packing in Meaning with Noun Groups - Worksheet

Name: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

## Packing in Meaning with Noun Groups

A noun group is a group of words built around a noun (head word). A noun group gives us more information about a person, place, thing or idea. Using noun groups helps us to communicate a lot of information quickly.
Look at the example below.


There is a frog in the pond.
There is a green frog in the pond.
There is a speckled green frog in the pond.
There is a small, speckled green frog in the pond.

1. Use adjectives (descriptors) to create a noun group by filling in the blanks in the sentences below.


The truck is on the road.
The red truck is on the road.
The $\qquad$ red truck is on the road.

The $\qquad$
$\qquad$ red truck is on the road.
2. Expand the noun (head word) in these phrases to create a noun group.
a) the $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ car
b) the $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ dog

Name: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$
c) the $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ girl
d) $a$ $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ hat
e) a $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ giraffe
3. Choose a noun group from Question 2 and use it in a sentence.
4. Underline the noun groups in the sentences below.
a) The bright, white full moon shone in the sky.
b) A huge, fierce brown dog barked.
c) Two red spotty frogs jumped onto the lily pad.
d) The friendly, tired old man sat on the bench.
e) A large modern brick house is being built.
5. Choose three nouns (head words) from the box below. Write three sentences that each contain a noun group with your chosen nouns as the head word.

| rocket <br> bus | flower | teacher | town |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| school | city | restaurant |  |

1. $\qquad$
2. $\qquad$
3. $\qquad$
Optional

Time Travelling Verbs!

All the verbs on the board have been written in the present tense. Can you make them travel in time to be in the past tense?
Roll the dice to see how many spaces you can move. Read out the word you land on and then say the word in the past tense. If you get the answer wrong, move back to where you were before you rolled.
Race to the finish and see how many words you can get right!


## Enrichment Activity: Let's go on a holiday!

You are going to plan a dream holiday for you and a friend (2 people).

First... decide on a destination. You could choose one of the places below, or research another country!

I want to go to...

| Cairo, Egypt | Paris, France |
| :--- | :--- |
| Buenos Aires, Argentina | Brasilia, Brazil |
| Reykjavik, Iceland | Tokyo, Japan |
| Ankara, Turkey | Taipei, Taiwan |

The country I am going to is $\qquad$
Next, go to Google Flights by scanning the QR code or following the link below.
https://www.google.com/trovel/flights

1. Find out how much it will cost to fly (round-trip) from Sydney, Australia (Kingsford Smith International Airport) to your city. Your holiday will be during the school holidays (Monday 20th September, 2021 to Monday 27th September, 2021).

2. Find the cost for two plane tickets and write the total on the chart.

Extension: Calculate the distance of your trip in kilometres, then convert the distance to metres. Compare the distance of your trip to other countries.
3. Then, find a hotel to stay at for 7 nights. It's your dream vacation, so pick a place that looks nice! You can find a hotel at https://www.tripadvisor.com.au/ Extension: Compare two or more hotels with the hotel you have chosen. What is the difference in price?
4. On tripadvisor, click "Things to Do".

What sounds fun to do in the city? Pick1-3 activities that you would love to do. (Make sure to get the cost for 2 tickets!)
Extension: Find some restaurants to eat at for part of the trip. Calculate the total cost of a meal you would have.

After you have all the costs in the chart, find the total. How much is your dream vacation going to cost?
$\$$ $\qquad$

Still itching for more?
Extension activities
$\square$ Pretend you are a travel agent. Create a brochure advertising your trip.Create a postcard to send from your fovourite destination.
$\square$ Calculate the currency conversion between \$ AUD and your chosen country.

|  | Cost |
| :--- | :--- |
| Plane tickets for 2 people |  |
| Hotel for 7 nights |  |
| Activity 1 |  |
| Activity 2 |  |
| Activity 3 |  |
| Total |  |

## Extension:

- Distance of your trip in kilometres $\qquad$
- Distance of your trip in metres

| Hotel | Price | Difference in price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| My chosen hotel |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

- Restaurant $\qquad$
- Meol
- Cost
\$


## THURSDAY - Mathematics <br> Minute Maths



Solve the problems by filling in the empty boxes.



A picture graph must have a title, symbols, labels and key to be complete.
title Colours of Teachers' Cars


๑ = 5 cars key

We use tally marks to collect data quickly and record it in tables before using it to create graphs to display our findings in a clear and easy to read way.
(atal

## Farmers Market

Help the farmer record how many vegetables he grew in the table below. First count how many of each type of vegetable he has and mark it in the table. Then write it in number form. Finally, answer the questions.


| Type of vegetable |  | Tally marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number |  |
|  | Tomato |  |
|  | Bell pepper |  |
|  | Onion |  |

Use the data from the table to create a picture graph.
Title: $\qquad$ Key: $\qquad$

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

A column graph must have a title, 2 axes, labels and bars.


Tally the totals in the chart below and create a column graph:

|  | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mars | 5 | 3 | 3 | 4 |  |
| Twix | 8 | 2 | 2 | 5 |  |
| Galaxy | 5 | 8 | 5 | 3 |  |
| Milky Way | 5 | 3 | 2 | 2 |  |
| Bounty | 4 | 2 | 5 | 0 |  |
| Lion | 6 | 3 | 4 | 1 |  |
| Snickers | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |  |

2. Now draw a bar chart to show these results.

Chocolate Bars Sold Over Four Days.


## Interpreting Double Bar Graphs

Use the bar graph to answer the questions.
Preferred Activities of Kids in the City and Country


1. How many students, in total, participated in the survey? $\qquad$
2. What is the most popular after school activity for city kids? $\qquad$
For country kids? $\qquad$
3. How many more total kids favor playing on electronic devices over reading? $\qquad$
4. In the graph, each horizontal line makes the bar taller by one vote. If each line represented 10 students' votes, how would that change the graph? $\qquad$
5. If you were going to do a follow-up survey, what question might you ask to get more information about favorite after school activties?
6. Write two conclusions you can make from this graph.
a. $\qquad$
b. $\qquad$


## Line Graphs: Zoom Lesson 11:30am till 12pm

## Success Criteria:

I can represent multiple sets of data over a period.



A line graph must have a title, 2 axes, labels, points and a line.
${ }_{\text {title }} \longrightarrow$ Yearly Bike Sales


| Team | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Title:


# THURSDAY - PDHPE 

## Lesson 10 - All Systems Go!

Well done Stage 2 you have finished the "All Systems Go" Unit. Now its time to test your knowledge. Answer the questions below:

## Activity 1 - Quiz

1. What do our bodies need to stay healthy? Circle the correct answers.

- Fizzy drinks
- Sleep
- Oxygen
- Physical activity
- Nutrients
- Caffeine
- water
- unhealthy food

2. What are the benefits of eating healthy food?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. The Australian Guide to healthy eating lists 5 Food Groups. Write these down below.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
4. The role of the Circulatory system is to pump blood around the body? Circle the correct answer.
True or False
5. What are muscles attached to?
6. Match the 5 senses of the body to their organs. Draw a line connecting these together.

| Taste | eyes |
| :--- | :--- |
| Smell | nose |
| Hearing | ears |
| Touch | skin |
| Sight | mouth |

7. We breathe in Oxygen and we breathe out Carbon Dioxide? Circle the correct answer.
True or False
8. What does the CNS Stand for?
A. Colourful New System
B. Central Nervous System
C. Cranky Nervous System
9. Name two muscles in the human body?
10. The Cranium is the bone that protects the brain. Another name for this bone is? Circle the correct answer

$$
\underset{\text { Skull }}{\stackrel{\text { Pelvis }}{2}} \stackrel{\text { Phalanges }}{\text { PICK }}
$$

Which one of these represents the respiratory system?

11.

12. Fill in the Passage below by using the words from the word bank.

The respiratory system supplies the with and removes $\qquad$ . Air enters the lungs through the $\qquad$ and the $\qquad$ -

## WORD BANK

bronchi carbon dioxide trachea blood oxygen
13. Circle the correct answer below. What healthy living advice applies to the circulatory system?

You're almost donel What healthy living advice shown applies to the circulatory system?

14.

15. Fill in the passage below by using words from the word bank.

The nervous system $\qquad$ how we think, feel and act. The is the pathway for $\qquad$ between the $\qquad$ and in the body.
$\qquad$
$\square$

## Please mark your answers

1. Sleep, Oxygen, physical activity, nutrients, water
2. Building strong bones, Protecting the heart, Preventing disease \& Boosting mood
3. Grains, Fruits, Vegetables, Protein and Diary
4. True
5. Bones
6. Taste $=$ mouth, sight $=$ eyes, smell=nose, touch $=$ skin, hearing $=$ ears
7. True
8. $\mathrm{B}=$ Central Nervous System
9. Examples include Biceps, triceps, Quadriceps, hamstrings, abdominals, obliques, calf, glutes etc.
10. Skull
11. Third picture on first row should be circled
12. Blood, oxygen, carbon dioxide, trachea, bronchi
13. Be physically active for a total of 60 mins throughout the day
14. First picture on $2^{\text {nd }}$ row of the brain
15. Controls, spinal cord, messages, brain, nerves.

## Activity 2 - PE Activity

Watch the video for a challenging bodyweight Tabata workout with Mrs Deck.
Make sure you have a safe space to exercise, enclosed appropriate footwear and a drink bottle.

## https://youtu.be/ewMo-I9jeGc



## FRIDAY - English <br> Spelling

- Ask a family member to test you on your spelling words. Don't forget to mark your attempts and work out your score.

| My Words | Mark |
| :---: | :---: |
| apear | x |
| keep | $\sqrt{ }$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
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|  |  |
|  |  |

Score: $\qquad$ / $\qquad$


- Complete the Extension Word Find-a-Word. Words are taken from the Year 3 and Year 4 Extension Lists.


## Word Search



Find the following words in the puzzle.
Words are hidden $\uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow$ and $\searrow$

| AMUSE | MANUFACTURE | REUNION | USUALLY | YONDER |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| AMUSEMENT | NEPHEW | SOLUBLE | VALUABLE | YOUNGISH |
| ARGUMENT | NEUTRAL | UNIQUE | YACHT | YOUNGSTER |
| CURIOSITY | OPINION | UNITED | YEARLING | YOURSELVES |
| EUCALYPTUS | OPPORTUNITY | UNIVERSAL | YEAST | YOUTH |
| FAILURE | POPULATION | UNIVERSE | YESTERYEAR |  |
| HUMAN | REBELLION | UNIVERSITY | YIELD |  |
| HUMOROUS | RESCUE | USABLE | YOGHURT |  |

## Challenge

The following sets of letters are in alphabetical order. Write the missing letters on the first line. Unjumble them to make a List Word on the second line.
ef__h_jk|m_opqr_t__vwxyz
$c d e f \_h i j k \mid m \_$_pqrst__vwx_z
b__defgh_jkl_nopqr_t__vwxyz
$a b \_d \_f g h i j k \mid \_n \_-q \_s \_\_v w x y z$

## Challenge

Find as many compound words as you can in this string of words. Use your dictionary. 11-excellent, 9-very good, 7-good.
eggplantbackyardstickybeakyearbookcaseyellowcakeyourselfuselessviewpointless
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Reading

- Read one chapter of a book that you have at home. This activity can be completed at any time of the day.
- Grammar $\rightarrow$ We are learning about noun groups! Complete the activity below.

Nouns and Things - Worksheet

Name: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

## Nouns and Things

Often, the word 'thing' can make your writing dull and generic. Choosing better nouns could make your writing more specific. Below, think of three words that could match each of the following descriptions.

A mode of transport to get to school: $\qquad$
A way of getting up a tall building: $\qquad$
A type of food we like to eat: $\qquad$
An item you like to play with: $\qquad$
Utensils you can use to create art: $\qquad$
An item you could use on a body of water: $\qquad$
A way to stick two items together: $\qquad$
Something you could look after: $\qquad$
An item you could give a friend: $\qquad$
An item you could put on your body: $\qquad$

Use 10 of the words you have come up with (one from each category) and write a paragraph that includes every word.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

## Common Nouns in Your House

List the common nouns that are in your house from A to Z .

| A |  | N |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| B |  | O |  |
| C |  | P |  |
| D |  | Q |  |
| E |  | R |  |
| F |  | S |  |
| G |  | U |  |
| H |  | V |  |
| I |  | W |  |
| J |  | Y |  |
| K |  |  |  |
| L |  |  |  |

## FRIDAY－Mathematics

## Minute Maths

## 7 Times Table Activities

Count in 7s and colour in the grid：

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 |
| 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 |
| 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 |
| 49 | 50 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 |
| 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 | 71 | 72 |
| 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 | 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 |
| 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 89 | 90 | 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 |
| 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 | 101 | 102 | 103 | 104 | 105 | 106 | 107 | 108 |
| 109 | 110 | 111 | 112 | 113 | 114 | 115 | 116 | 117 | 118 | 119 | 120 |
| 121 | 122 | 123 | 124 | 125 | 126 | 127 | 128 | 129 | 130 | 131 | 132 |
| 133 | 134 | 135 | 136 | 137 | 138 | 139 | 140 | 141 | 142 | 143 | 144 |

Work out these answers：
a） $2 \times 7=$
d） $12 \times 7=$
b） $10 \times 7=$
e） $7 \times 7=$
c） $5 \times 7=$ $\qquad$ f） $9 \times 7=$
$\qquad$
How many blocks are there？
a） $\qquad$
日日昌昌 $x$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$
b）皕百 8夏是昌
$\qquad$ x $\qquad$ ＝ $\qquad$
c）

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 昌 } \\
& \text { 最 } \\
& \text { 百 } \\
& \text { 百 } \\
& 8
\end{aligned}
$$

$\qquad$ x $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$

## Colour by Multiplication



-


Level 2:



## MathSphere Sudoku



Fill in the puzzle so that every row across, every column down and every 3 by 2 by box contains the numbers 1 to 6 .

Easier puzzle 206 by 6 Puzzle


## Zoom Lesson 11:30am till 12pm

Maths Mentals - 24
House Spirit Week Challenge
It would help to have a calculator for this lesson
The task will be explained during the Zoom


$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Sturt } \\
\text { Macquarie } \\
\text { Phillip } \\
\text { Flinders }
\end{gathered}
$$

## FRIDAY - FUNDAY!



Put on your favourite music and spend the afternoon completing some fun activities

You may also like to do some of these activities in the holidays!

## Other ideas....

create your own code breaker
invent a new game

create an obstacle course and time yourself completing it
help someone with a job around the house


Hands on Activities!

Nature Shadow Art


Marble Run



Stick Painting


Chalk Art



## Simon Says Drawing How to Play:

1. Give everyone paper and pencils/crayons/markers/pens to play with. 2. One person will be "Simon" and will be responsible for giving out the directions for drawing.
2. Simon gives out directions by saying "Simon Says + direction". For example - Simon Says draw a large circle.
3. All players will draw what has been instructed.

Beware if Simon does not say Simon Says!


Minute it to win it!
Challenge your family to complete challenges in under a minute. Here are some ideas or create your own!


Sudoku $4 \times 4$ Puzzles
Each row and column contains all the digits 1 to 4 ．

| $m$ |  | - |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  | $N$ |
|  | $-r$ |  |  |
| $J$ | $m$ | $N$ |  |


|  |  |  | $ナ$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | M | - |  |
|  | - |  |  |
|  | $ナ$ |  | - |


|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | -1 |  | $m$ |
|  | $ナ$ | -1 |  |
|  | $N$ |  | $ナ$ |

## Cryptic Coding

Colour in the grid below to create a maze. Ask a friend to write code that will allow them to escape from the maze.

Rangoli Colour by Multiplication
Solve the multiplication calculations and colour each shape using the correct colour.

| $0-10$ | Pink |
| :--- | :--- |
| $11-20$ | Orange |
| $21-30$ | Yellow |
| $31-40$ | Light Green |
| $41-50$ | Purple |
| $51-60$ | Blue |
| $61-70$ | Dark Green |





Here are some links to activities to give your brain a break and move your body!

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-uKEuikMrRo


## Mathematics Answers

## Monday

Often you will hear people using chance words in everyday conversation.
For example, on the news you might hear that there is a good chance of rain
tomorrow. Or a friend might say to you there is a slim chance that they will make it to your party.
What do these chance words actually mean? Where do they fit on the chance arrow? Look at the words in the ovals below and connect them to where you think they should go on the chance arrow. The first one has been done for you.


Read each statement and circle the chance of it happening:

| Event | Chance |
| :--- | :--- |
| It will rain sometime this month. | impossible / unlikely / likely/ certain |
| Thursday will come after Wednesday. | impossible / unlikely / likely / certain |
| A tiger will be serving at the canteen. | impossible/ unlikely / likely / certain |
| Every student in our class likes broccoli. | impossible / unlikely/ likely / certain |

(5) Look at this bag of counters. Connect each colour to the chance arrow that you think best describes the chance of

(6) Look at these shopping bags of fruit. Select the best chance word for each shopping bag:
a The fruit I pick will be a banana.

impossible / unlikely / ilikely


7 Ten pieces of fruit are placed into this basket. Inside the basket is a mixture of bananas, oranges and apples. Circle the fruit that is inside the basket if a banana is most likely to be chosen without looking.


Tuesday


| Picking a blue marble | Picking a red marble | Picking a green marble |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Picking a red marble | Picking a blue marble | Picking a red marble |
| Picking a green marble | Picking a blue marble | Picking a green marble |


$\qquad$ Page 1

## \section*{ANSWERKEY} <br> Probability Models

A probability model can help you represent a chance event and all of its possible outcomes.
To create a probability model, first identify all possible outcomes. This is called the sample space. The sample space for this spinner includes green, blue, red, and yellow. So, there are 4 possible outcomes.

Then, find the probability of each outcome. The four regions of the spinner are the same size, so each color has an equal chance.


| Probability Model |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| What is the sample space? | What is the probability of each outcome in the sample space? |  |
| $S=$ (green, blue, red, yellow) | $P($ green $)=\frac{1}{4}$ |  |$\quad P($ red $)=\frac{1}{4}$|  |
| :--- |
|  |
|  |

You can use probability models to make predictions. If you spin the spinner 100 times, how many times would you expect it to land on yellow?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\frac{x}{100}=\frac{1}{4} & \begin{array}{l}
\text { Since } P \text { (yellow) }=\frac{1}{4}, \\
\text { up a proportion showing that the ratio of yellow spins to total spins equals } \frac{1}{4}
\end{array}
\end{array}
$$

$$
\frac{x}{100} \cdot 100=\frac{1}{4} \cdot 100 \quad \text { Multiply both sides by } 100 .
$$

$x=25 \quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Simplify. So, you can predict that the spinner will land on yellow about } 25 \\ & \text { times out of } 100 \text { spins. }\end{aligned}$

Try itt Create a probability model for the event. Then use your model to make a prediction

1. Alondra is choosing a card from this three-card set.
$\left.\begin{array}{|c|l|}\hline \text { What is the sample space? } & \begin{array}{l}\text { What is the probability of each outcome in the } \\ \text { sample space? } \\ \{2.4 .8\}\end{array} \\ P(2)=\frac{1}{3} \quad P(4)=\frac{1}{3} \quad P(8)=\frac{1}{3}\end{array}\right\}$

If Alondra chooses a card and replaces it 36 times, what is the best prediction for the number of times she will draw a 2?

## ANSWER KEY <br> Date

## Probability Models <br> Keep going! Create a probability model for each event. Then use your models to make predictions.

 2. Harvey is flipping a coin.| What is the sample space? <br> \{head, tails\} | What is the probability of each outcome in the <br> sample space? <br> $P(h e o d s) ~$$=\frac{1}{2} \quad P($ tails $)=\frac{1}{2}$ |
| :--- | :--- |

If Harvey flips the coin 36 times, what is the best prediction for
the number of times the coin will land on tails?
3. Lina is rolling a six-sided die.

| What is the sample space? | What is the probability of each outcome in the <br> sample space? |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\{1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ | $P(1)=\frac{1}{6} P(2)=\frac{1}{6} P(3)=\frac{1}{6} P(4)=\frac{1}{6} P(5)=\frac{1}{6} P(6)=\frac{1}{6}$ |



If Lina rolls 24 times, what is the best prediction for the number
of times she will roll a 5 ?
4 times
4. In this lucky winner spinner, the player wins a giant stuffed animal if the spinner lands on black

| What is the sample space? | $\begin{array}{l}\text { What is the probability of each outcome in the } \\ \text { sample space? } \\ \text { P(black) }=\frac{1}{7}\end{array} \quad P($ white $)=\frac{6}{7}$ |
| :--- | :--- |

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { \{black, white\} }\end{array}$

If 35 players each spin once, what is the best prediction for
the number of players who do not win a stuffed animal? 30 players
You got it! Make predictions. Use your understanding of probability models to help!
5. If you roll a twelve-sided die 24 times, what is the best prediction for the number of times you will roll an 8? 2
6. You select a tile from the bag without looking and then put it back. If you repeat this process 48 times, what is the best prediction for the number of times you will select a tile that is not H ? 30

## Thursday

Level 1:

## Answers will vary

Level 2:
Chocolate Bars Bar Chart Answers

1. Here is a table of the chocolate bars sold to customers in a shop over 4 days:

|  | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mars | 5 | 3 | 3 | 4 | $\mathbf{1 5}$ |
| Twix | 8 | 2 | 2 | 5 | $\mathbf{1 7}$ |
| Galaxy | 5 | 8 | 5 | 3 | $\mathbf{2 1}$ |
| Milky Way | 5 | 3 | 2 | 2 | $\mathbf{1 2}$ |
| Bounty | 4 | 2 | 5 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 1}$ |
| Lion | 6 | 3 | 4 | 1 | $\mathbf{1 4}$ |
| Snickers | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | $\mathbf{6}$ |

2. Now draw a bar chart to show these results.


Level 3:

Interpreting Double Bar Graphs
Use the bar graph to answer the questions.


## Friday



REMEMBER THE DE－CODER：

| A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J | K | L | M |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| N | 0 | P | Q | R | S | T | U | V | W | X | Y | Z |
| 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 |

If you replace the numbers with letters then you get：

| I |  | A | M |  | B | R | I | L | L | 1 | A | N | T |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 |  | 1 | 13 |  | 2 | 18 | 9 | 12 | 12 | 9 | 1 | 14 | 20 |
| A T |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A | T | M | A | T | H | S |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 20 | 13 | 1 | 20 | 8 | 19 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Of course you are！Pretty obvious eh！
You can make your own code up in the same way－have a go！
a

## Puzzle time

Code breaker


## Level 2：

Puzzle time

Tricky twenty triangle－answer


－evel 3：

| 0 | O） | N | $\omega$ | $\rightarrow$ | － |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\omega$ | N | $\wedge$ | $\rightarrow$ | の | $\cdots$ |
| $\wedge$ | $\rightarrow$ | O | $\checkmark$ | $\omega$ | N |
| $\rightarrow$ | $\cdots$ | $\omega$ | － | N | の |
| O | $\omega$ | $\cdots$ | N | $\wedge$ | $\square$ |
| N | － | $\rightarrow$ | の | $\cdots$ | $\omega$ |

Jomsue ojzznd 9 Kq 9 0Z opzznd Jo！seヨ


$$
\frac{\text { nत्रopnS }}{\text { oxəपd्SपłeW }}
$$



## Sheet B

## Sheet A

1. Why did the turtle eat the echidna's baby? Tick one.

O The echidna was taking too long
O He was upset that the echidna left him behind.
(6) He was getting very hungry.
2. Number the events below to show the order in which they happened in the story

| $\mathbf{3}$ | The echidna and the turtle began fighting. |
| :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | The turtle stayed at home. |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | The echidna threw stones at the turtle. |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | The turtle ate the baby echidna. |

3. What did the stones do straight after the echidna threw them? Tick one.

O They turned into a hard shell.
O The turtle grew a shell.
( They got stuck to the back of the turtle's back.
4. What word describes how the echidna felt when she found out the turtle ate her baby? Tick one.
O angry
O sorry
(a) stunned
5. Why did the echidna leave her baby with the turtle?

The echidna left her baby with the turtle because they had no food left. She had to go out to hunt and she didn't want her baby to come because it could have been dangerous.
6. Find and copy the sentence that shows the turtle was impatient. Accept "I could not wait any longer," only.
7. At the end of the story, why did the echidna and the turtle decide to live in different places?
Children's own responses, such as: The two animals went to live separately because of the fighting that had occurred. The echidna didn't want to live near the turtle because the turtle ate her baby. They didn't trust each other, and they thought it would be best to live in different areas.

1. Why did the echidna leave her baby and the turtle? Tick one.

O She thought it would be too dangerous for them to go hunting.
(6) She had to go hunting for food.

O She didn't like them very much.
2. Number the events below to show the order in which they happened in the story.

| $\mathbf{4}$ | The echidna went to search for stones. |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | The baby echidna was eaten. |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | The echidna left her baby. |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | The echidna went to hunt for food. |

3. Fill in the missing words to complete this sentence. After a long period of conflict, the two creatures finally ended their dispute.
4. 'He became so ravenous that he began to behave in a strange manner...' In this sentence, what does the word ravenous mean?
Accept an answer that describes 'ravenous' as hungry.
5. Find and copy a verb in the fourth paragraph which means to think. Accept 'to ponder' only.
6. At the end of the story, why did the echidna and the turtle separate from one another? Children's own responses, such as: The two animals went to live separately because of the fighting that had occurred. The echidna didn't want to live near the turtle because the turtle ate her baby. They didn't trust each other, and they thought it would be best to live in different areas.
7. How are the two animals portrayed in this story? Children's own responses, such as: The echidna is a leader because she takes on the responsibility to go out into the billabong to hunt for food for both the turtle and her baby. The turtle, because he ate the echidna's baby can be seen as selfish. Both the turtle and the echidna would have been hungry; however, he was the one who did the wrong thing.
8. In your opinion, why did the turtle 'sense that he would need to act rapidly'? Children's own responses: The turtle had just told the echidna that he had eaten her baby. As she was going to gather some stones, he probably sensed that she was going to take her revenge. He would need to act rapidly to defend himself.
9. What is the moral of this Dreaming story?

Children's own responses, such as: There are always going to be reactions to any action that you choose to do. There will always be consequences for your actions. Even though you apologise for something that you have done wrong, this doesn't mean that you will be forgiven.

## Epic Editing Sheet A

## Text 1 - The Beach

Tess wondered what they would do at the beach today. They could make sandcastles and swim. Maybe they could play beach cricket with Ryan and his family. Ryan was camping nearby. He always knew how to have fun!

## Sheet B

## Text 2 - Sea Jellies

What animals have no blood, brain, backbone, eyes, arms or legs, and don't even breathe? Sea jellies!

Sea jellies are invertebrates, which means they lack a backbone. Their skin is so thin that oxygen passes to it from the water, so they don't need to breathe or have blood or nerves. Their bodies may be clear, orange, red, pink or blue. Some species are tiny and near invisible, but others grow huge. The tentacles on a lion's mane sea jelly can grow up to 27 metres - that's longer than a bus!

