NAME: _____



EXPERIENCE TODAY INSPIRE TOMORROW

Learning from Home

Unit: 9

Stage 3 Year 5 and Year 6



Term 3 Week 9 2021



6B Zoom Classes WEEK 9 TERM 3 2021

PLEASE NOTE THE CHANGE FOR Wellbeing Wednesday.

 On Wednesday students will participate in a range of wellbeing activities outlined in their Learning from Home package.

Monday 6/9/21	Zoom Meeting ID		Zoom Meeting Password		
Tuesday 7/9/21	Morning am	Afternoon pm	Morning am	Afternoon pm	
Thursday 9/9/21 Friday 10/9/21	639 3253 3284	615 6049 0452	6B930AM	6B1215PM	
Wednesday 8/9/21	Wellbeing activit (No Zoom classe	ies as outlined in thes today)	e Learning from Ho	ome Pack	

Students need to access Zoom via https://nsweducation.zoom.us/ and are required to use their DoE student portal login to gain access. The DoE user ID and DoE password will be the same as last week.

Monday 6/9/21, Tuesday 7/9/21, Thursday 9/9/21, Friday 10/9/21

Time	Class
9.30am	KK & KW & 5T & 6B
10.30am	1F & 1W & 2M & 2R
11.30am	3R & 3H & 4H
12.15pm	KK & KW & 5T & 6B
1.30pm	1F & 1W & 2M & 2R
2.15pm	3R & 3H & 4H

Websites for Learning

*TNPS school website: https://turramurrn-p.schools.nsw.gov.au where our learning From Home Packages are located.

* Department of Education Learning from Home:

https://education.nsw.gov.au/teaching-and-learning/curriculum/learning-from-home

Should you need to contact your child's teacher please use the following emails:

5T Oliver Tilling 6B Justine Beavis oliver.tilling1@det.nsw.edu.au justine.beavis@det.nsw.edu.au

R U OK? DAY

- * R U OK website and resources and activities for students K-6 https://www.ruok.org.au/education
- * How to be a Good Friend and ask R U OK? (K-6) https://www.youtube.com/embed/KEKhTSagJ3I
- *Together it's OK! https://www.youtube.com/embed/09qk0lXTfi4
- * Smiling Mind https://www.smilingmind.com.au/

News / Education

- * Education Live videos https://education.nsw.gov.au/teaching-and-learning/learning-from-home/learning-at-home
 Each day at 10am, Education Live provides information and entertainment from experts and celebrities.
- * Kids News https://www.kidsnews.com.au/
- * BTN https://www.abc.net.au/btn/ Explores news using the current language, music and popular culture of youths.

ENGLISH

- * www.storyboxlibrary.com.au (username: tnps and password: tnps)
- * Typing club https://www.typingclub.com/ each class have their own links and students use their school log ins
- * Visual writing prompts http://visualprompts.weebly.com/001.html a range of prompts for writing
- * The School Magazine https://theschoolmagazine.com.au/explore A collection of plays, poems, stories and comics.
- * Premier's Reading Challenge 2021 Book List. https://online.det.nsw.edu.au/prc/booklist/home.html
- * Free Rice Word Game https://freerice.com/categories/english-vocabulary For each question a player gets right, the site donates 10 grains of rice through the World Food Program to help end hunger.
- * Challenging word quiz https://www.merriam-webster.com/word-games/fiendish-vocab

MATHEMATICS

- * Mathletics https://www.mathletics.com/au/
- * Red Dragonfly Mathematics Challenge

https://schoolsequella.det.nsw.edu.au/file/20a29ac1-c6f3-4ca3-84b1-2d8488a4cbcd/1/reddragonfly.zip/index.html for Years 5 and 6. Provides a range of challenges to be solved in five to ten minutes that develop mathematical reasoning.

- * Funbrain MathsZone https://www.funbrain.com/math-zone offers maths games
- * Figure This https://figurethis.nctm.org/index.html Maths challenges for kids and their families
- * Multilplication practice https://www.topmarks.co.uk/maths-games/7-11-years/times-tables
- * Online Maths games https://mathsframe.co.uk/en/resources/category/22/most-popular

GEOGRAPHY

- * Google Earth https://earth.google.com/web/
- * Google Earth Voyager take virtual tours around the world www.google.com/earth/education/explore-earth/
- * National Geographic for Kids https://www.natgeokids.com/au/
- * Lonely Planet Kids https://www.lonelyplanet.com/kids
- * Kids World Travel Guide https://www.kids-world-travel-guide.com/
- * Oddizzi where the world comes to life https://www.oddizzi.com/teachers/explore-the-world/places/asia/
- * World Geography Games Test your skills https://world-geography-games.com/
- * Kid World Citizen Activities to help young minds go global https://kidworldcitizen.org/
- * Geography for Kids Earth Science http://www.geography4kids.com/

CREATIVE ARTS

- * National Gallery of Australia https://nga.gov.au/education/resources/nedkelly/index.html
- * The Arty Teacher https://theartyteacher.com/online-art-games-for-the-art-classroom/ games and online lessons.
- * Chrome Music Lab https://musiclab.chromeexperiments.com/Experiments

PERSONAL DEVELOPMENT / HEALTH / PHYSICAL EDUCATION

- * Fun home fitness challenges https://www.thepeshed.com/video-channel
- * Health Activities http://healthy-kids.com.au/kids/primary-school/
- * Cyberbullying https://www.esafety.gov.au/educators/classroom-resources/hectors-world/cyberbullying

Week 9 Term 3 – Learning from Home Stage 3 Year 5 and 6

You may need help from a parent/carer and possibly resources from your teacher.

One literacy and one numeracy activity has been selected for targeted feedback. This is in yellow on the timetable. To receive feedback on this activity please upload it to Google Classroom by the end of the day, OR SUBMIT as requested by your teacher. Informal feedback will be given via Google Classroom and during Zoom Lessons.

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
	English	English	English	English	English
	Morning Routine	Morning Routine	Morning	Spelling	Morning Routine
Morning	Spelling	Spelling	Routine NO ZOOM	Typing	Spelling
	9.30am ZOOM	9.30am ZOOM		9.30am ZOOM	9.30am ZOOM
	Reading/Writing	Reading/Writing	Reading/Writing	Reading/Writing	Reading/Writing
Break	Break	Break	Break	Break	Break
	Mathematics	Mathematics	Mathematics	Mathematics	Mathematics
	Minute Maths	Minute Maths	Minute Maths	Minute Maths	Problem Solving
Middle	12.15pm ZOOM	12.15pm ZOOM	Number	12.15pm ZOOM	12.15pm ZOOM
	Number	Number	Measurement & Geometry	Number	Number
	Measurement & Geometry	Measurement & Geometry	NO ZOOM	Measurement & Geometry	Measurement & Geometry
Break	Break	Break	Break	Break	Break
Afternoon	Geography	Art	WELL BEING	PDHPE	PERSONAL INTEREST

Zoom meeting times for Stage 3 are 9.30am and 12.15pm each day. Log in details are as follows:

Class	Zoom Meeting ID	Zoom Meeting ID		Zoom Meeting Password		
5T	Morning am	Morning am Afternoon pm		Afternoon pm		
	678 8968 1474	637 0471 7110	5T930AM	5T1215PM		
Class	Zoom Meeting ID	Zoom Meeting ID		Zoom Meeting Password		
6B	Morning am	Afternoon pm	Morning am	Afternoon pm		
	639 3253 3284	615 6049 0452	6B930AM	6B1215PM		

unicef 🕲

for every child

MONDAY - English

Morning Routine

Today's Morning Routine will be done on Zoom! Have a whiteboard or some paper ready at 9.30am.

Spelling

- A copy of your spelling words is located at the end of this package.
- Choose up to 15 spelling words to create your personal list from either the core words or the extension list and write them on paper or in an exercise book.
- This week's phoneme is OO as in WOOD. The graphemes are oo as in book, u as in put, oul as in would o as in woman,
- Using your personal list words highlight or circle the letters that make the /OO/ phoneme e.g. could
- Research and record the definition of any words that you are unfamiliar with.

Reading

• Read at least one chapter of a book that you have at home.

TOPIC / MAIN IDEA / THEME READ the following text and work out the Topic, Main Idea and Themes. Complete the table below.

UNICEF OVERSEAS

UNICEF helps give children in 190 countries access to the rights they deserve.

We want to see a world where no child dies, goes without basic needs or dies of a preventable cause. Where no childhood is robbed of learning, joy or safety. Where conflict and disaster doesn't cost a child their lifetime.

We're working towards this world every day. Since 1946, UNICEF has ensured more of the world's children are safe, vaccinated and educated than any other organisation. We deliver the lifesaving supplies of water, food and medicine that help children make it to

adulthood; the quality education that will transform their futures.



We do it because UNICEF believes in a fair chance for every single child, without exception. It's why our teams are committed to the dangerous work of reaching children in conflict; why our staff will cross rivers and deserts to reach children in the world's most remote communities.

The world has made tremendous progress in reducing child deaths, getting children into school and lifting families out of poverty. Many children still need our help - but change is possible. By supporting UNICEF today, you can protect a child in danger, transform their life and build a safer world for tomorrow's children.

Topic (specific, point of this article)	
Main Idea (big picture, big message)	
Themes (moral, lesson, ideology)	

Writing

Types of Topic Sentences - Occasion Position

Occasion Position topic sentences start with an occasion /event/ thing (noun) (a dependent clause) and use words like when, whenever, although, even though, and they end with another fact or the writer's position on the topic (an independent clause).

For example: Whenever we celebrate the holidays, we always include some special traditions

Finish these Occasion Position topic sentences by adding the independent clause

Whenever Australians celebrate Easter,	
Although Australia Day is on January 26th,	
While Australia is a multicultural country,	

Summarise the information to write a paragraph about NAIDOC Week. Start with a Topic Sentence that uses the *Occasion, Position* format and starts with a **connective**.



NAIDOC week's origins can be traced back to 1938.

NAIDOC week can be traced back to the Aboriginal rights movement. Back on Australia Day on 1938, protestors marched through the streets of Sydney about the status and treatment of Aboriginal and Torres Strait

Islanders. This protest was one of the first major civil rights gatherings in the world and known as "Day of Mourning".

Between 1940 and 1955, the Day of Mourning was held annually on the Sunday before <u>Australia</u> <u>Day</u>. It is commonly known as "Aborigines Day". In

1955, it was decided that Aborigines Day should include a celebration of culture, heritage, & achievement.



NAIDOC week highlights the achievements of indigenous people all over Australia.

NAIDOC is celebrated not only in Indigenous communities, but by the entire Australian community. As a support to the Aboriginal & Torres Strait Islander community.

NAIDOC week is a great avenue to participate in different activities.



MONDAY - Mathematics

Daily Slitherlink

This week we are playing Slitherlink!

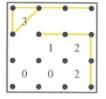
The Basic Rules of Slitherlink



the loop.

1. Connect dots by a continuous path or loop The dots in the grid need to be connected by a continuous path, loop or slither (whatever language you prefer) without a begin and end point. It is not necessary to connect all the dots. Some dotted squared have a '0' as clue number and may not be part of

2. The dots must be connected horizontally or vertically



The loop, path or slither, must connect dots either horizontally or vertically. Diagonal shortcuts, how tempting they might be, are not allowed according to the official Nikoli rules. In our example on the left we kind of ignored these rules The 3 in the upper right corner, has a diagonal connection. This is

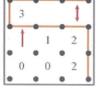
wrong, so don't.

3. The numbers between the dots indicate how many of its sides are part of the loop.

Let's repeat this rule: the number between 4 dots indicate how many of its squared sides are part of the loop. A 3 printed between 4 dots has 3 lines that are part of a loop, a 1 has 1 line and a zero has 0 lines as part of the

loop. A 5 is, therefore, impossible unless you find a Slitherlink puzzle with pentagons (maybe a good idea for the creative geniuses among us)

4. Dotted squares without a number can have any number of loop sides



When a group of 4 dots, or a dotted square doesn not contain a clue number it can have any number of sides that take part of the loop: be it 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4. It's up to you to figure this out. You can check the Wikipedia strategy page

to get some additional ideas about numberless squares.

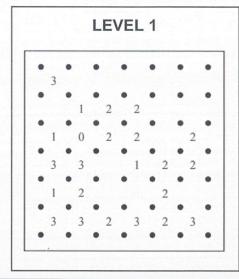


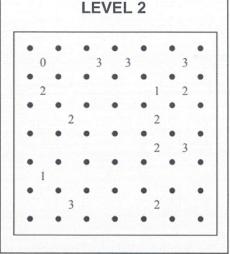


The loop drawn in the grid connecting some of it dots is continuous without a beginning and end and does not have side branches. In our example on the left, we are hopelessly lost as we have open ends. Not good!

For more info and more puzzles go to https://www.puzzlesandbrains.com/Slitherlink.php

There are 2 Levels. Please try and complete at least one!





Number and Algebra

Number Patterns

Year 5

1. Work out what the number rule is for each of these patterns. Use the rule to help you complete the number patterns.

And do the same for these patterns.

2. Continue each pattern and write down the rule.	The first one is done for you.
Whole Number Patterns:	
1. 120, 142, 164, 186, 208, 230 , 252 , 274	Rule = the pattern is add 22
2. 975, 930, 885, 840, , , ,	Rule =
3. 14, 28, , 56, , 84,	Rule =
Decimal Number Patterns:	
4. 0.12, 0.23, 0.34, , 0.56, 0.67, , 0.89,	Rule =
5. 12.9, 11.87, 10.84, , 8.78, 7.75, ,	Rule =
Fraction Number Patterns:	
6. $6\frac{4}{6}$, $6\frac{3}{6}$,	Rule =
7. $4\frac{1}{5}$, $4\frac{3}{5}$, $4\frac{4}{5}$, $4\frac{5}{5}$, 4	Rule =
3. Can you create your own addition and subtract	ion number patterns? Write the rule.
My addition number pattern rule:	
My number pattern is,,,,,,	<u> </u>
My subtraction number pattern rule:	
My number pattern is,,,,,,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

Y	ea	r	6

1.	Complete the sequences	below a	and write	what the	rule is tha	t they follow.

1.	50, 48,	, 44, 42,	, 38, 36, 34,	,	

What is the rule?_

What is the rule?____

What is the rule?____

4.
$$2\frac{5}{8}$$
, $2\frac{4}{8}$, $2\frac{1}{8}$, $2\frac{1}{8}$, $2\frac{1}{8}$, $2\frac{1}{8}$, $2\frac{1}{8}$, $2\frac{5}{8}$, $2\frac{5}{8}$, $2\frac{4}{8}$, $2\frac{5}{8}$, 2

What is the rule?____

What is the rule?_____

And do the same for these sequences.

What is the rule?____

What is the rule?____

What is the rule?_____

What is the rule?____

5.
$$\left[95\frac{3}{4}, 93\frac{1}{2} \right]$$
, 89, 86 $\frac{3}{4}$, $\left[81\frac{1}{4}, 80, 77\frac{3}{4}, 75\frac{1}{2}, 73\frac{1}{4} \right]$, $\left[95\frac{3}{4}, 93\frac{1}{2} \right]$

What is the rule?____

2. Continue each pattern and write down the rule. The first one is done for you.
Whole Number Patterns:
1. 120, 142, 164, 186, 208, 230 , 252 , 274 Rule = the pattern is add 22
2. 332, 437, , 647, , 962, , 1172, 1277, Rule =
3. 805, 765, 725, , 645, , 565, , Rule =
Decimal Number Patterns:
4. 25.03, 26.045, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Rule =
5. 87.109, 87.089, 87.069, 87.049, , 86.989, , 86.989, , 86.949,
Rule =
Fraction Number Patterns:
6. $4\frac{6}{8}$, $5\frac{7}{8}$, $ 8\frac{1}{8}$, $ 10\frac{3}{8}$, $ 13\frac{6}{8}$, Rule =
3. Can you create your own addition and subtraction <u>fraction</u> or <u>decimal</u> number patterns? Write the rule.
My addition number pattern rule:
My number pattern is,,,,,,,,
My subtraction number pattern rule:
My number pattern is,,,,,,,,

Statistics and Probability

After the ZOOM complete these questions:





1. What is the likelihood of an event happening if it is described with thes	e phrases?
Once in a blue moon	
Pigs might fly	

2. In the table below list some different events that have *no chance* of happening, are *certain* and those that have a *fifty-fifty* chance of happening.

No Chance	Certain	Fifty-fifty	

3. Let's think about ways we can describe the chance of something happening. Brainstorm some words and numbers to describe chance. There is an example for each included.

Words	Numbers
Impossible	0% or 0

4. In the table below, look at these events and think about the chance of each event happening.

Rate the likelihood of each event by writing a matching *chance word* then using a scale of 0 to 1 (0.1, 0.2, 0.3 etc). *0 - the event is impossible. 1 - the event is certain.*

Event	Chance word	Chance scale 0 to 1		
I will sleep tonight.				
I toss a dice and the number two comes up.				
I will go to the same school next year.				
I will blink within the next hour.				
I will watch television this week.				
The moon will become square.				
I will get a present on my next birthday.				
Next birthday I will turn 20.				

Now write your own funny 'chance' situations and complete the table!

Event	Chance word	Chance scale 0 to 1

MONDAY - Afternoon

Geography
TERM 3 TOPIC: "A Diverse and Connected World"

"How do Australians connect with other people and places?"

Task 1 All videos and links will be posted on Google Classroom

Look at this image. What do you see, think and wonder? Complete below.



See	
Think	
Wonder	

Tourism is one of the fastest growing industry write your own definition for tourism.	ries in the world. In less than 25 words,
One of the reasons tourism is becoming por accessible and reliable. What could be some	
People travel for different reasons. Connect	the reason for travel with the destination.
To see natural features	Disneyland, USA
To experience another culture	Mount Everest, Nepal
For adventure	Coral Coast, Fiji
For entertainment	Great Barrier Reef, Australia
For relaxation	Tokyo, Japan
 Task 2 - Tourism countries coloured black on this map are the main ntries with their names. Use the internet to find out circle it red. Why do you think this is the most pop 	which is the main travel destination for Australian

Which country has the most visitors come to Australia?
Which of the reasons for travel from question four might be why people visit Australia?

Note - Use the internet to find the answer, Question 4 is on the page above, where you matched the reasons to the location, eg Disneyland

<u>Visit this website</u> and review the information provided there. <u>http://www.sistercitiesaustralia.com/index.html</u> Complete a PMI chart about sister cities.

POSITIVE THINGS	MINUS - NEGATIVE THINGS	INTERESTING POINTS
		э э
		, , ,

<u>Task 3: Watch the video https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Of6EBA1pmdg</u> (Link in Google Classroom)

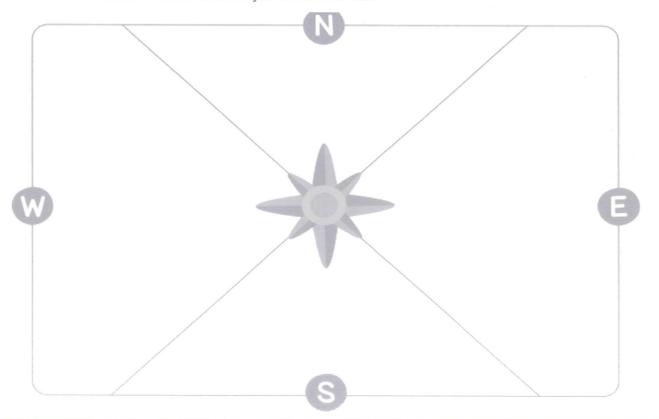
Thinking about the video, complete the compass points routine.

North - What else do you Need to know?

South – What Suggestions do you have for this idea?

East - What Excites you about this idea?

West - What Worries you about this idea?



TUESDAY - English

Morning Routine

Today's Morning Routine is loaded onto the Google Classroom for students to go through on their own.

Spelling

- Choose 5 of your chosen words and write each one in a sentence to show their meaning this week make them complex sentences!
- Choose any two activities to complete on your chosen words from the grid at the end of this package NEW ACTIVITIES ADDED!
- Optional: Log in to the Soundwaves students page and complete an online activity. This week we are doing Unit 27

www.soundwaveskids.com.au Year 5 password: slip892 Year 6 password: today027

Reading

Read at least one chapter of a book that you have at home.

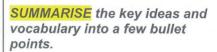
COMPLETE THIS LESSON AFTER ZOOM!

GETTING THE 'GIST' A way to find the main idea

When we read we can follow the G.I.S.T Process. Look at the text on the right and complete the GIST box.

GATHER information, background knowledge and record key vocabulary.

<mark>IDENTIFY</mark> the topic. Refine your ideas



TOP and TAIL check the first and last sentences again and now record the MAIN IDEA.



Earthquake in PNG

In February 2018, A series of massive earthquakes tore through Papua New Guinea and left thousands of children in urgent need of food, water and shelter. Families lost their homes, water sources, health facilities and the gardens they relied on for food.

125,000 children were left in immediate need of life-saving assistance. On top of this, the humanitarian situation in Papua New Guinea continued to deteriorate with a public health emergency due to an outbreak of polio.

UNICEF has been on the ground in Papua New Guinea for many years and was prepared to respond in the immediate aftermath of the earthquake and landslides. In the weeks after the earthquake, UNICEF reached the children and families worst affected critical clean water, food, shelter and healthcare. Destroyed transport infrastructure made it difficult to deliver life-saving supplies but UNICEF supporters made sure we left no child behind.

Writing

Types of Topic Sentences - Two Nouns and Two Commas

Two Nouns, Two Commas topic sentences always start with a noun, describe it using another noun, and then make a statement about it. The description part of the sentence is surrounded by commas (one before the description, and one after it).

For example: <mark>James Cook</mark>, an <mark>explorer</mark>, was one of the first Europeans to visit New Zealand.

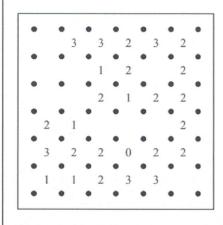
For example. James Cook, an explorer, was one of the first Europeans to visit New Zealand.
Finish these <u>Two Nouns</u> , <u>Two Commas</u> topic sentences by adding the description
Papua New Guinea, a country near Australia,
Tokyo, the capital of Japan,
Jessica Mauboy, Australian singer,
Finish these <u>Two Nouns</u> , <u>Two Commas</u> topic sentences by adding the second <u>noun</u> and <u>second commas</u> , and then the description
New Zealand,,,
Olympian Emma McKeon,,
NAIDOC Week,,
Now write a whole paragraph about SYDNEY, starting with a Two Nouns, Two Commas topic sentence

TUESDAY - Mathematics

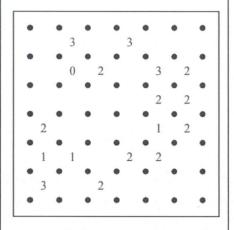
Daily Slitherlink

There are 2 Levels. Please try and complete at least one!

LEVEL 1



LEVEL 2



Number and Algebra

After the ZOOM, complete your level.

- a. 45 = 13 + j. 72 = 28
- b. 87 | = | + 33
- k. + 26 = 76 -
- c. + 39 = 61 -
- l. 67 | = 21 +
- d. 34 + | = | + 26
- m. | + 45 = 32 +
- e. 27 + = 82 -
- n. 72 | = 21 +
- f. | 73 = 12 + |
- o. 38 + | = | 19
- g. 88 | = | + 65
- p. 27 + = 96 -
- h. | 34 = 92 |
- q. | 59 = | 83
- i. 72 | = | 27

- a. 342 = + 221 j. 989 = 282 +
- b. 781 | = | = 503
- k. 341 | = | + 176
- c. + 118 = 675 -
- l. + 782 = 468 +
- d. | 452 = 287 +
- m. 623 + = + 197
- e. 735 | = 539 |
- n. 806 | = 573 -
- f. + 418 = 845 -
- o. 608 | = 735 -
- g. 824 = + 219
- p. + 371 = 835 -
- h. | 285 = 892 | q. 624 + | = 918 -
- i. + 624 = 295 +

Statistics and Probability

Level 1

Dice Roll Investigation.

You will need a dice for this. Alternatively use this online dice roller https://www.random.org/dice/

Instructions

- 1. Roll the dice.
- 2. Record the number shown as a tally mark in the correct space in the table below.
- 3. Repeat steps 1 and 2 eleven more times (so that you have rolled the dice 12 times).

Dice Roll Results for 12 rolls:

Nun	nber	Tally
1	0	
2	0	
3	000	
4	0 0	
5		
6	0000	

ou are now going to repeat the investigation but for 24 rolls. Make a prediction on what	
ou think the results will be. Will it be the same as your first set? Why / Why not?	

Dice Roll Results for 12 rolls	2 rolls:	12	for	Its	Resu	III	Ro	Dice
--------------------------------	----------	----	-----	-----	------	-----	----	------

Number		Tally
1	0	
2	0	
3	000	
4	0 0	
5	0 0 0	
6	000	

	Value and American	0 0							
Was your predic	ction cor	rect? Why / W	hy no	t?					
If you were to c	omplete t	this chance ex	«perin	nent ag	ain for 4	8 rolls. c	lo vou th	ink the	e results
would be the sa	ime? Wh	y / Why not?							
If you rolled the same number o									ed the

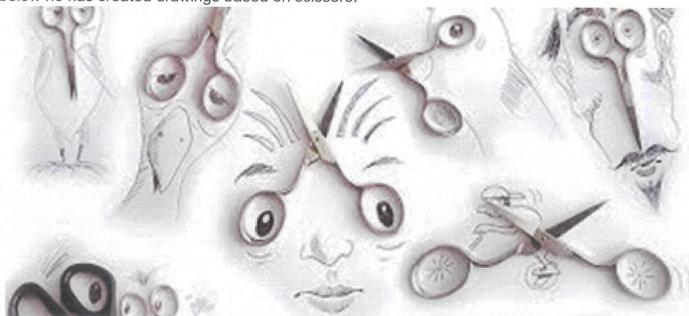
TUESDAY - Afternoon

Visual Arts

Using your Imagination Lesson - Stage 3

Everyday objects around the home can become works of art. Look at the examples below and see what you can create using something you find at home. You might have to look at it for a while to fire your creativity.

The example below is by Victor Nunes, a Brazilian artist who creates wonderful illustrations using everyday objects. Victor Nunes' art invites us to look at the world in a different way. In the example below he has created drawings based on scissors.



To see more of these imaginative drawings, click on the link below: Or google 'Victor Nunes Art' https://www.pinterest.com.au/leeplas/imagination-and-creativity-with-objects/
What will you draw? What household object can you use?



ART PROJECT: If you have finished your long term art research and artwork you can share it via the post in Google Classroom (on the Classwork tab) or email it to Mrs Plasto at lee-anne.plasto@det.nsw.edu.au

WEDNESDAY - English

Morning Routine

 Today's Morning Routine is loaded onto the Google Classroom for students to go through on their own. For the Talk for Learning task, ask an adult or sibling in your house to join you!

Reading

• Read at least one chapter of a book that you have at home.

HEADLINE WONDERINGS - What information can you infer from these headlines?

ANIMALS TERRORISED BY BOSSY DONKEY

		What questions do you have about this headline and story?		

WE SHALL OVERCOME

What do you think this headline is about?	What questions do you have about this headline and story?

SOFT DRINK BAN GOES FLAT

What do you think this headline is about?	What questions do you have about this headline and story?

COWS LOSE THEIR JOBS

What do you think this headline is about?	What questions do you have about this headline and story?

COMMUNITY ROLLS UP THEIR SLEEVES

What do you think this headline is about?	What questions do you have about this headline and story?

Write some headlines for this image:





Writing

Types of Topic Sentences -	Power	Number	Statements
----------------------------	-------	--------	-------------------

Power Number Statements topic sentences do not tell the readers each of the supporting ideas but use numbering adjectives (many, few, a number of, four, some, a couple, several, a group, a range) to present the general topic, which will then be elaborated in the paragraph.

For example: There are several things you need to know before visiting Bali.

Finish these paragraphs by writing the supporting and concluding sentences. Look at the topic sentence and the Power Number Statement as a guide.

There are many reasons why people like to visit the East Coast of Australia from

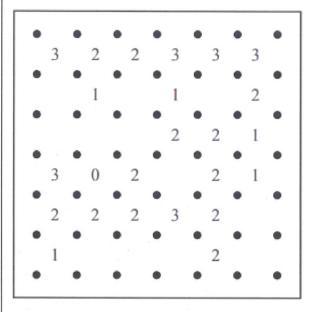
verseas
[12] [12] [13] [13] [14] [15] [15] [15] [15] [15] [15] [15] [15
lere are some of the ways you can look after the environment when traveling as a
ourist overseas.
The UNICEF and World Vision organisations provide <mark>a wide range of assistance</mark> fo
hildren in Asia
hildren in Asia.

WEDNESDAY - Mathematics

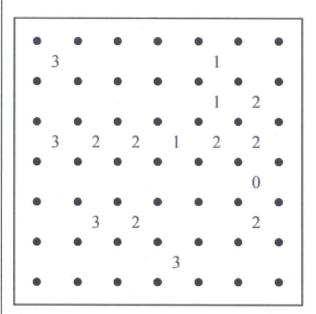
Daily Slitherlink

There are 2 Levels. Please try and complete at least one!

Level 1



Level 2



Number and Algebra

Complete at least ONE level

Identify the missing numbers in these number sentences

$$29 - 2 = \times 3$$

$$\times$$
 3 = 26 - 5

$$1 \times 8 = \times 4$$

$$53 + 3 = \times 8$$

$$\times$$
 3 = 13 + 2

$$\times$$
 9 = 46 + 8

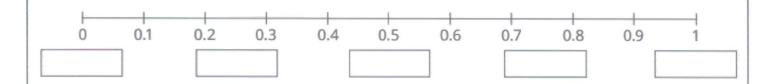
$$7 \times | = 62 + 1$$

$$30 \div | = 20 \div 2$$

Statistics and Probability

Task 1 - Write these likelihoods in the correct box under the probability scale.

even chance, likely, impossible, certain, unlikely



Tas	k 2 - Using the probability scale, rate the likeli	shood of these events occuring.
a)	Tuesday will come after Monday next week	k
b)	Everyone in our class will be at school tom	orrow
c)	There will be 35 days next December	
d)	A tossed coin lands on tails	
e)	It will snow in Summer	
Tasl	k 3 - Answer TRUE or FALSE	
a)	There is an unlikely chance of the spinner landing on A.	
b)	There is an even chance of the spinner landing on B.	A C A B
c)	There is an impossible chance of the spinner landing on E.	A A A
d)	There is a certain chance of the spinner landing on A.	CB
	4 - Complete this table. Which fraction me for you.	natches the chance word best. The first one is
Ch	ance Word	Fraction
Eve	en Chance	1/2

Likely

Certain

Unlikely

Impossible

WEDNESDAY - Afternoon

WELLBEING

WELLBEING WEDNESDAY!

Use the afternoon to look after your wellbeing. Check in with someone in your house and see how they are feeling too. If you are not feeling okay, talk to someone, do something that makes you feel better, take a break, rest.

You are doing an amazing job!

Here's some ideas:

What can you do when there's no school and you're stuck at home? Here are 25 fun ideas to choose from.



Get doodling! Grab some paper and pens and doodle anything you like! Animals, aliens or something else





Design and draw

a new musical

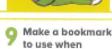
Make up your own 5 minute exercise routine. What will you include?







Fingerprint art!





lewelleru. Use anything you can find around the house. Strips of wrapping paper or rolled up magazines make great beads!

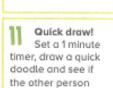
Make some







Make some wild art using sticks, leaves, flowers and anything else you can find outdoors.



can guess what it is

before the time is up.

Write a silly sentence that includes all of these words... BANANA, CURTAIN, DOLPHIN, SNOW and BALLOON, Now think of your own words and write some more!

How manu different words can you make from the letters in this sentence?

> Keeping my brain busy is fun

Ping pong story telling! Write the opening sentence to a story, then someone else writes the next line. Then it's your turn again! Keep alternating until you have a full story.

Guess the character! Think of a character from a book write it down so no-one can see. Have others ask you questions to try and guess which character you chose.



Describe the most disgusting meal EVER! What is in it? Spaghetti worms, toengils on toast or something

Create a comic strip about an animal who turns into a superhero. Which animal will you choose?

Create a family kindness jar. Every time someone does something kind, write it down and put Up a tree? it in the jar. When Where will the jar is full you all you go? deserve a special treat

Find a fun place to sit and read a book. Under the bed?

How manu words can you think of that rhyme



Use your body to make the shape of a letter. How many more can you make? Can you make every letter in the alphabet?

Play alphabet bingo! Can you spot an item in your home or agrden that starts with the letter a,b,c



Start a diary. Write a short entry every day about what you do and how you feel. It will be good to look back on when you're older.

THURSDAY - English

Spelling

- Choose 5 of your chosen words and write their definition. Look it up if you do not know it.
- Choose any two activities to complete on your chosen words from the grid at the end of this
 package. Make them different activities than yesterday. NEW ACTIVITIES ADDED!
- Optional: Log in to the Soundwaves students page and complete an online activity. This week we are doing Unit 27

www.soundwaveskids.com.au Year 5 password: slip892 Year 6 password: today027

Reading

Read at least one chapter of a book that you have at home.

COMPLETE THIS LESSON AFTER ZOOM!

REVISION GETTING THE 'GIST' A way to find the main idea

When we read we can follow the G.I.S.T Process. Look at the text and complete the GIST box

GATHER information, background knowledge and record key vocabulary.

IDENTIFY the topic. Refine your ideas.

SUMMARISE the key ideas and vocabulary into a few bullet points.

TOP and TAIL check the first and last sentences again and now record the MAIN IDEA.



WHERE DO REFUGEES GO?

We are facing the worst humanitarian crisis in the world.

There has never been more children and families displaced in human history than today. More than 68 million people have fled their homes and 25 million have fled their country – half of whom are children, being denied their basic child rights and their rights to a childhood.

These people are mothers and fathers who want to see their children reach their full potential. But due to forces out of their control, like conflict, hunger, climate change and disaster, they are in limbo, with little certainty for the future. But where do refugees go – and how can we help?

World Vision works together with the UN World Food Programme to deliver the largest emergency food assistance program across the globe. The World Food Programme provides World Vision with urgently needed food to give to refugees after fleeing a crisis. Then, World Vision provides long-term development assistance to empower children and families to rebuild their lives.

Projects include agricultural training to help families learn better ways to generate incomes, educational support to help children continue their learning, plus healthcare and life-saving nutrition programs.

Writing

Types of Topic Sentences - List Statements

A *List Statement* topic sentence tells the reader exactly what the paragraph will be about by listing the three main ideas, using commas.

For example: World Vision helps refugees by providing food, shelter and education.

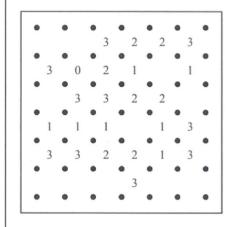
Write the topic sentence for these paragraphs. Can you find the 3 main ideas to list?
1
More than six million people have fled from Syria into bordering countries, including Turkey, Lebanon and Jordan. Three million people have fled from South Sudan to Uganda and more than 700,000 Rohingya refugees have traveled to Bangladesh from Myanmar . This is why World Vision has so many Refugee Programs worldwide. 2.
Timor-Leste is a very food insecure country and has alarming rates of sickness such as malnutrition and anemia. Farming in Timor-Leste involves mostly small plots in rocky soil with low yields and little food storage. There is also poor parent knowledge on nutrition, with disposable income often spent on two-minute noodles and sweets for children. All these factors are being addressed by World Vision staff.
Write the rest of this paragraph based on the LIST STATEMENT topic sentence. The World Vision Organisation aims to help; refugees, communities affected by natural disasters and the shortage of food worldwide. The World Vision Organisation aims to help; refugees, communities affected by natural disasters and the shortage of food worldwide.

THURSDAY - Mathematics

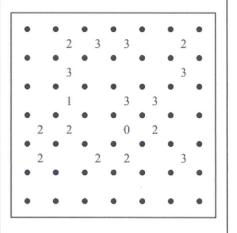
Daily Slitherlink

There are 2 Levels. Please try and complete at least one!





LEVEL 2



Number and Algebra

After the ZOOM, complete your level.

Identify the missing symbols ÷ X - + and place them where you see

Level 1

$$2 12 \times 3 = 72$$

Statistics and Probability

Fractions and Probability

Level 1

Task 1 - Match the marble jar to the probability fractions.

Choosing a red marble

12

Choosing a blue marble

 $\frac{8}{12}$

Choosing a red marble

12

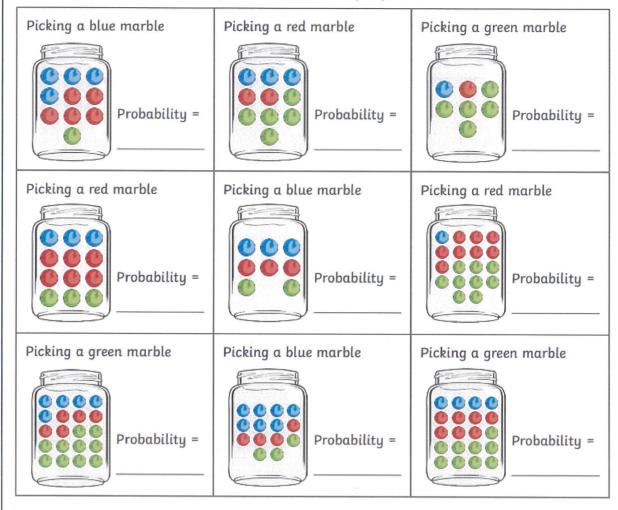
Choosing a green marble

Choosing a green marble

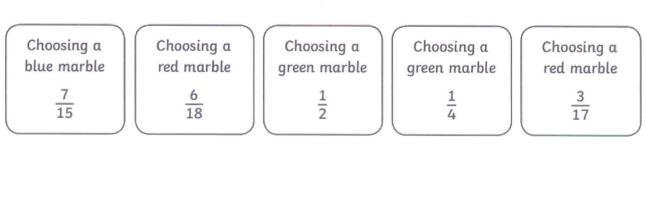
12



Task 2 - Write the probability for each marble jar pick in fraction format.

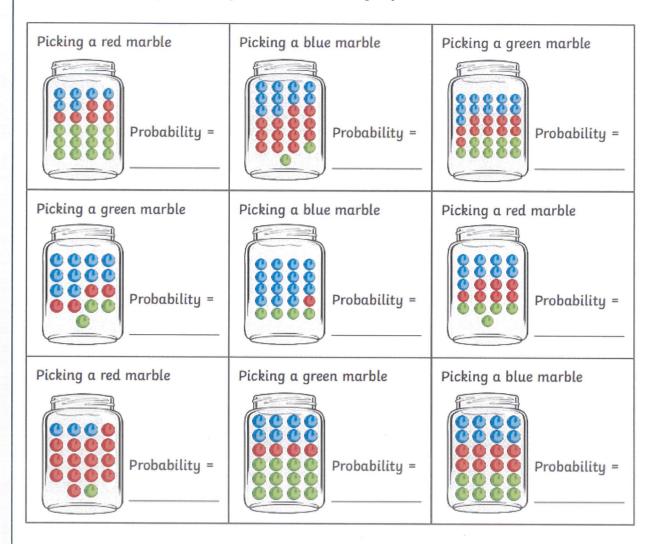


Task 1 - Match the marble jar to the probability fractions.

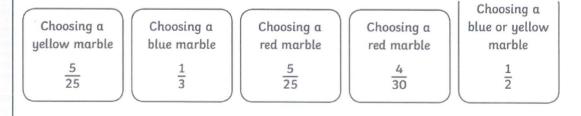




Task 2 - Write the probability for each marble jar pick in fraction format.

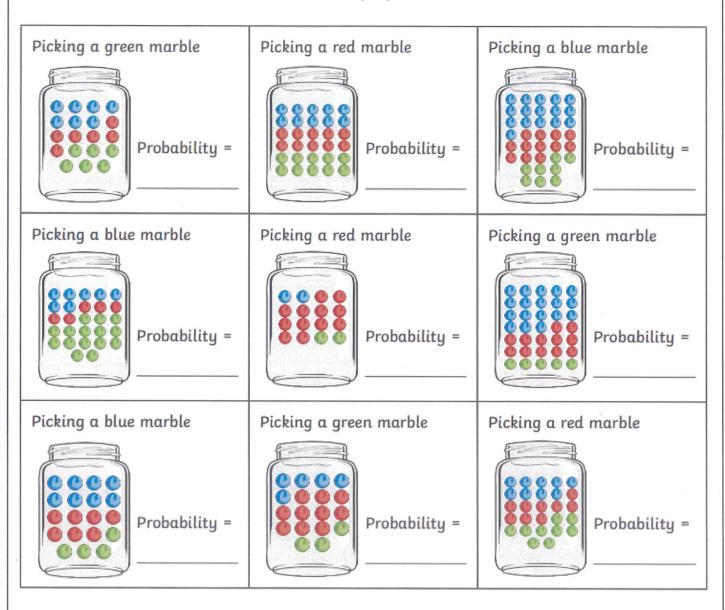


Task 1 - Match the marble jar to the probability fractions.





Task 2 - Write the probability for each marble jar pick in fraction format.



THURSDAY - Afternoon

PDHPE - HEALTH

Stage 3 - Positive Actions Lesson 5 - How to treat bleeding

Quick Recap from last lesson What does DR ABCD stand for?

D = Danger, R = Response, A = Airway, B = Breathing, C = Circulation, D = Defibrillator

What is the primary survey used for? It is used to allow you to establish what level of first aid you need to administer and if you need to call the emergency services.

Activity 1 – Read the statements below. Working with your parent, care-giver or teacher, put the statements into order of importance by numbering them.

Place your ear above their mouth and look down their body; look, listen and feel for normal breathing for up to ten seconds.

You must make sure that the area is safe to approach.

Check that the casualty's airway is open and clear.

Tell the casualty who you are and ask them questions to see if you can get a response.

Check for signs of severe bleeding.

How to Treat Bleeding

Today we are going to learn about what to do if a person is bleeding.

Firstly, if a person is bleeding you need to check whether they are suffering from minor bleeding or severe bleeding.

A Minor bleed is either a cut or graze.

A cut is when the skin is fully broken and a graze is when only the top layers of skin have been scraped off.

Severe bleeding is a deep cut which damages a vein.

Activity 2 - Quick Quiz

Read the scenarios below and decide whether you think the casualty has minor or major bleeding.

Circle your answer.

1. Dad slipped while chopping the carrots and sliced his arm with a sharp knife. Blood was pumping out onto the floor.

Minor Bleeding

Major Bleeding

2. Kate suffered a paper cut while flicking through a magazine. It really stung.

Minor Bleeding

Major Bleeding

3. Mum injured her leg while sawing a piece of wood in the garden. The blood started to come through her trousers.

Minor Bleeding

Major Bleeding

4. Fran was hit by a car while riding her bike. There was a lot of blood coming from her leg.

Minor Bleeding

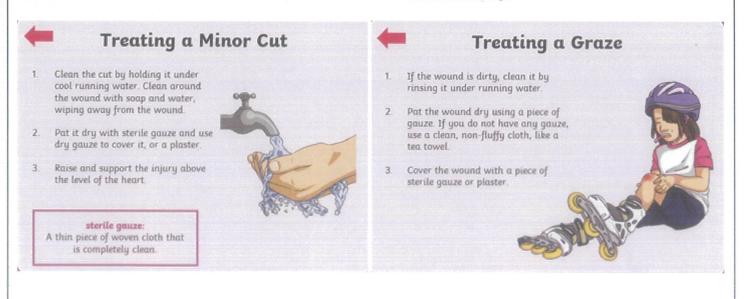
Major Bleeding

5. Ben caught his finger on a sharp staple. It bled for a while, but he put a band-aid on it.

Minor Bleeding

Major Bleeding

Activity 3 - Read the information below on how to treat bleeding.



When should you seek Help?

- · If the wound doesn't stop bleeding
- · Something is stuck in the wound, like a splinter of wood or glass
- The wound was caused by a bite by a human or animal
- You think the wound is infected.

What to do in case of severe bleeding.

Severe bleeding can look scary and it can be upsetting. If someone's bleeding isn't controlled quickly, they may lose a lot of blood. This could cause them to become unresponsive or to develop a life-threatening condition called shock.

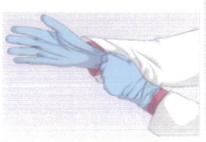
Your main focus should be to stop the bleeding as quickly as possible.

How to treat Severe Bleeding - Read through the 10 steps below.

- 1. Put on gloves (if you can). Open wounds can become infected so wear gloves to protect you both.
- 2. Try to stop the bleeding by pressing firmly on the wound, with your fingers, using a sterile dressing (if possible) or a clean, non-fluffy cloth

If you don't have a dressing, you can ask the casualty to press on the wound themselves.

- 3. If the wound is covered by the casualty's clothing, uncover it by removing or cutting open the clothes.
- 4. If there is an object in the wound, don't pull it out. Instead, push firmly on either side of the object to push the edges of the wound together.
- 5. Ask a helper to call 000 for emergency help. If you are on your own, use the hands-free speaker on the phone so that you can still treat the casualty. Tell the ambulance control where the wound is and how much it is bleeding.
- 6. Firmly secure the dressing with a bandage to keep pressure on the wound. Make it firm enough to keep pressure on the wound to try to stop the bleeding, but not so tight that it stops the blood supply to the rest of the area.
- 7. Check the casualty's blood flow beyond the bandage. To do this, press your finger onto their skin until it turns pale. Then, lift up your finger and watch as the colour returns to their skin. If the colour does not come back within two seconds, the bandage is too tight and needs loosening.
- 8. If the bleeding shows through the pad or dressing you have put on, don't remove it. Put another dressing on top of the first one. If blood seeps through both dressings, remove both and replace with a new dressing, making sure to keep pressure on the wound.
- 9. Support the injured part of their body with a sling or bandage. Keep checking the circulation beyond the bandage every 10 minutes.
- 10. Keep talking to the casualty to check that they are still responding to you.







Think about the previous activities to select the most appropriate box that reflects your level of understanding. Place a tick inside the box you have selected.

Success criteria	I need help to learn to	I am still learning to	I have learned to
I know what a cut and graze is.			
I can identify what minor and severe bleeding is and how to treat it.			
I know when to call for emergency help.			

Activity 4 – PE Challenge

It's time to get out the skipping ropes again and practice our skipping. Time yourself and see how long you can skip for without stopping. Record your three attempts

Attempt 1	Attempt 2	Attempt 3
My time =	My Time =	My Time =
My hest time was		How can Limprove this result for next time?

My best time was _	8	_	How car	ı I improve t	this result fo	or next t	time?
Write your answer:							
						8	

Activity 5 - PE Session Design your own workout

Choose from the table of exercises below and put together your own workout.

	Star Jumps	<u>Burpees</u>	Mountain climbers	Lateral slides
ł	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>mountain oimisoro</u>	<u>Editoral Silacs</u>
	<u>High knees</u>	Push ups / Push Downs	Wall sit hold	<u>Plank</u>
	<u>Squats</u>	Forward Lunges	<u>Sit-ups</u>	<u>Broad jumps</u>

Complete a circuit where you will do each exercise for 30 seconds with a 30 second rest between each exercise.

Round 1	Round 2	Round 3
Exercise 1	Exercise 1	Exercise 1
Exercise 2	Exercise 2	Exercise 2
Exercise 3	Exercise 3	Exercise 3

You will need a safe spot to exercise, enclosed shoes, a stopwatch and a drink bottle. Make sure you spend time warming up doing each of the exercises you have chosen slowly and stretch before you start your own designer workout.

An example of a warm-up could include spiderman stretches, squats, lunges, slow push-downs, light jog or skipping on the spot.

FRIDAY - English

Morning Routine

 Today for Morning Routine, students are to complete the weekly summary activity located in the Google Classroom. For the Talk for Learning task, ask an adult or sibling in your house to join you!

Spelling

TODAY'S SPELLING ASSESSMENT WILL BE DONE DURING THE FRIDAY ZOOM!

Reading

CULTURAL ASSUMPTIONS

A cultural assumption is when an entire culture assumes the same beliefs, attitudes, ideas and thoughts based on their experiences and knowledge. People are more likely to believe things if the people around them believe the same thing.

Even if groups of people all over the world believe the same thing they still can be wrong. Here are some examples of a cultural assumption - believed by people at the time.

Over 500 years ago people believed that the earth was flat.

Over 100 years ago women were thought to be unsuitable for leadership positions.

Over 150 years ago Europeans thought the middle of Australia was an inland sea.

• Read this extract from the 'Poppy - Our Australian Girl' Series. Underline in RED all the cultural assumptions to do with Aboriginals at the time. Underline in BLUE the cultural assumptions to do with girls. This story is set in 1864.

Poppy smiled as she scampered down from branch to branch as nimble as a brushtail possum. "Do be careful, Poppy," Mother Hangtree said. Mother Hangtree looked after the orphans. Some, like Poppy, had no parents and some were taken from their parents by the government, who told them it was for the best.

"Stand clear!" Poppy yelled and jumped to the ground.

Mother Hangtree brushed leaves and dirt from Poppy's pinafore. "Goodness me, where are your shoes and stockings, child? Little girls need to look neat and pretty at all times'.

"You can't climb trees in shoes", Poppy said. Even on the hottest days when the hens lay panting under the bushes, Mother made the children wear lace up shoes and stockings to appear 'respectful and proper'. "It is not proper, running around like little savages," she would say, making a sour face.

Kalinya was Poppy's Aboriginal name. It meant 'pretty one'. When each child was brought to Bird Creek Mission they were given an English name. They were told this would help them forget their Aboriginal heritage. The girls were named after flowers. What Mother Hangtree didn't know was that sometimes Poppy and her brother Gus (Moyhu, meaning the wind) would still use their Aboriginal names even though it was strictly forbidden. Her brother had been out working on the farm next to the orphanage. Poppy longed to work there too, but instead she had to learn sewing and cooking, so she could be 'a good wife someday' according to Mother Hangtree.



Poppy and Gus dreamed of escaping the orphanage. Every time they brought it up, Gus sighed. I've told you before, It's wild out there... no place for a girl. There are bushrangers and escaped convicts. What if you ran into that Harry Power? Worst outlaw in the land". Gus dreamed of owning his own land and riding horses through the bush. They both knew that this dream would never be a reality, as Aboriginals were not allowed to own land. Poppy thought this idea was very strange, as nobody truly 'owns' the land. If they were lucky they could get a job on a settler's farm. Gus might be paid a meagre amount to ride the horses, but Poppy would be stuck in the kitchen or forced to become a maid.

Writing

NEWSFLASH TEMPLATE

• Think of an event or special day that has occurred this term, such as Book Week, Science Week, R.U.OK day, Indigenous Literacy Day, reading the novels 'The Thickety' and 'Wonder'. Make a NEWSFLASH Summary about it and what occurred at TNPS, what your class or you did.

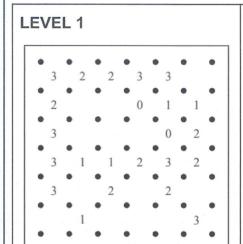
HEADLINE - A short and catchy sentence of the main idea Visual Representation - Draw an image that Supporting Details - List in dot points represents the main idea or a key element of the text

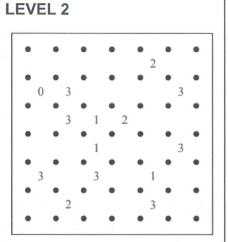
OPTIONAL TASK: Instead of creating it here in the booklet, create it online and submit it through Google Classroom

FRIDAY - Mathematics

Daily Slitherlink

There are 2 Levels. Please try and complete at least one!





Number and Algebra

Please complete the *Google Form Assessment* via the link posted on Google Classroom.

Statistics and Probability

Play some online probability games. Use the links below - or check Google Classroom on Friday.

In each game firstly go to "Step by Step" and complete this.

Then "Test yourself"

https://studyjams.scholastic.com/studyjams/jams/math/probability/find-probability.htm

https://studyjams.scholastic.com/studyjams/jams/math/probability/probability-fraction.htm

Want more? Here are some others for fun!

https://mrnussbaum.com/probability-fair-online-game

https://www.turtlediary.com/games/probability.html

https://www.topmarks.co.uk/Search.aspx?q=probability

FRIDAY - Afternoon

PERSONAL INTEREST PROJECT

This afternoon has been left free for you to choose a personal interest activity - a P.I.P!

YOUR CHOICES ARE:

- You might need to finish off something from the last 2 months of learning from home that you really want to finish or really enjoy doing. Maybe it's an artwork, maybe it's more science experiments, maybe it's to go and do Mrs Deck's fitness challenges again, or some more music fun and playing your instruments.
- **Spend the afternoon researching**, reading, constructing, learning something that you are really interested in.
 - Maybe you want to learn to ukulele? Make things out of origami? Grow your own vegetables?
 - Are you interested in building your English skills and vocabulary? Write a novel? A poem? Make a Youtube video? Research unusual words?
 - Are you fascinated by something in Science? Tsunamis? Cryptology? Australian Animals? The Skeleton? Get researching!
- Consider, what is the purpose? Why you want to do it, and how you will be successful. See the example below.



My Purpose Is...

To get a better understanding of music itself (like why chords actually work where they are) and to learn a whole bunch of new songs that I love on guitar and ukulele.

Why I Want to Do This & Why This Is Worth My Time:

Music and bands have always been something I've been obsessed with so I just decided I would pick up guitar and learn as many of the songs I loved as I could and it's just something that has spread to other instruments. At the moment, I want to be able to make a career out of music so I might as well start to focus on it more.

What Success Will Look Like for Me:

I want to learn at least four songs on guitar and four songs on ukulele. I also want to be able to understand the fundamentals of music theory on guitar.

OPTIONAL TASK: Upload a photo, post, slide, video or comment about your PIP on your Google Classroom. The best thing about learning something new is sharing it!

YEAR 5 SPELLING			
CORE	EXTENSION		
soot	bullies		
sugar	bullying		
woollen	bushranger		
woolly	cushioned		
wolf	ebullience		
couldn't	ebullient		
would've	ebulliently		
shouldn't	footlights		
crooked	fulfilling		
fully	livelihood		
bully	misunderstood		
pulley	penpusher		
bullet	pulleys		
bullock	pulpit		
fullness	pushiness		
womanly	swoosh		
pudding	wolverine		
butcher	wolves		
driftwood	woodwork		
barefoot	woolgrower		
bulldozer			
understood			
knighthood			
cushion			
kookaburra			

YEAR 6 SPELLING			
CORE	EXTENSION		
hoodwink	bookbinder		
ambushed	bulbul		
bullying	bullroarer		
pulleys	bulwark		
would	chequebook		
woman	falsehood		
bullocky	fulcrum		
cuckoo	fulminate		
crookedly	fulmination		
rookery	hookworm		
whoosh	kaput		
bushel	kibbutz		
bulrush	kibbutzim		
fulsome	pullet		
bulletin	pulmonary		
bullion	sootiness		
courier	sputnik		
likelihood	unfulfilling		
fulfilment	woofer		
unfulfilled	worsted		
fulfilling			
ebullient			
woomera			
babushka			
pincushion			
bushwhacker			
misunderstood			

SPELLING ACTIVITY CHOICES

Choose different activities each day

NEW! Rainbow Words!

Choose 3 different coloured pens or pencils, hold them at the same time and write your words to make rainbow words!

Fancy Fonts

Write your spelling words using fancy letters.
Alternatively type your words on the computer, make a word cloud at www.abcya.com

Illustrations Expert

Draw a picture to match the meaning of each of your words.

NEW! News Report

Pretend you are a news TV presenter. Write a script presenting the news and include spelling words

Connect the Dots

Write all spelling words in dots then trace over them in coloured pens or textas

NEW! Times Up!

Set a time for three minutes.
See how many times you can write your words before the timer goes off. Repeat and see if you can beat your own score.

Colour Code

Write all your words. Highlight the vowels in one colour and the consonants in another.

NEW! Sweet Words

Use mini marshmallows, chocolate chips or other lollies or sweets to spell out your words. When you have spelled them out - you can eat them!

Play online games with your spelling words at:

https://www.spellingcity.com/ https://games.forkids.education/ word-safari-lets-catch-letters/

Small Words

Find smaller words in each of your spelling words and highlight them

s<u>hop</u> sing

NEW! Ransom Notes!

Cut out letters from
Newspaper and Magazine
headlines or letters from junk
mail brochures to make
spelling words

Working Out Words

Group your spelling words into nouns, adjectives, verbs, adverbs.

Match Up

Write your words twice on small cards and cut them up. Play games like Go Fish, Snap and Memory

Word Search

Make a word search using 8 words. Get a family member to find them.

3D Words

Make your words out of dried spaghetti, playdough, lego, string or any other manipulative item, can you bake spelling word biscuits!

Clean Your Words!

Make your words with detergent or hand soap, or trace the words into soap suds, then wipe them up!

NEW! Spell it On!

Become a cheerleader and make up a cheer and chant with your words, spelling out each letter with an action.

Optional - make your own pom poms!

Make a newspaper article using spelling words at:

www.fodey.com/generators/news paper/snippet.asp

NEW! Snap and Clap

Say your spelling words out loud. when you say a consonant clap and when you say a vowel snap your fingers.

Edible Words!

Make your words using fruit, vegetables, bread, cheese, mnms, or anything edible.
Spell them, then eat them!

Cartoon Connection

Create a cartoon strip using as many spelling words as you can.

Spelling Search

Search through old magazines or newspapers to find as many spelling words as you can. Cut them out.

Sign Language

Learn the sign language action for each word at www.auslan.org.au/about/dictionary/

Back Writing

Use your finger to spell out each of your spelling words, one letter at a time, on someone in your family's back. Then they do it to you, can you guess the word?

Spelling Charades

Play charades with your family using the spelling words. Alternatively, play 20 questions or celebrity head.

Word Pyramids

Write your words as word pyramids.

s sp spu spun

Hopscotch Words

Make a hopscotch board on your sidewalk or driveway with chalk. Write letters instead of numbers and HOP your words!