NAME: _____



Learning from Home

Unit: 6
Stage 1
Year 1 and Year 2



Term 3 Week 6 2021

Websites for Learning

- TNPS website: https://turramurrn-p.schools.nsw.gov.au where our learning From Home Packages are located.
- Department of Education *Learning from Home*: https://education.nsw.gov.au/teaching-and-learning/curriculum/learning-from-home
- Should you need to contact your child's teacher please use the following emails:

1W Marienne Galluzzomarienne.galluzzo@det.nsw.edu.au1F Nicole Fagannicole.fagan3@det.nsw.edu.au2M Mary Muldrewmary.barr2@det.nsw.edu.au2R Alex Attertonalexandra.redford1@det.nsw.edu.au

ENGLISH

- Story Box Library (username: tnps and password: tnps) www.storyboxlibrary.com.au
- Gubuluk by Anne Abednego https://education.abc.net.au/home !/media/1916098/gubuluk
- ABC Education. Mini Lesson- Writing an Explanation Text https://education.abc.net.au/home !/media/3552918/english-years-1-2-with-alex-writing-an-explanation-text
- ABC Education- Make Your Own Platypus Rhyme
 https://education.abc.net.au/res/i/q.php?url=collection/rhymes/?animal=platypus
 - Premier's Reading Challenge 2021 Book List. https://online.det.nsw.edu.au/prc/booklist/home.html
- The Day the Crayons Quit by Drew Daywalt http://www.viewpure.com/gPkrhlEoOJg?start=0&end=0
- Are We There Yet? By Alison Lester http://www.viewpure.com/KW-SAG1tdhg?start=0&end=0
- Rosie Revere, Engineer by Andrea Beaty http://www.viewpure.com/31eBdgnPsCo?start=0&end=0
- Storyline Online https://www.storylineonline.net/ videos featuring celebrated actors reading children's books
- The Literacy Shed https://www.literacyshed.com/
- Dance Mat Typing www.dancemattypingguide.com Typing training with levels for children

MATHEMATICS

- Mathletics https://www.mathletics.com/au/
- ABC Splash Mathematics activities for K-10 https://education.abc.net.au/home#!/resources/-/mathematics
- Base Ten Blocks https://www.coolmath4kids.com/manipulatives/base-ten-blocks
- Place Value Review https://www.coolmath4kids.com/math-help/addition/place-value-review
- Mathematics activities for K-10 https://nrich.maths.org/ with a focus on developing mathematical thinking
- https://education.nsw.gov.au/campaigns/mathematics/everyday-maths to develop everyday Maths skills

SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

- Sydney Science Trail https://www.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/Learn/Sydney-Science-Week
- National Science Week at Taronga Zoo https://taronga.org.au/education/national-science-week
- Little Scientist Free Virtual incursion https://events.humanitix.com/copy-of-national-science-week-virtual-incursion-with-little-scientists
- Cornflour Slime https://www.questacon.edu.au/outreach/programs/science-circus/videos/cornflour-slime
- Little Scientists Activities https://littlescientists.org.au/tag/national-science-week-2021/
- ABC Education- Pushing and Pulling Game https://www.scootle.edu.au/ec/viewing/L700/index.html
- Coding Activities for Kids https://code.org/
- https://thekidshouldseethis.com/ for Years 2-10. A collection of 4,300+ kid-friendly videos
- NASA Kids Club: https://www.nasa.gov/kidsclub/index.html
- Science for kids has some great experiments you could try at home. http://www.sciencekids.co.nz/

HSIE – HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY

- National Geographic Kids https://www.natgeokids.com/au/category/kids-club/
- Virtual Zoo Lessons https://taronga.org.au/education/digital-programs-online-resources/virtual-zoo-lessons

CREATIVE ARTS

- Dance exploration https://www.gonoodle.com/
- Drama Activities https://www.teachstarter.com/au/blog/drama-games-lesson-ideas-activities-for-kids-k-3/
- Art Hub for Kids has some great directed drawing videos. https://www.artforkidshub.com/
- Just Dance has great videos that children can copy and move and groove to. Great opportunity for parents to join in. https://www.youtube.com/channel/UChljW4BWKLqpojTrS_tX0mg

PERSONAL DEVELOPMENT / HEALTH / PHYSICAL EDUCATION

- 000 Hero http://kids.triplezero.gov.au/ for K-2 children. An interactive game that promotes safety messages and how to act in an emergency.
- Cosmic Yoga has great creative yoga videos that are easy for children to follow. https://www.youtube.com/user/CosmicKidsYoga



1F Zoom Classes WEEK 6 TERM 3 2021

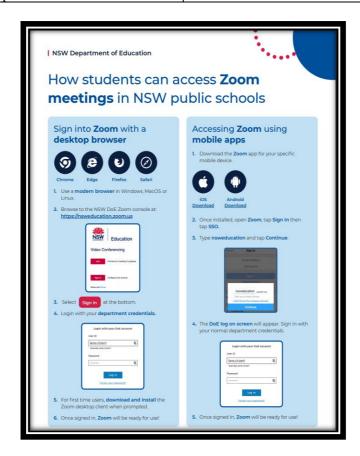
The Zoom meeting ID and passwords for this week are:

| Class | Zoom Meeting ID | | Zoom Meeting Password | | |
|-------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------------|--------------|--|
| 1F | Morning am | Afternoon pm | Morning am | Afternoon pm | |
| | 695 1264 6680 | 615 8293 4607 | 584127 | 250094 | |

Each class will have a Zoom class in the morning and another, with different content, in the afternoon. Each session will be approximately 30-45 minutes as indicated. Students are expected to attend both the morning and afternoon session each day. The video conference room is like a classroom, and the same school behaviour and discipline policies apply to this environment. Students need to access Zoom via https://nsweducation.zoom.us/ and are required to use their **DoE student portal login** to gain access. **The DoE user ID and DoE password will be the same as last week.**

Monday 16 August, Tuesday 17 August, Wednesday 18 August, Thursday 19 August and Friday 20 August

| Time | Class |
|---------|-------------------|
| 9.30am | KK & KW & 5T & 6B |
| 10.30am | 1F & 1W & 2M & 2R |
| 11.30am | 3R & 3H & 4H |
| 12.15pm | KK & KW & 5T & 6B |
| 1.30pm | 1F & 1W & 2M & 2R |
| 2.15pm | 3R & 3H & 4H |



Week 6 Term 3 – Learning from Home Stage 1 Year 1 and 2

You may need help from a parent/carer and possibly resources from your teacher.

One activity has been selected for feedback. It is highlighted on the timetable.

| | Monday | | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Morning | Spelling Reading Writing ZOOM 10:30am | Spelling Reading Writing ZOOM 10:30am | Spelling Reading Writing ZOOM 10:30am | Spelling Reading Writing ZOOM 10:30am | Spelling Reading Writing ZOOM 10:30am |
| Break | Break | Break | Break | Break | Break |
| Middle | Mathematics | Mathematics | Mathematics | Mathematics | Mathematics |
| Break | Break Break | | Break | Break | Break |
| Afternoon | ZOOM 1:30pm Science | ZOOM 1:30pm Art | ZOOM 1:30pm Wellbeing | ZOOM 1:30pm PDHPE | ZOOM 1:30pm Music |

It's Science Week!

This week you will get to have fun learning about science experiments and completing some activities if you choose.

Over the page you will find some ideas that you might like to choose from, or you can think of your own creation.

Every afternoon in our ZOOM call, students will be sharing their science fun with the class.

We have made some daily tasks optional so you will have time to complete your science experiments.

These tasks are highlighted in green on the timetable.

K-2 Science Week - Food Different by Design Choose Your Own Adventure Grid

Week 6 is National Science Week. This year, the school theme for National Science Week is

'Food: Different by Design'. All activities in this week's K-2 grid are related to food

nformation book titled 'Healthy Design a book cover for an Food". Make a food alphabet book, 'Aa' apple, 'Bb' - banana, 'Cc' cucumber...

Construct a model of your favourite

ake a photo of your salad.

food. Write an information card to

put with your model.

Using adjectives, describe your lavourite food. Create a poster using these descriptive words.

Design the cereal box it will be sold

Create a new breakfast cereal.

chips, describe how you might get

If you were mining for chocolate

biscuit without breaking it. Write a

method for this task.

the chocolate chips out of the

Make a list of sweet, sour and bitter oods. Draw your favourites.

Design a salad that is all colours of

...

Create a food themed matching card game. Play it with your family. the rainbow. Write a recipe. Draw or

container using paints, tape, coloured Create your own decorative jar or paper and ribbon. Fill it with homemade goodies.

nvent a machine to make good healthy lunches at school.

pictures of herbivores and carnivores and compare their teeth. Create a carnivores and herbivores? Find What is the difference between mind map of the food they eat.



Experiment:

Choose a fun, interesting Science experiment to present during your Zoom class next week. Ensure you have all the materials needed for the experiment and can explain what is happening to your class as you do the experiment. The experiment might be food related or you could choose a different topic. IOP IIP: Have a run through to make sure the experiment works!















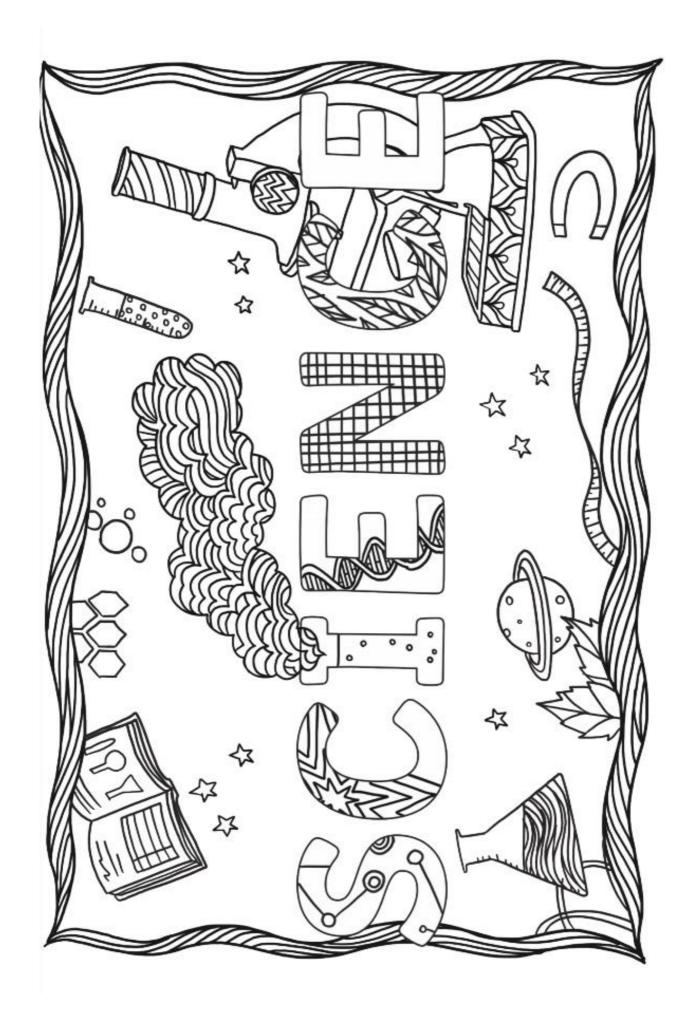












MONDAY - English

Spelling

 Ask a family member to pre-test you with the Week 6 spelling words. If a family member cannot help you, choose words that you find tricky to spell.

Year 1 students should choose 10 words from the spelling list to complete the daily activities.

Year 2 students should choose 12 – 15 words from the spelling list to complete the daily activities.

| Year 1 Week 6 Spelling Words | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|--------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| t # | | | | | | | |
| Como | tiger button | Theme | | | | | |
| Core | Extension | | | | | | |
| tree | button | Mercury | | | | | |
| try | crust | Venus | | | | | |
| trap | front | Earth | | | | | |
| truck | kitten | Mars | | | | | |
| went | plant | Jupiter | | | | | |
| want | pretty | Saturn | | | | | |
| tent | spent | Uranus | | | | | |
| bent | stairs | Neptune | | | | | |
| best | station | Demon | | | | | |
| lost | street | talon . | | | | | |
| last | television | tinge | | | | | |
| fast | terrible | torso | | | | | |
| | | tirade | | | | | |
| stay | toast | tremble | | | | | |
| start | tonight | trinket | | | | | |
| little | travel | timbre | | | | | |
| better | trust | taper | | | | | |
| | | torrential | | | | | |

| • |
|----|
| to |
| -e |
| |

| Year 2 Week 6 Spelling Words | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | t # | | | | | | | |
| 0.000 | tiger button | Th | | | | | | |
| Core | Extension | Theme | | | | | | |
| girl | burst | Mercury | | | | | | |
| bird | curly | Venus | | | | | | |
| third | curtain | Earth | | | | | | |
| thirty | furniture | Mars | | | | | | |
| circle | further | Jupiter | | | | | | |
| turn | journey | Saturn | | | | | | |
| burn | learn | Uranus | | | | | | |
| purse | observe | Neptune | | | | | | |
| nurse | pearl | Demon | | | | | | |
| early | person | talon | | | | | | |
| work | purple | tinge torso | | | | | | |
| word | return | torso tirade | | | | | | |
| worm | search | tremble | | | | | | |
| world | service | trinket | | | | | | |
| term | stirred | timbre | | | | | | |
| fern | surface | taper | | | | | | |
| were | Thursday | torrential | | | | | | |
| weren't | turkey | | | | | | | |
| herd | turtle | | | | | | | |
| heard | worse | | | | | | | |

Must do:

• Practise your spelling words each day.

Remember to look, say, cover, write, check and correct each word.











| Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday |
|--------|---------|-----------|----------|--------|
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Can do:

Skipping Spelling

Skip and spell one of your spelling words at the same time! With each jump, say the next letter in your spelling word. How many times can you spell your spelling word before you stop skipping?

Reading

Read the book "Do not lick this book" on

https://www.storyboxlibrary.com.au/stories/do-not-lick-this-book

Scan your QR Code to view the story.





Min is a microbe. She is small. Very small. In fact, so small that you'd need to look through a microscope to see her. Watch this story and follow Min on an adventure to amazing places she's never seen before - like the icy glaciers of your tooth or the twisted, tangled jungle that is your shirt.

This task starts on Monday and finishes on Friday. Be ready to make some scientific discoveries! You will need some family help to set up the experiment and somewhere special to keep your experiment safe.

You will need some equipment, but it can be found in the kitchen. Each day you will need to fill in the chart with your observations.

Germ Experiment

What you need:

- 5 Slices of bread
- 5 Zip lock bags
- Permanent marker
- Soap and water
- Hand sanitiser
- Glove or tongs
- Prepare your equipment.
- Prepare you bags by labelling each one with the following labels:
 - Untouched
 - Touched with unwashed hands
 - Touched with hands washed with water
 - Touched with hands washed with hand sanitiser
 - Touched with hands washed with soap and water for 20 seconds
- Wearing gloves (or using tongs), place one piece of bread in the bag labelled, 'untouched'.

- Touch a piece of bread with dirty hands and place it in the bag labelled, 'Touched with unwashed hands'.
- Wash your hands with water only before touching a piece of bread and placing it in the bag labelled, 'touched with hands washed with water'.
- Sanitise your hands before touching a piece of bread and placing it in the bag labelled, 'touched with hands washed with hand sanitiser.
- Wash your hands with soap and water for twenty seconds before touching a piece of bread and placing it in the bag labelled, 'touched with hands washed with soap and water'.
- Seal the bags and place them somewhere you can observe them well for a few weeks.
- Observe the bags daily, while discussing, writing, measuring or drawing changes you observe in the slices of bread.
- · Discuss answers to questions such as:
 - Which slice of bread got mouldy first?
 - Which grows the most mould?
 - Which grows the least?









Carefully observe the slices of bread each day.

Write up or draw what you see using the table on the following page. If you can keep the slices for an extra week - you will be surprised!

Fill in this table each day with the observations you make. Try to make your observations at the same time each day.

| | Untouched | Touched with | Touched with hands washed | Touched with hands washed |
|-----------|-----------|--------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Monday | | | | |
| Tuesday | | | | |
| Wednesday | | | | |
| Thursday | | | | |
| Friday | | | | |

Answer these questions at the end of the week on Friday and share your results in your class Zoom session.

| Which slice of bread got mouldy first? |
|---|
| |
| Which grew the most mould? |
| Which grew the least mould? |
| |
| Explain why do you think this happened? |
| |
| |
| What can we learn from this experiment? |
| |
| |
| |

Writing

This task is optional for this week.

Handwriting

• Today we will be practicing our letters that go above the lines:

b d

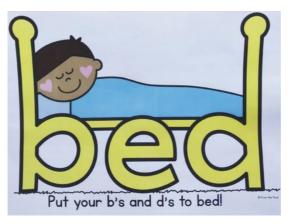
• Watch the short videos and copy along.











Now, complete the worksheet by tracing and then copying it below.

bbbbdddd

bed bed bed bed bed

bend dob band dab

BBBDDDD

Editing

Choose ONE of the editing activities to complete below.

Option A is easier

Option B is more challenging

Option A = The Dog Shelter

Find the mistakes in this text. You will need to:

- find and fix 3 spelling mistakes
- add 3 capital letters
- · add 2 full stops and 1 exclamation mark.

my famaly and I went to the animal shelter to get a pet dog
Animals go to the shelter if they don't hav a home. there were
many dogs and cats waiting to find a new home All the dogs
were verry cute. it was hard to choose one

| Write the text correctly on the lines below. | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
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Option B = Sea Jellies

Correct the text using editing marks. There are 15 errors to find.

what animals have no blood, brian, backbone, eyes, arms or legs, and dont even breathe. Sea jellies

Sea jellys are invertebrates, which means they lack a backbone. There skin is so thin that oxygen passes to it from the water, so they don't need to breathe or have blood or nerves. They're bodys may be clear, orange, red, pink or blue some species are tiny and near invisible, but others grow huge. The tentacles on a lion's main sea jelly can grew up to 27 metres – thats longer than a bus

| Editing Marks | |
|----------------------|-------|
| Capital letter | = |
| End punctuation 🔾 🤇 | 0 |
| Insert a word | λ |
| Change to lower case | /I.c. |
| Take something out | 7 |
| Check spelling (| SP |
| New paragraph | 1 |

| Write the text correctly on the lines below. | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | |
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MONDAY - Mathematics

Minute Maths

Skip counting is a great way to figure out how much money we need to pay for items in a shop. Use skip counting by 2, 5 and 10 to circle the correct number of coins to pay for each toy.



| Item for sale | Use skip counting to circle the correct number of coins needed to pay for each toy. |
|---------------|--|
| | Skip count by 5 |
| © 25¢ | |
| | Skip count by 10 |
| 40¢ | |
| | Skip count by 2 |
| © \$12 | |
| 55¢ | |
| 90¢ | |
| \$14. | The second secon |

Number and Algebra - Must Do

Watch this video about sharing and dividing into equal groups and arrays.

Level 1: Division by Sharing.



Use a pencil to share these tasty goodies equally between different numbers of people.

e.g. Share between 3

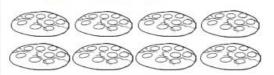
How many does

What does the each person get? calculation look like?

(1) 2 3 4

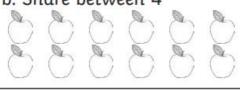
 $3 \div 3 = 1$

a. Share between 2



2 3 4 5 8 ÷ 2 =

b. Share between 4



2 3 4 5

 $12 \div 4 =$

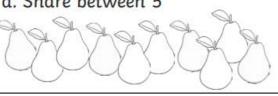
c. Share between 3



2 3 4 5

 $12 \div 3 =$

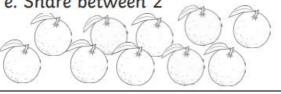
d. Share between 5



2 3 4 5

 $10 \div 5 =$

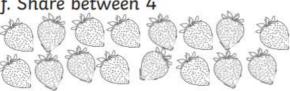
e. Share between 2



2 3 4 5

 $10 \div 2 =$

f. Share between 4



2 3 4 5

16 ÷ 4 =

Level 2: **Division using arrays**

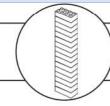
Write two division sentences for each array.

The first one has been done for you.

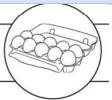
| | | | | | | one je | 5 | | | |
|-------|----------------|-------------|-------|--|-------|--------|---|-------------|---------|--|
| | Or Or Or | G. C. C. C. | | The State of the s | | | | ; ; ; | | |
| | 4 = 3 3 = 4 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 00000 | | 00000 | 00000 | | 5555555 | 0000000 | |
| 88888 | | 888888 | | | | | | | | |

Can you think of a different calculation and draw your own array?

Number and Algebra - Can Do



We Are Going on an Array Hunt!

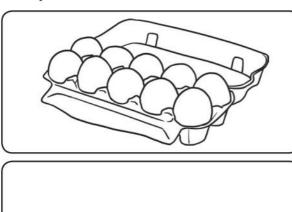


An array is when a picture or an object is put into a column or row. It can help us count and group more efficiently.

Go on a hunt in the space around you to find different sorts of arrays. How many can you spot in real life?

Draw the arrays below and write calculations to go with them.

Example:



$$2 \times 5 = 10$$
 $5 \times 2 = 10$
 $5 + 5 = 10$
 $2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 10$



MONDAY - Science

How and why do we collect information about the weather?

How can we collect information about the weather?

Think about this question. Chat about the pictures.







To collect accurate information about the weather, we need to use instruments that measure the rain, wind and temperature.



PART 1 Why we need to know about

€

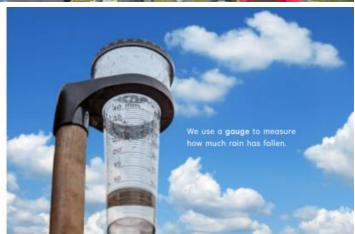






PART 2

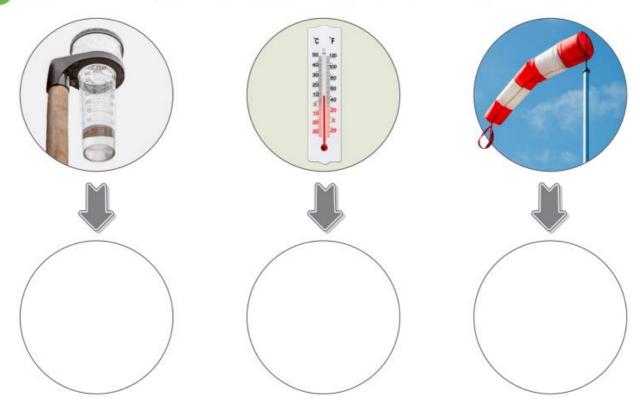
How we collect the weather







Write or draw pictures about the weather each instrument measures.



Optional Experiment

You will need adult help for this experiment. It can be done at any time.



Watch this video to help you plan your experiment

https://www.youtube.com/embed/0NXa7zxCCzA





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| | | | - | • | • | - |

My rain gauge will measure:

Step 1

Draw and label your materials.

Materials I will use

Step 2

Draw and label your rain gauge.

My design

Step 3

Test your rain gauge.

Did your rain gauge work?

Look at other groups' rain gauges.

What could you change in your design?

Step 4

When it rains, take a photo of your rain gauge to show how much rain water it collects.



TUESDAY - English

Spelling

Must do:

• Using the table in Monday's spelling, practise your spelling words.

Remember to look, say, cover, write, check and correct each word.











 Read the sentence below. Can you find the common sound?
 Underline, circle or highlight the letter / letters that make the common sound.



The kitten turned towards the tree and went up to the town.

• The letters **ir**, **ur**, **or** and **er** can all represent the same sound. Using the table below, brainstorm as many words that you can think of.

You may use the spelling lists to help you.

| t | tree, | | | |
|------------------------------|---|-----------------------|------|------|
| tt | button, | | | |
| Write st or tr to finish the | e words. Write one of your words for each picture. | Write words to rhyme. | | |
| stee | opapar | tent | best | last |

Can Do:

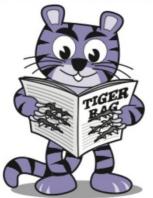
A contraction is a shortened form of a word (or group of words) that leaves out certain letters or sounds.

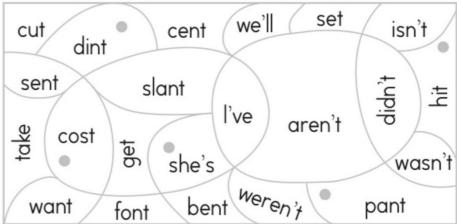
In most contractions, an apostrophe represents the missing letters.

For example: don't can't

Colour the contractions green.

Colour other words blue.





Reading

This task is optional

Read the following passages about main ideas and details. Complete the questions.

Level 1:

The main idea of a picture tells what the picture is mostly about.

1. Circle the words that tell what this picture is mostly about.



The girl is holding the ball.

The girl is throwing the ball.

The girl is kicking the ball.

2. Circle the words that tell what this picture is mostly about.



The boy reading.

The boy is playing.

The boy is running.

3. Draw a picture that is *mostly about* something you might see in a school playground.

The main idea of your picture is what your picture is mostly about.

Level 2:

The main idea of a story is what the whole story is mostly about.

The **details** are *small pieces of information* that make the story more interesting.

Luca's grandpa lives on a farm. His grandpa has a big garden, and many animals. When Luca was little, he was afraid of the chickens. When he helped his grandpa feed the chickens, the chickens chased him, crying, "Cluck, cluck, cluck!" But his grandpa showed him how to shoo the chickens away with his hand, saying, "Shoo chicks, shoo chicks!" Luca still doesn't like the chickens much, but he isn't afraid of them now. He feels very grown up.

1. What is this whole story mostly about? Circle your answer.

| Grandpa's garden | | Luca's favorite animal |
|------------------|--|------------------------|
|------------------|--|------------------------|

2. Which of these is a small piece of information from the story that makes the story more interesting? Circle your answer.

| | | The chickens said |
|----------------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| picture of the farm. | the vegetables. | "Cluck, cluck, cluck!" |

Alex's grandpa lives in a big city, on the 18th floor of an apartment building. From his grandpa's windows, Alex can see the whole city. Alex used to be afraid to look out the windows, because they were up so high. But his grandpa would sit with Alex, and point out all the interesting things in the city. Now Alex likes to look out his grandpa's windows. He can see the library, and the train station, and the park. He feels very grown up.

3. What is this whole story mostly about? Circle your answer.

| | Alex and his grandpa's windows |
|--|--------------------------------|
| | 0 1 |

4. Which of these is a small piece of information from the story that makes the story more interesting? Circle your answer.

| Grandpa's apartment is on the 18 th floor. | a busy place. | There is an elevator in Alex's grandpa's building. |
|---|---------------|--|
|---|---------------|--|

| | | | ting | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|---------|--|
| Must Do: | | Separating Fa | ct from Fiction | | | |
| Must Do. | Miss H | - - agan has d | a dog called Bi | llie. | | |
| Billie has superpowers and can fly. | | | | | | |
| | Dille | mus superpo | wers and can | iig. | | |
| Which of these senter | ices is make | -believe (imagir | nary)? How do you k | now? | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Which of these senter | nces is real (| factual)? How d | o you know? | | | |
| | | | | | | |
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| | _ | 5 M | | | | |
| Colour the RE | | | elieve Characters Colour the MAKE B | ELIEVE characters | YELLOW. | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Can do:

Watch the two videos below

The Very Hungry Caterpillar www.youtube.com/embed/75NQK-Sm1YY

Life of a Butterfly www.youtube.com/embed/dM71jKNuk-M



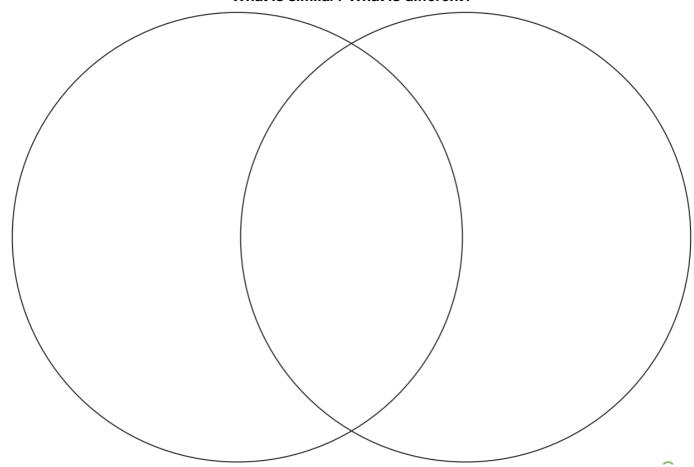






Complete the Venn Diagram comparing 'The Very Hungry Caterpillar' and 'Life of a Butterfly'.

What is similar? What is different?



Imaginary texts tell stories about make-believe events and are intended to entertain.

Informative texts provide **facts** about real things and are intended to **inform**.

TUESDAY - Mathematics

Minute Maths

Yesterday we practised skip counting to help us pay for items in a shop.



| Item for sale | Use skip counting to circle the correct number of notes or coins needed to pay for each toy. |
|---------------|--|
| | Skip count by 5 |
| \$30 | |
| | Skip count by 10 |
| \$50 | 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1 |
| | |
| | Skip count by 2 |
| | |
| \$20 | |
| \$25 | |
| \$40 | 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1 |
| \$18 | |

Number and Algebra - Must Do

Read these division word problems carefully to make a picture that shows the answer. You write your answer as equal groups or as an array. For a challenge, try doing both. At the end, write your own division word problem and draw the answer.

| Question | Level 1: Equal groups | Level 2: Array |
|--|-----------------------|----------------|
| There are 18 eggs divided equally into 3 nests. How many eggs will be in each nest? | | |
| There are 27 boys. If the boys are divided equally into 3 teams, how many boys will be on each team? | | |
| There are 16 cans. If these cans are divided equally into 4 coolers, how many cans will be in each cooler? | | |
| If a teacher puts 24 desks in three equal length rows, how many desks are in each row? | | |
| Write your own division story! | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

Number and Algebra - Can Do

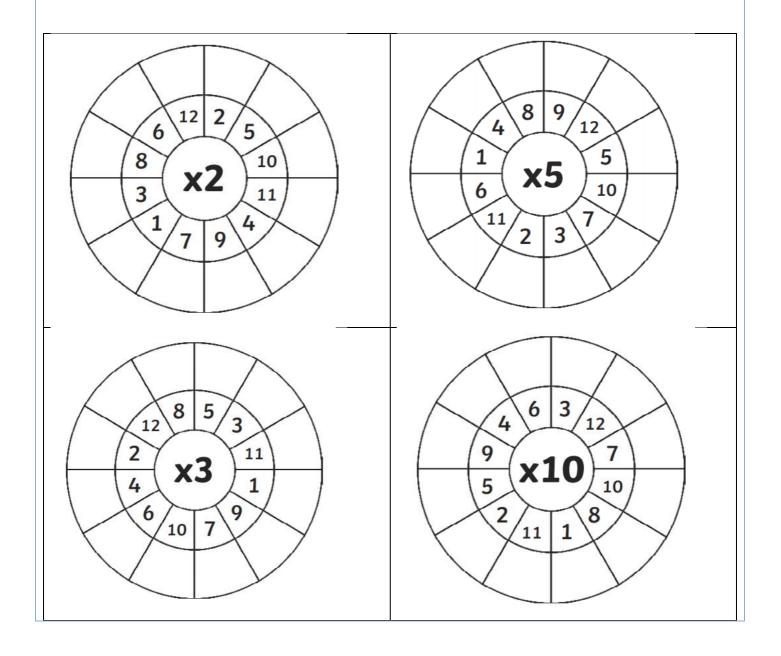
Can you use skip counting or repeated addition to quickly solve these times tables wheels?

As a challenge, time yourself for each wheel.

For example:



| 3 x 10 | Skip counting | Repeated addition |
|--------|---------------|-------------------|
| | 10, 20, 30 | 10 + 10 + 10 = 30 |



TUESDAY - Art

Take a line for a walk and see what you find.

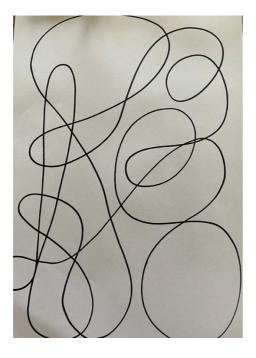
Materials:

- 1 x blank piece of white paper
- 1 x pencil or black pen
- Colouring tools of your choice: coloured pencils or pens, textas, crayons or paint

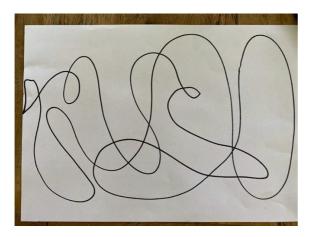
Steps/method:

- 1. Place your pencil or pen on a clean piece of white paper.
- 2. Move it around the page in any direction, creating straight lines and loops. Make sure some of your lines intersect each other.
- **3.** Look at your paper from all angles. Can you see anything that looks familiar to you? A bird, a leaf, a car etc.
- **4.** If you see something paint it in. If you can't see anything, choose some areas and colour them using pencils, pens, texta, paint or crayons.

Here are some examples for you to look at:









WEDNESDAY - English

Spelling

Must do:

• Using the table in Monday's spelling, practise your spelling words.

Remember to look, say, cover, write, check and correct each word.











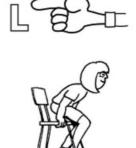
Colour words from each list the same colour if they have the **same** meaning.

post begin cost twine little road start send street price string small



Colour words from each list the same colour if they have the **opposite** meaning.

stand right
taking worst
left sit
best slow
first giving
fast last



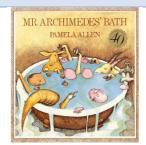
Can do:

Write the contractions for the following words. **Finish** the sentences with these contractions.

→ Go to Helpful Hint 13.

| were not | was n | ot |
|-----------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| are not | do not | did not |
| Turtles | live on land | l. |
| Turtles | mammals. | |
| Yesterday there | ar | y turtles on the beach. |
| Last night they | lay | their eggs. |

Reading



Read Mr Archimedes' Bath by Pamela Allen.

https://www.youtube.com/embed/gkA3SY68 Yk

Cut and glue the story events in order.



Level 1

Mr Archimedes' Bath by Pamela Allen

Mr Archimedes put just a little water in the bath. Everyone climbed in and the water rose. Who was doing this?

Each animal had a turn NOT hopping in the bath. But the water still rose!

"Eureka!" Mr Archimedes solve the mystery. Everyone was making the bath water rise.

Mr Archimedes' bath always overflowed and he always had to clean up the mess. Why was this happening?

Mr Archimedes tried on his own. The water rose. He jumped in and out, and in and out.

For the rest of the night they all had fun getting in and out of the bath and making more mess than ever!

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Mr Archimedes' Bath by Pamela Allen

This time Goat stayed out of the bath but the water rose again.

To start, Mr Archimedes put just a little water in the bath. Everyone climbed in and the water rose. What a mystery!

Mr Archimedes ordered Wombat out. But the water rose, again!

"Eureka!" Mr Archimedes solve the mystery. Everyone was making the bath water rise.

When they all hopped out. Mr Archimedes measured again. The water had gone down! This is a mystery!

Kangaroo stayed out of the bath but the water still rose.

Mr Archimedes' bath always overflowed and he always had to clean up the mess.

Mr Archimedes tried on his own. The water rose. He jumped in and out, and in and out.

For the rest of the night they all had fun getting in and out of the bath and making more mess than ever l

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| Paste the eve | nts of Mr Archimedes bath here |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|
| | MR ARCHIMEDES' BATH PAMELA ALLEN 40 |
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Mr Archimedes' Bath

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- 1. Mr Archimedes 6. bath
- 2. overflowed 7. up
- 3. mystery
- 5. goat

- 8. mess
- 4. wombat 9. measure
- ll. eureka
 - 12. down
 - 13. water
 - H. clean
 - 10. friends 15. kangaroo

Writing

Fact or Opinion?

Watch the video 'Fact or Opinion for Kids'

www.youtube.com/embed/Flyt5pEcE_g



Write the facts and opinions about caterpillars into the correct box.

Facts and Opinions - Caterpillars

| Facts | Opinions |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| Caterpillars like salami more than apples. | Caterpillars come from eggs. |
| Caterpillars build cocoons. | All butterflies are beautiful. |
| Caterpillars eat leaves. | Caterpillars are greedy insects. |
| Caterpillars like sunny days. | Caterpillars turn into butterflies. |

WEDNESDAY - Mathematics

Minute Maths

Word problems help us to use our Maths skills in everyday situations. Write an interesting story or word problem to match these sharing or division sentences. For example:

| 8 | shared | between 2 | 2 | = | |
|---|--------|-----------|---|---|--|
|---|--------|-----------|---|---|--|

There were 8 apples to share between 2 horses. Each horse ate 4 apples.





| Level 1: s | haring | Level 2: division | | |
|--------------------------------|--------|-------------------|--|--|
| 9 shared between 3 = | | 9 ÷ 3 = | | |
| 12 shared between 4 = | | 12 ÷ 4 = | | |
| 20 shared between 5 = | | 20 ÷ 5 = | | |
| 30 shared between 3 = | | 30 ÷ 3 = | | |

Number and Algebra - Must Do

True or False

Can you use your skills at sharing into equal groups and dividing to work out if these number sentences are true or false? Draw a picture to prove your answer!

| Level 1: Sharing into groups | |
|---|---|
| Question | True or false (draw a picture to prove it!) |
| 8 shared between 4 = 2 | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| 15 shared between 3 = 3 | |
| 111111111111111111111111111111111111111 | |
| | |
| 20 shared between 2 = 11 | |
| nen i a de i de i | |
| A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A | |
| | |
| Level 2: Use an array | |
| $30 \div 2 = 16$ | |
| | |
| | |
| 17 ÷ 1 = 17 | |
| 17 + 1 - 17 | |
| | |
| | |
| 18 ÷ 6 = 3 | |
| | |
| | |
| Loyal 3: Using ramaindara | |
| Level 3: Using remainders 15 ÷ 2 = | |
| 7 with a remainder of 1 | |
| | |
| | |
| 25 ÷ 5 = | |
| 5 with a remainder of 3 | |
| | |
| 30 ÷ 4 = | |
| 7 with a remainder of 3 | |
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Number and Algebra - Can Do

Can you read the clues to put the items in order? Write your answer for each clue card in the space below.

Follow the Clues

Put the numbers in order using the clues:

8

15

12

4

The first number is double the third number.

The second number is in the 5 times table.

The fourth number is 20 - 8.

1

Follow the Clues

Put the coins in order using the clues:









The second coin is the same as 2 5c coins.

The first coin is worth half as much as the second coin.

The fourth coin doubled makes \$1.

Five of the third coin make a \$1.

2

Answer:

Answer:

Follow the Clues

Put the shapes in order using the clues:









All the sides of the third shape are equal.

The second shape has only one side.

The fourth shape has three corners.

7

Follow the Clues

Put the numbers in order using the clues:

40

13

19

25

The fourth number is even.

The second number is the sum of 6 and 7.

The first number is less than 20.

1

Answer:

Answer:

WEDNESDAY – Wellbeing Time

This task is optional

Use this time to focus on your wellbeing.



You might like to:

- catch-up on some unfinished work
- write a nice comment to a classmate on Seesaw
- organise to call one of your friends or family members and check in on how they are going
 - go for a walk or a bike ride
 - spend some time outdoors looking at the clouds
 - spend some time with a family member or pet
 - paint or draw a picture
 - read a chapter of a book
 - put on some music and dance around your room
 - watch a documentary about something you are interested in
 - design a game for your friends or family to play together
 - help a family member (vacuum the floor or read to a younger sibling)



THURSDAY - English

Spelling

Must do:

• Using the table in Monday's spelling, practise your spelling words.

Remember to look, say, cover, write, check and correct each word.











Can do:

Back to Nature

Carefully search the garden to find sticks, leaves, twigs etc to make the letters of your spelling words.



Spelling Task Cards



Reading

Reading and punctuation. Level 1

Capital Letters for Names

| Na | mes begin with capital letters. | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| For example: | This is David Lee. | | | | | |
| | Mr Smith is our teacher. | | | | | |
| Rewrite the following sentences correctly. The names are missing capitals! | | | | | | |
| 1. The ball rolled to tom. | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 2. A bird chased kim down th | e street. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 3. ben and pat want to go to | the zoo. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 4. Dad went to school to spea | ak to mrs fin. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 5. Five dogs ran past susie an | d jill. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 6. Officer tim drove the police | e car. | | | | | |
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Reading and punctuation. Level 2

| Capital Letters: Place Names |
|---|
| Capital letters are needed for names of specific places. |
| Incorrect. Our family holidays in new york X |
| Correct: Our family holidays in New York. |
| Remember, general places (beach, city, forest, desert) don't need capitals. |
| Rewrite the following sentences, adding capitals where they belong. |
| The capital city of germany is berlin. |
| Our family moved from canberra to brisbane. |
| 3. The world's largest rainforest is in south america. |
| Our class is visiting yellowstone national park. |
| 5. We visited egypt to see the pyramids. |
| I would love to visit disneyland. |
| 7. The largest country in the world is russia. |
| 8. I have been to every continent except for antarctica. |
| 9. John's favourite football team is manchester united. |
| 10. Much of australia is desert. |

Writing

Just the Facts!

What Are Informative Texts?

Informative texts provide facts about a particular topic. Some of these topics might include people, places, animals and objects.



Types of Informative Texts

Some types of informative texts include:

- instructions
- information reports
- factual descriptions
- newspaper articles
- television documentaries.



The Facts On Facts!

Informative texts contain facts. Facts are true statements about the topic that can be proven. For example...



Fact File – Doctors

Here are some facts that you might find in an informative text about doctors.

Doctors are a type of healthcare worker.

Doctors treat people who are sick or injured.

Sometimes doctors use a stethoscope.

To be a doctor, you must study medicine.

who are sick or injured.

Choose one of the images below and complete the fact file by writing four facts about your topic.

Draw a picture of your topic in the middle of the fact file.









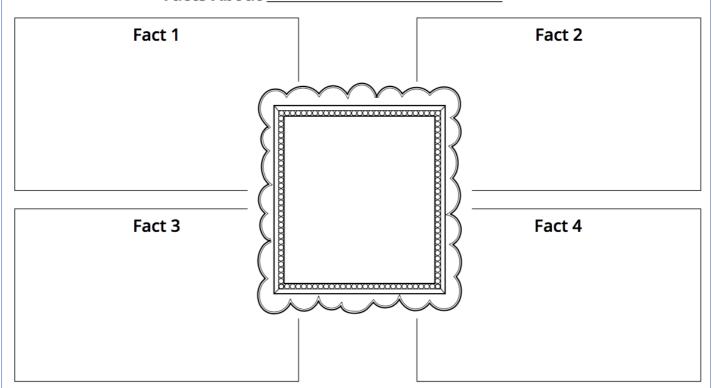
My family

My house

Spiders

Vegetables

Facts About



THURSDAY - Mathematics

Minute Maths

Answer these word problems about measurement. Write your answers in the space below each question.

Year 1 Year 2 Length Challenge Cards Real World Area Problems 4. My pencil case is 12 paperclips long, my friends I was laying carpet squares in my living room and pencil case is 4 fewer paperclips long. How bedroom. My living room used 24 carpet squares and my bedroom used 30 carpet squares. How many paperclips long is my friends pencil case? Answer: Answer: Real World Area Problems Length Challenge Cards 6. My lunch box is 16 interlocking cubes long, A baker was covering the top surface of this my friend's lunch box is 22 interlocking cubes square cake with MnMs. They covered half of the long. How many more interlocking cubes is my area using 20 MnMs. How many in total do they friend's lunch box compared to my lunch box? Answer: Answer:

Measurement and Geometry – Year 1 Length

This activity uses a paperclip. If you don't have a paperclip you can use something else such as a block or a toy car or a pencil sharpener.

Paperclip Length (

Estimate, then measure the objects below using paperclips.

| Object | Estimate | Measurement |
|-------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| Desk | I estimate my desk to be about paperclips long. | My desk is paperclips long. |
| Ruler | I estimate my ruler to be about paperclips long. | My ruler is paperclips long. |
| Tablet 0000 | I estimate the tablet to be about paperclips long. | The tablet is paperclips long. |
| Pencil | I estimate my pencil to be about paperclips long. | My pencil is paperclips long. |
| Free choice | I estimate to be about paperclips long. | is paperclips long. |

Measurement and Geometry – Year 2 Area

Choose a suitable item to measure the area of these objects. You need to use the **same** item to measure all the objects so don't choose something too big or too small. Some suitable item might be: a small book, a coaster, a DVD case or a big square fridge magnet.



If you need a reminder about how to measure the area of a surface, watch last week's area video by scanning this QR code. If you don't have any of these items at home or at school, no problem! Just choose something else of a similar size.

| Object | Estimate | Measurement |
|-------------|----------|-------------|
| | | |
| ^ | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| Free choice | | |

THURSDAY - PDHPE

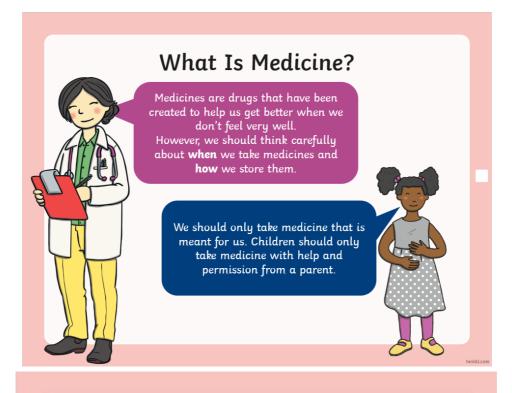
Lesson 5 – Keeping safe around medicines

It's important we understand what medicine is and who we can stay safe around medicines.

Activity 1 - Watch the You Tube video below to learn about safety with medicines.

https://www.youtube.com/embed/9OK6_OdWxTA





What Does Medicine Look Like?

Medicines can come in bottles or boxes. They can be a tablet, a powder or a liquid. Some can be breathed in and others can be rubbed into our skin.



Medicines will have a label on them that will tell people:

- how to store them;
- how to take the medicine;
- how much of it to take.

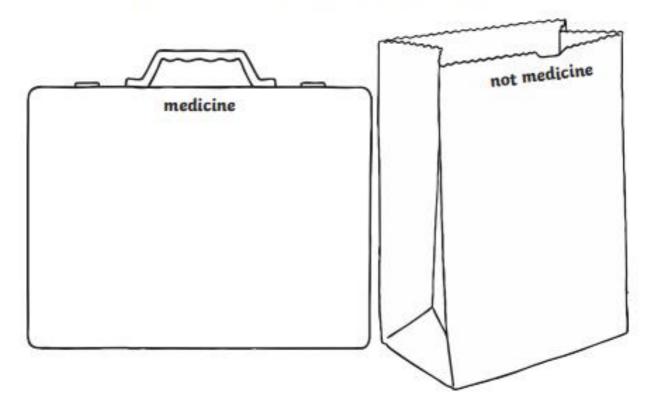
Medicine doesn't last forever. The label will tell you when it needs to be thrown away. If you take medicine after this day, it might make you unwell.

twinkl.co

Medicine or Not?

I Can Identify Medicines

Cut out the pictures below and stick them in the right place.







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Activity 3 – Fill in the blanks using the words below.

Safety with Medicine

Fill in the blanks.

| Medicine is there to help us feel better when we are Children should always ask a to help them take medicine if you need it. | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|---|------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | ould be stored | s finished or past its expiry date in a cupboard or in the fridge and pets. | | | | | | | | |
| Word Bank | parent | throw away | high | children | | | | | | |

Activity 4 – Who gives us medicine – Think about the people it is safe to take medicine from. Circle them below.



Activity 5 – PE Session

How can we solve problems when moving?

Students will learn how to compare different types of throws and identify which ones are easier and harder.

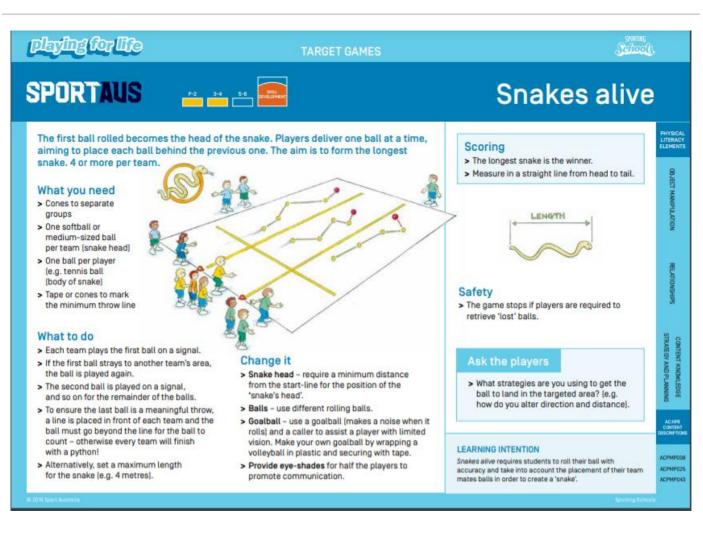
Things you will need

Help from an adult

A soft object to throw (for example, soft ball, pair of socks, soft toy, scrunched-up paper)

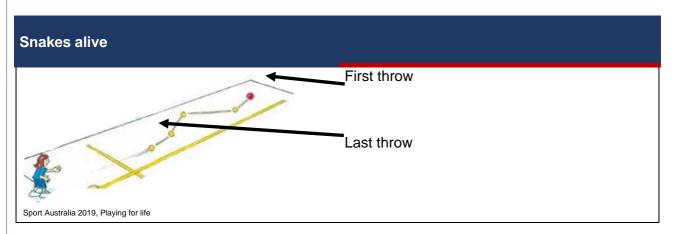
An object or landmark to create a target for the object to hit (for example, bucket, a long piece of string laid in a circle, an 'X' formed by two pieces of tape/material, a t-shirt laid on the ground, a chair/bench, a wall, a tree)

Refer to 'Snakes alive' game card for suggestions of what this activity could look like. (Sport Australia, 2019. Playing for life)



Students:

- 1) Choose a safe playing area where you can throw a number of soft objects.
- 2) Select 5 different soft objects to throw.
- 3) Choose a 'starting point' where you will throw the objects from.
- 4) Underarm throw one object at a time, aiming to place each object behind the previous one. This will form a 'snake'.
 - Underarm throw the first object and mark where it lands. This creates the 'head' of the snake.
 - Underarm throw the next object trying to land it before the 'head'.
 - Repeat the underarm throws with your remaining throwing objects.
- 5) Repeat the game using an overarm throw.
- 6) Repeat the game using a throwing style of your choice.
- 7) Repeat the game 3 times for each throwing style.



| Discuss the following reflective questions with your teacher or parent/caregiver. What type of throw was easier? Why? |
|--|
| What type of throw was harder? Why? |
| Which object was easier to throw? Why? |
| Which object was harder to throw? Why? |
| |

FRIDAY - English

Spelling

Must do:

• Using the table in Monday's spelling, practise your spelling words.

Remember to look, say, cover, write, check and correct each word.











• Have a family member test you on your spelling words. How did you go?

Can do:



Reading

Level 1: Carefully read through the story and answer the questions.

lionfish clownfish dogfish serious jokes shark sea laugh

Marty the Clownfish

not funny. like he should be funny. As a clownfish, he was Marty was sad in the sea. As a clownfish, he felt

did not make anyone laugh He was not funny at all. He was very serious and

dogfish, but they did not laugh. He told jokes to the He told jokes to the lionfish, but they did not

a joke." One day, Marty said, "I am going to tell you all

"Marty, no! No more jokes!"

Marty said, "Just kidding!"



I should be funny,"

laugh either.

Marty said aloud.

friendly and smart." nearby. "You are kind and helpful. You are "You don't have to be funny," said a shark from

should make fish laugh," said Marty. "But clowns make people laugh, so a clownfish

The dogfish do not act like "The lionfish do not act like lions

"Marty, just be yourself."

a lot of fish friends. jokes. Soon, the fish all liked him. Soon, he had So, Marty did just that. He stopped trying to tell dogs," the shark told him.

| | | d. Study more. |
|--|------------|--|
| | | c. Tell the truth. |
| | | b. Try harder. |
| | | a. Be yourself. |
| | | learned in the story? |
| | that Marty | Which of the following is a lesson that Marty |
| new friends in the story. | | d. He is not red. |
| Write a sentence below to tell how Marty got | ŗ. | c. He is not funny. |
| | | b. He is not smart. |
| | | a. He is not tall. |
| Marty lives in the (river / sea). | | Marty is sad because: |
| | | d. swordfish |
| I read a book I tell a joke I to his friends | | c. lionfish |
| At the end of the story, Marty wants to | | b. clownfish |
| | | a. angelfish |
| Marty. | | What kind of fish is Marty? |
| In the story, the (stingray / shark) helps | | Choose the correct answer. |
| below. | | |
| Circle the correct choice in the sentences | 2. | Marty the Clownfish (exercises) |
| | | |

Level 1: Carefully read through the story and answer the questions.

perfectly sketch quiet beautiful night deer

The Night Artist

Macy tiptoed through the cabin, as quiet as a mouse. She did not want to wake anyone up. She silently got dressed, picked up her sketch pad and slipped outside.

It was cooler than she expected. And quieter. And darker. It was hard to see even the trees, which just looked like shadows in front of the cabin. Macy crept along the porch to the bench and sat down quietly.



Everything seemed a bit spooky, and Macy felt a little nervous. She wasn't used to being outside at night, alone in the dark. Macy thought about going back inside, but she decided not to. Her dad had told her that many wild animals only come out at night, and she wanted to see them. She wanted to see the animals and sketch them.

Macy waited in the quiet of the night. She could hear the wind softly rustling the leaves in the trees. An owl hooted in the distance. After a while, she could see better. Up in the sky, the full Moon shone down on her, and she could see thousands of stars. The owl hooted again. Macy liked the owl sound, and she started to relax more. She started to sketch the

After a little while, Macy heard a rustling in the bushes. She could feel the excitement rising in her, as well as a little fear. She reminded herself to be calm and not run if it was a bear.

It wasn't a bear. A beautiful doe stepped out of shadows and into the light of the full Moon. The doe was only about 20 feet away. Macy gasped. She had never been this close to a wild animal before.

"You're so beautiful," she whispered.

The deer spun its head around and stared at Macy.
The deer stood perfectly still. Macy sat perfectly still.
The deer stared at Macy. Macy stared at the deer.

Macy was not dangerous and started to eat the grass.

Finally, the deer decided that

Macy very carefully and slowly picked up her pad and started to sketch the deer. She drew the deer's long neck and legs. She drew the spots on the doe's tan and white fur. She drew the deer's dark eyes and big ears.

A couple of times, the deer looked up at Macy. Each time, Macy stopped drawing and sat perfectly still.

She did not want to scare the deer away. After a few seconds, the deer always went back to eating grass.

Just as Macy was finishing her sketch, the doe silently slipped away into the bushes.

Macy picked up her pad and went back inside the cabin. Everyone else was still sleeping. Macy knew she should go to sleep, but she was too excited. She looked at her sketch. She felt very special. She had truly connected with nature.



| a. to draw b. to dig c. to destroy | A doe is: a. a plant-eating dinosaur b. an angry bear c. a female deer | a. very happy b. really hungry c. a little scared | The Night Artist (exercises) 1. Vocabulary |
|------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| | Draw the doe and label her neck, legs, body, spots, eyes, ears and tail. | b. Why do you think the deer stared at Macy? | Answer the questions. a. Did the full Moon help Macy draw? How? |

Writing

Informative Texts- Text Structure

Watch the video 'Informational Writing for Kids' www.youtube.com/embed/DN4d76QP MA



Information Reports usually follow this Structure:

Information Report – Structure

General Description

What are you going to describe? What group does it belong to?

Fact 1

Describe one aspect of the subject using facts.

Fact 2

Describe one aspect of the subject using facts.

Fact 3

Describe one aspect of the subject using facts.

Concluding Sentence

Conclude with an interesting fact about the subject.

Read the text below on Elephants.
Using your colours, see if you can find:

- the general description
 - the three facts
- the concluding sentence.

(The answers are on the next page)

Information Report Example – Elephants

All elephants are mammals, like humans.

They usually live in grasslands, in Africa and Asia.

Elephants have bulky bodies, large ears and a long trunk.

They are all herbivores, which means they survive on a diet of plants.

Most elephants can live for 50 to 70 years in the wild.

Answers:

Information Report – Elephants

General Classification

All elephants are mammals, like humans.

Fact 1: Habitat

They usually live in grasslands, in Africa and Asia.

Fact 2: Appearance

Elephants have bulky bodies, large ears and a long trunk.

Fact 3: Diet

They are herbivores, which means they survive on plants.

Concluding Sentence

Most elephants can live for 50 to 70 years.



Sort the facts below by WRITING them under the correct heading

| | Balee | n Whales |
|---------------------|-------|-------------------------|
| What is it? | | What does it look like? |
| Where does it live? | | What does it eat? |
| mammals | | toothless |
| l large oceans | | plankton |
| | | in water |
| blowhole | | |

FRIDAY - Mathematics

Minute Maths

Answer these word problems about measurement. Write your answers in the space below each question.

Year 1 Year 2 Real World Area Problems Length Challenge Cards 7. Which words would you put between these two Tim wanted to buy a big rug for his living room. objects; taller than, shorter than, the same as? He wanted the biggest one he could find. Which rug has the largest area? Answer: Answer: Length Challenge Cards My teacher needed to measure the area of her 1. There are 3 different sized shoes, the blue new tables to see if they had a larger or smaller shoe is 8 paperclips long, the slipper is 7 area than her old tables. Which object should she paperclips long and the boot is 9 paperclips use to measure the area and why? long. Order the shoes from shortest to longest. Answer: Answer:

Measurement and Geometry - Year 1 Length

Measuring in Body Parts

Amazing Fact

In ancient times, records show that length was first measured using body parts – the forearm, hand or finger.

Challenge

Your forearm is the length between your fingertip and your elbow.

Your handspan is the distance between your thumb and little finger when your fingers are stretched out.

Your finger would be your index or 'first' finger

Using your forearm, handspan and finger, choose different objects around the room and measure their length. You might need someone to help you.

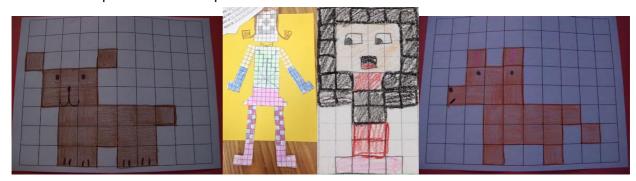
Measuring in Body Parts

| Object | Forearm | Handspan | Finger |
|--------|---------|----------|--------|
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| | | | |

| 1. | Who | at su | ırprise | d yo | u ab | out th | is wo | ay of | m | easurin | g? | | | | |
|----|-----|-------|---------|-------|------|--------|-------|-------|----|---------|----|---------|------|-------|-----|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | _ |
| 2. | Do | you | think | it is | an | accur | ate v | way | to | measur | e? | Explain | your | reaso | ns. |
| | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Measurement and Geometry – Year 2 Area

Create a square grid version of yourself or your favourite animal and count the squares to work out the area! Use the examples below as inspiration.



The rules:

- You can't use curved lines or diagonal lines.
- Each square you use in your drawing needs to be fully coloured in.
- Only draw around the outside of each square, not through the middle of it.

| | The area of | | | is | | | | | | squares | | | | |
|---|-------------|--|--|--------|---|--|--|--|--|---------|--|--|--|---|
| _ | _ | | | | r | | | | | | | | | r |
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FRIDAY - Music



Let's begin with last week's silly song: The Animal Fair

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=teW-EF7avXs



I went to the animal fair,
The birds and the beasts were there.
The big baboon by the light of the moon
Was combing his auburn hair.
The monkey bumped the skunk,
And sat on the elephant's trunk,
The elephant sneezed and fell on his knees
And that was the end of the monk.

Rhythm Reading

Last week we listened to two pieces from Carnival of the Animals.

See if you can clap or play along with the rhythms of the Tortoise, the speed is Largo. The second is more suitable for year 2.

https://www.youtube.com/embed/M7C6_B1xloQ



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Jb4CG5zX-B0&t=0s





Vegetable Rhythms: Make your own vegetable rhythm.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=J1EykV4p_To





Listening: Listen to the podcast in the link below and move to the music.

https://www.bushfirepress.com.au/kidslisten/s01e03/



Extension: Rhythm Reading practice: https://www.youtube.com/embed/yTUXC_02Fl8



Revise: I Like the Flowers

https://youtu.be/tllwmW3OZtY





