

Term 4 Week 1 2021

Websites for Learning

- TNPS school website: <u>https://turramurrn-p.schools.nsw.gov.au</u> For our Learning From Home Packages
- Department of Education Learning from Home: <u>https://education.nsw.gov.au/teaching-and-learning/curriculum/learning-from-home</u>

Should you need to contact your child's teacher please use the following emails:

1W Marienne Galluzzo 1F Nicole Fagan 2M Mary Muldrew 2R Alex Atterton marienne.galluzzo@det.nsw.edu.au nicole.fagan3@det.nsw.edu.au mary.barr2@det.nsw.edu.au alexandra.redford1@det.nsw.edu.au

ENGLISH

- Word Book Online (username: tnps and password: tnps) <u>https://www.worldbookonline.com/kids/home</u>
- Story Box Library (username: tnps and password: tnps) www.storyboxlibrary.com.au
- Possum Magic by Mem Fox https://www.youtube.com/embed/gsmRJ3v457o
- When To Use Their, There, And They're | Pencil Pals | ABC Kids https://www.youtube.com/embed/RqEXAL6hFuw
- Storyline Online https://www.storylineonline.net/ videos featuring celebrated actors reading children's books
- The Literacy Shed <u>https://www.literacyshed.com/</u>
- Dance Mat Typing <u>www.dancemattypingguide.com Typing training with levels for children</u>
- The State Library <u>https://www.sl.nsw.gov.au/learning/kids-and-families</u>
- Ku-ring-gai Library online reader platform for ebooks <u>https://www.krg.nsw.gov.au/Community/Ku-ring-gai-Library</u>

MATHEMATICS

- Mathletics <u>https://www.mathletics.com/au/</u>
- Fuzz Buzz Graphing Game https://www.abcya.com/games/fuzz_bugs_graphing
- Number Grid Fireworks Game https://www.abcya.com/games/100_number_grid
- ABC Splash Mathematics activities for K-10 https://education.abc.net.au/home#!/resources/-/mathematics
- Mathematics activities for K-10 <u>https://nrich.maths.org/</u> with a focus on developing mathematical thinking and problem-solving skills
- <u>https://education.nsw.gov.au/campaigns/mathematics/everyday-maths</u> Fun, creative and practical activities to develop everyday Maths skills

SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

- Making your own Lava Lamp https://www.questacon.edu.au/outreach/programs/science-circus/videos/lava-lamp
- Pop Top Fountain Experiment https://www.questacon.edu.au/outreach/programs/science-circus/videos/pop-top-fountain
- ABC Education- Pushing and Pulling Game https://www.scootle.edu.au/ec/viewing/L700/index.html
- Coding Activities for Kids https://code.org/
- https://thekidshouldseethis.com/ for Years 2-10. A collection of 4,300+ kid-friendly videos
- NASA Kids Club: <u>https://www.nasa.gov/kidsclub/index.html</u>
- Science for kids has some great experiments you could try at home. http://www.sciencekids.co.nz/

HSIE – HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY

- National Geographic Kids https://www.natgeokids.com/au/category/kids-club/
- ABC Education- Garden Detective Game https://www.scootle.edu.au/ec/viewing/L1118/L1118/index.html

CREATIVE ARTS

- Dance exploration <u>https://www.gonoodle.com/</u>
- Drama Activities https://www.teachstarter.com/au/blog/drama-games-lesson-ideas-activities-for-kids-k-3/

PERSONAL DEVELOPMENT / HEALTH / PHYSICAL EDUCATION

- Sound Walk- How to Deal with Big Feelings https://www.youtube.com/embed/xO8sn5eelao
- Be Prepared- Beach and Pool Safety <u>https://www.youtube.com/embed/9rF9QTVFIS0</u>
- Cosmic Yoga has great creative yoga videos that are easy for children to follow. <u>https://www.youtube.com/user/CosmicKidsYoga</u>



1F Zoom Classes WEEK 1 TERM 4 2021

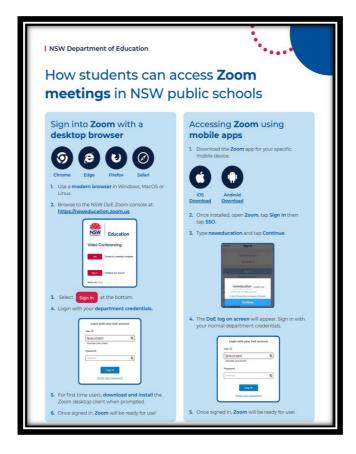
The Zoom meeting ID and passwords for this week are:

Class	Zoom Meeting ID		Zoom Meeting Password	
1F	Morning am	Afternoon pm	Morning am	Afternoon pm
	641 8558 1495	641 9253 4287	496589	046320

Each class will have a Zoom class in the morning and another, with different content, in the afternoon. Each session will be approximately 30-45 minutes as indicated. Students are expected to attend both the morning and afternoon session each day. The video conference room is like a classroom, and the same school behaviour and discipline policies apply to this environment. Students need to access Zoom via <u>https://nsweducation.zoom.us/</u> and are required to use their **DoE student portal login** to gain access. **The DoE user ID and DoE password will be the same as last term.**

Tuesday 5 October, Wednesday 6 October, Thursday 7 October and Friday 8 October

Time	Class
9.30am	KK & KW & 5T & 6B
10.30am	1F & 1W & 2M & 2R
11.30am	3R & 3H & 4H
12.15pm	KK & KW & 5T & 6B
1.30pm	1F & 1W & 2M & 2R
2.15pm	3R & 3H & 4H

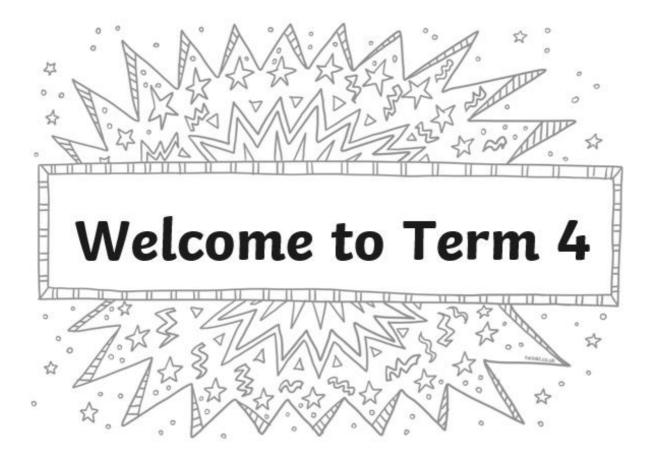


Week 1 Term 4 – Learning from Home Stage 1 Year 1 and 2

You may need help from a parent/carer and possibly resources from your teacher.

Two activities have been selected for feedback. They are highlighted on the timetable. On Thursday and Friday, some Mathematics activities will be completed on Zoom.

	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Morning	Spelling Reading Writing ZOOM 10:30am	Spelling Reading Writing ZOOM 10:30am	Spelling <mark>Reading</mark> Writing ZOOM 10:30am	Spelling Reading Writing ZOOM 10:30am
Break	Break	Break	Break	Break
Middle	Mathematics	Mathematics	Mathematics	Mathematics
Break	Break	Break	Break	Break
Afternoon	ZOOM 1:30pm Art	No ZOOM Wellbeing	ZOOM 1:30pm PDHPE	ZOOM 1:30pm Music



TUESDAY - English

Spelling

• Ask a family member to pre-test you with the Week 1 spelling words. If a family member cannot help you, choose words that you find tricky to spell.

Year 1 students should choose 10 words from the spelling list to complete the daily activities.

Year 1 Week 1 Spelling Words			
00			
Cara	b oo t Extension	Thoma	
Core	Extension	Theme	
do	balloon	poetry	
to	blew	cinquain	
into	broom	rhyming	
who	classroom	alliteration	
two	flew	onomatopoeia	
too	grew	haiku	
moon	juice	acrostic	
boot	school		
food	spoon	Demon	
room	threw	misunderstood	
cool	through	uncooperative microorganism	
noon	true	newsletter	
цои	Tuesday	typewriter	
flew	use	eyewitness	
new	used	consequence influential	
knew	using	picturesque	
NITE OU	USING	I L	

WE B-E-E SPELLING

Year 2 students should choose 12 -
15 words from the spelling list to
complete the daily activities.

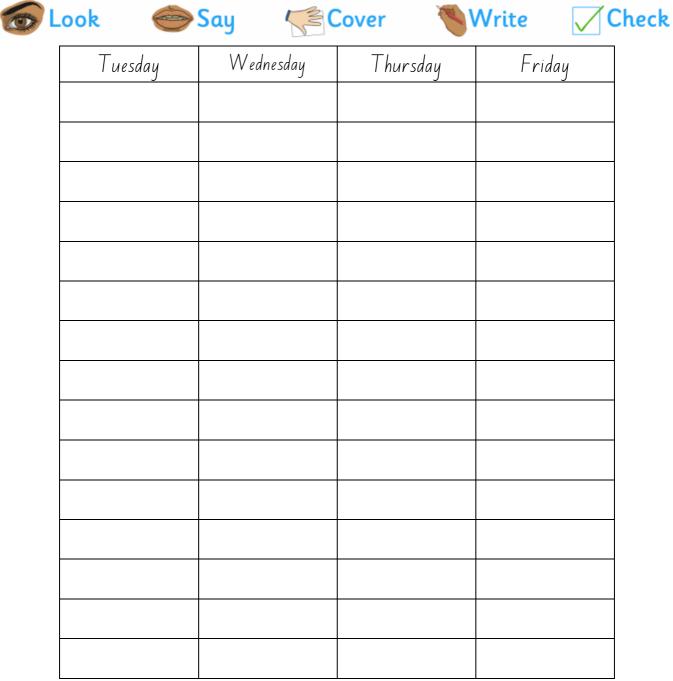
Year 2 Week 1 Spelling Words				
oo ew ue u_e u				
boot screw glue flute ruler				
Core	Extension	Theme		
too	argue	poetry		
two	canoe	cinquain		
уои	choose	rhyming		
who	computer	alliteration		
doing	during	onomatopoeia		
soon	fortune	haiku		
food	fruit	acrostic		
moon	goose			
room	qroup	Demon		
school	jewel	misunderstood		
	5	uncooperative		
few	juice	microorganism		
new	loose	newsletter		
knew	mood	typewriter		
flew	nephew	eyewitness		
USE	rescue	consequence influential		
blue	smooth	picturesque		
true	spoon			
tube	suit			
June	through			
cube	Tuesday			



Must do:

• Practise your spelling words each day.

Remember to look, say, cover, write, check and correct each word.



Can do:



Write each of your spelling words, jumbled up, on the left side of your page. Swap with a partner and see if they can unscramble each of the words and write the correct word on the right side of the sheet.

ahgul <u>laugh</u> Spelling Task Cards

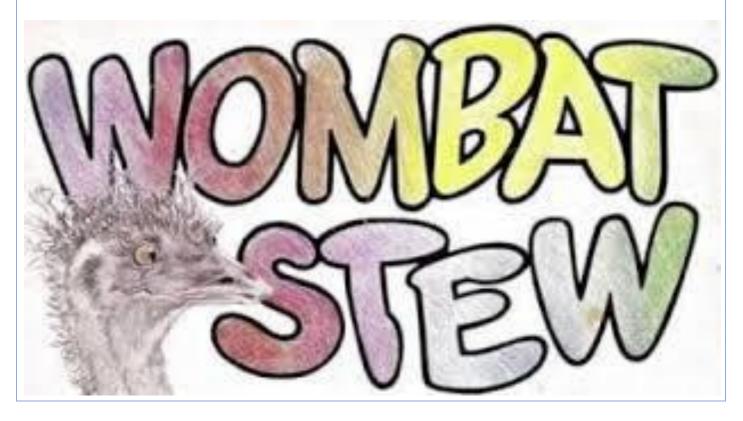
Reading



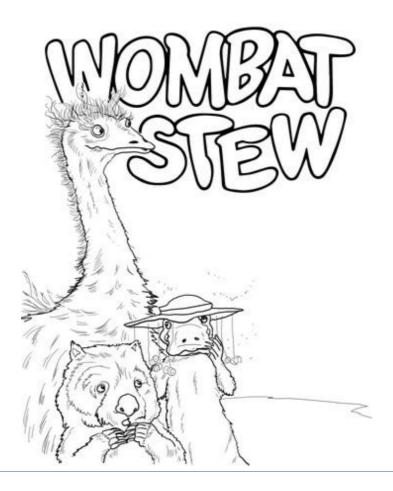
Watch Wombat Stew by Marcia Vaughan. https://www.youtube.com/embed/8Z6MapiRNWY

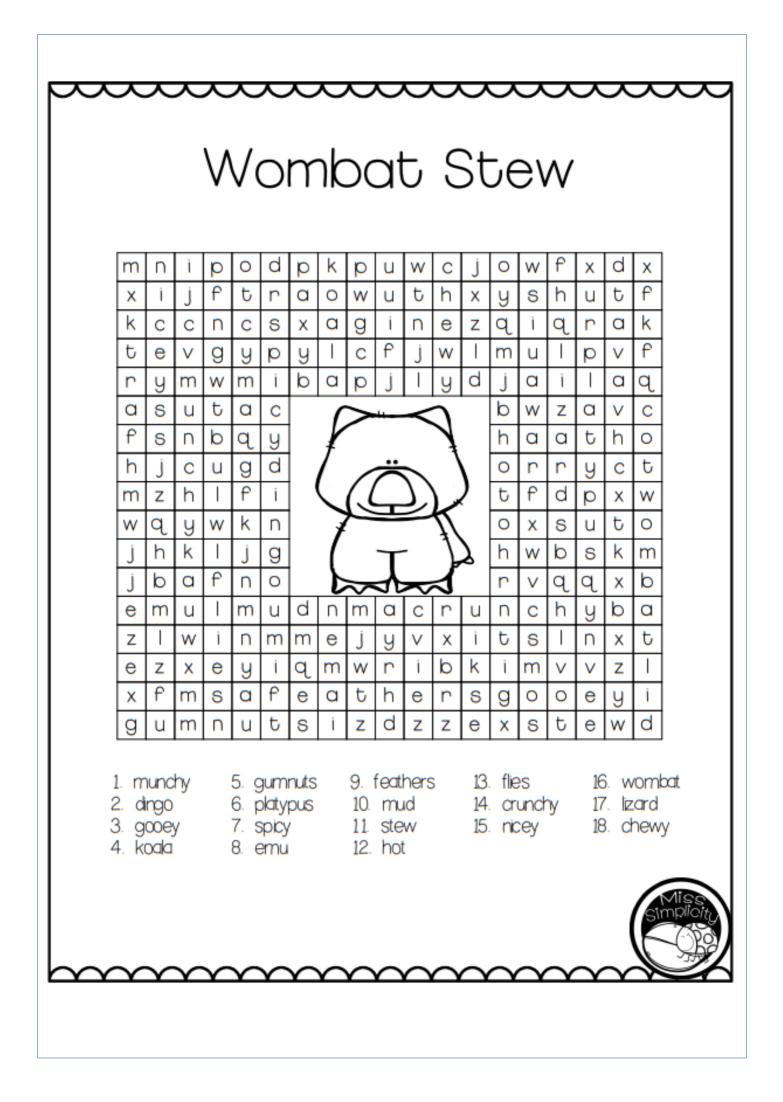


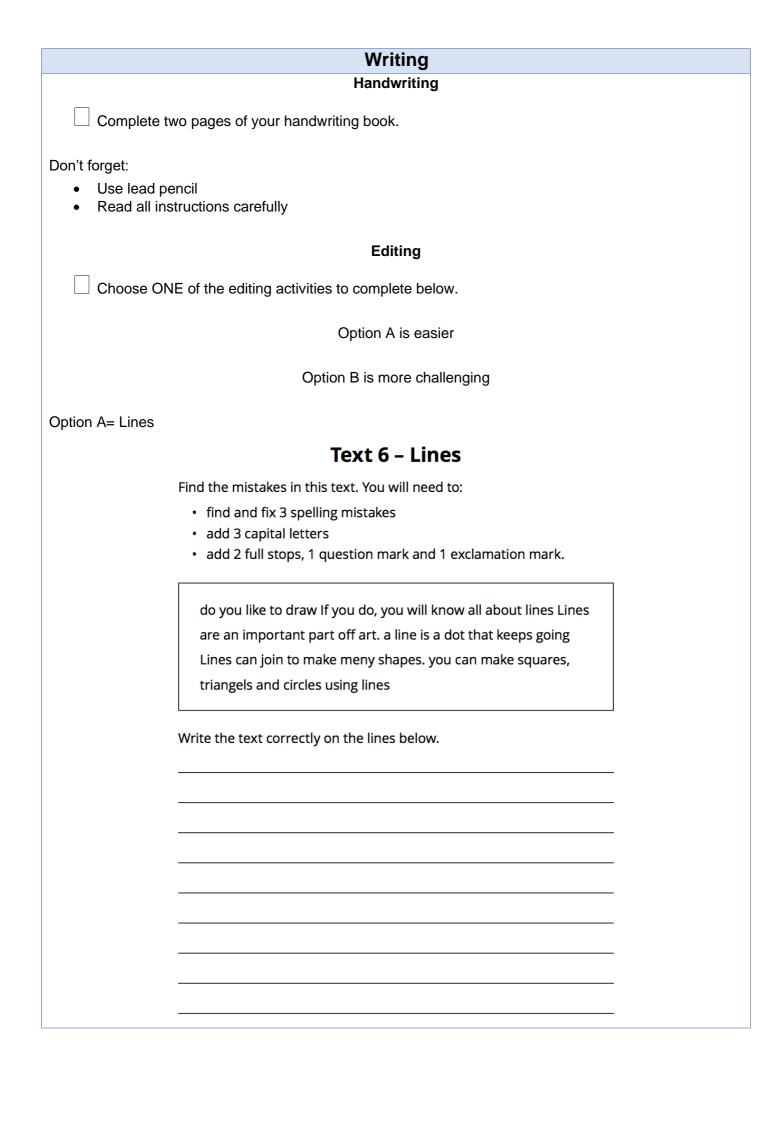
How many words can you hear that rhyme? Write the rhyming pair of words in the table below.



<u> </u>				
	Wo	rd Detectiv	es - Wombat St	ew
	Story Word	Context	What you think it means.	Replace it with another word
	billabong	One day, on the banks of a <u>billabong</u> , a very clever dingo caught a wombat		-
				_
	ambling	Platypus came ambling up the bank.		-
	ironbarks	Waltzing out from the shade of the ironbarks came Emu.		-
	quills	"Wait a bit. Not so fast," Echidna bristled, shaking the red dust from his <u>quills</u> .		
<u>,</u>				







Option B= Littering

Text 6 – Littering

Correct the text using editing marks. There are 15 errors to find.

littering is a waste of naturel resources many of the items left lieing on the ground could be re-cycled or reused in some way.

If these items is not disposed of properly, brand-new items must be made to replace them? This means that more natural materials must be procesed to make new items. these resources will eventually run out! It is more expensive too make new items then to recycle or reuse old ones. putting litter in the bin helps peeple save money and conserve resources

Editing Marks	
Capital letter	≡
End punctuation	
Insert a word	٨
Change to lower case	/ I.c.
Take something out	97
Check spelling	SP SP
New paragraph	¶

Write the text correctly on the lines below.

Answers:

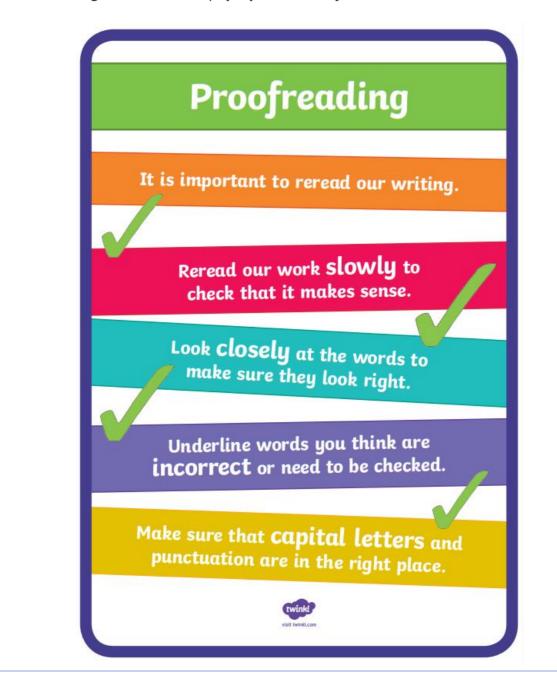
Text 6 - Lines

Do you like to draw? If you do, you will know all about lines! Lines are an important part of art. A line is a dot that keeps going. Lines can join to make **many** shapes. You can make squares, **triangles** and circles using lines.

Text 6 - Littering

Littering is a waste of **natural** resources. Many of the items left **lying** on the ground could be **recycled** or reused in some way.

If these items **are** not disposed of properly, brand-new items must be made to replace them. This means that more natural materials must be **processed** to make new items. These resources will eventually run out! It is more expensive **to** make new items **than** to recycle or reuse old ones. **P**utting litter in the bin helps **people** save money and conserve resources.



TUESDAY - Mathematics

Minute Maths

If 10 is the answer, what could the question be? There are many questions we could ask where the answer will be 10. How many can you come up with? Here are some below:

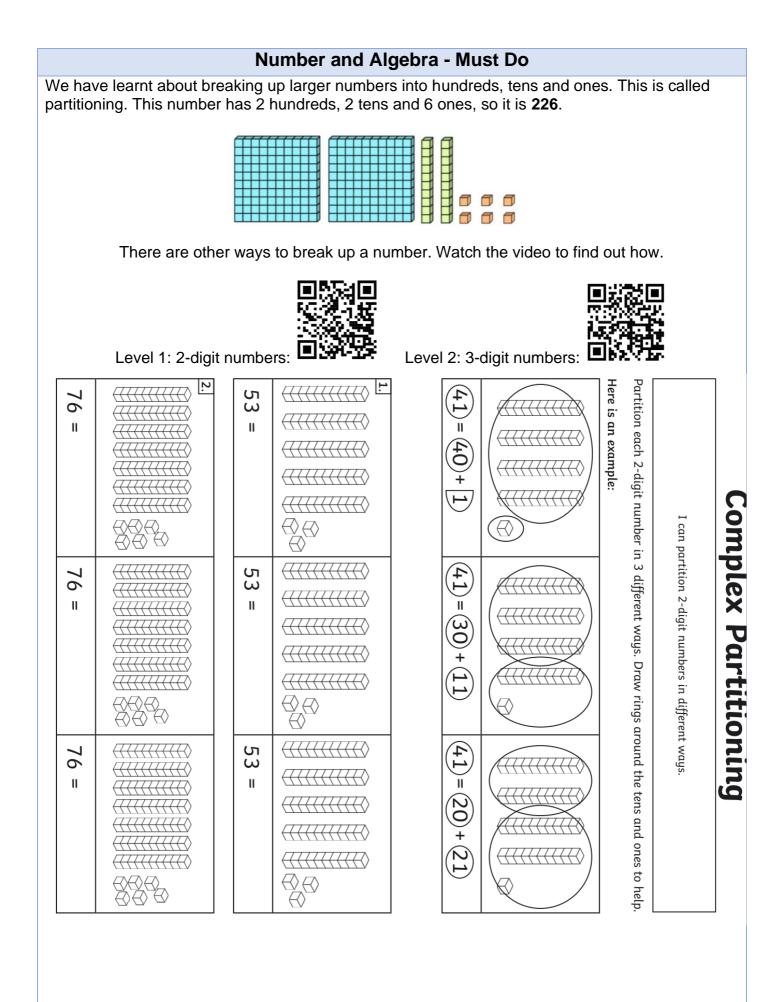
double 5 = 10	30 shared between 3 = 10	a quarter of 40 = 10
16 - 6 = 10	5 groups of 2 = 10	half of 20 = 10

Now try with a different number below: Try and write as many questions to make the number as possible!

Level 1: The answer is 15. What are the questions?

Level 2: The answer is 65. What are the questions?

Level 3: The answer is 350. What are the questions?

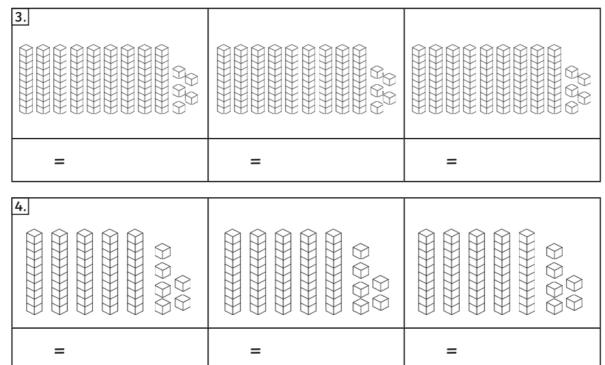


3.		
89 =	89 =	89 =
68 =	68 =	68 =
5. \(\begin{aligned} \begin{aligned} \(\begin{aligned} \begin{aligned} \(\begin{aligned} \begin{aligned} \(\begin{aligned} \begin{aligned} \begin{aligned} \(\begin{aligned} \begin{aligned} alig		
93 =	93 =	93 =
6.		
37 =	37 =	37 =

Number and Algebra - Can Do

Try breaking up these numbers by yourself. You need to first work out what the total number is. Then come up with 3 different ways to break it up.

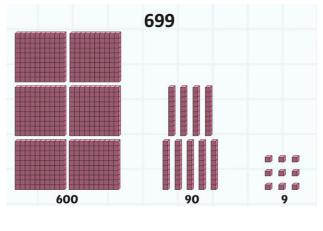
Level 1:

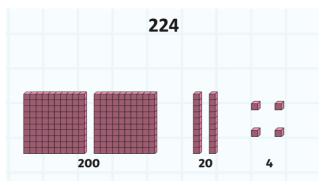


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TUESDAY – Art

Line Art

Line is one of the most important elements of art. In this lesson we are using line to design! Find two different sized papers that are also different colours.

Using a ruler, divide the paper up as I have done below. Make sure you take a photo of this because you will need it!



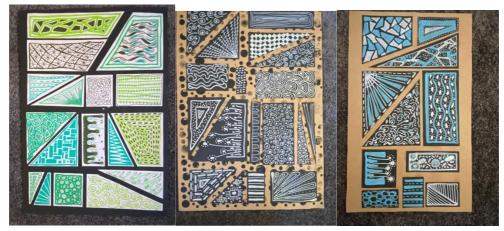
Now cut along the back lines and place the pieces of paper onto the larger page. When they are all in the correct position stick each piece onto the larger piece of paper leaving a space in between.



Once you have done that take a thick black marker and begin to use line to create pattern and repetition. Keep going until all the areas are filled with different line.



You may like to add colour too. Here are some others I have completed. Have fun.

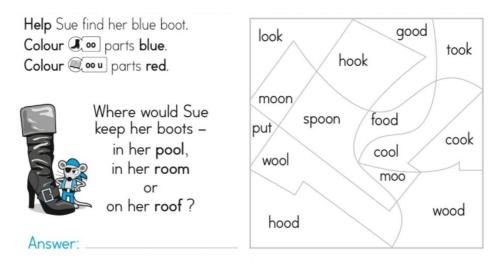


WEDNESDAY - English Spelling Must do: • Using the table in Monday's spelling, practise your spelling words. Remember to look, say, cover, write, check and correct each word. Image: Cover <

-	
00	b oo t,
ew	scr ew ,
ue	gl ue ,
u_e	flute,
u	ruler,

Can Do:

spelling lists to help you.



Write u_e in the spaces. Join each word to its clue.

★ We sometimes write u_e for I oo ew ue u_e u as in flute /f/l/oo/t/, or for yoo as in cube /c/y/oo/b/.

$r _ d _ \bullet \bullet a$ month	t_b_ • • musical notes
J_n_• bad manners	t_n_ • • very big
cb • • a solid shape	h_g_ • • holds toothpaste

Reading

Must Do:

Read pages 6 – 9 of Poems and Rhymes

http://www.worldbookonline.com/wb/ebooks/mall/instt/catalog/urn:ISBN:9780716645702/detail.do Username: tnps Password: tnps

Identify the rhyming word pairs and write them in the table below. Can you think of another word that rhymes with the pair?



Rhyming pair of words in book below, go	Your rhyming word show
below, go	show

Can Do:	
	Create your own alphabet rhyme only using the letters in your name.
	CERECT AND

Writing

This term we will be learning about different types of Poetry.

The first type of Poetry we are learning about is a 'Cinquain'



A five-line poem that contains vivid imagery and conveys a certain mood or emotion.



A Cinquain is a poem with 5 lines:

Snow	1 Title	One word on the first line
Lovely, white	2 Adjectives	Two describing words
Falling, dancing, drifting	3 Verbs	Three action words (that usually end in -ing)
Covering everything it touches	4 words to make a sentence	Four words which describe more information or how you feel about it
Blanket	1 Synonym	One word which is another word for the title.

1 word TITLE 2 ADJECTIVES 3 VERBS 4 words to make a SENTENCE 1 SYNONYM for the title.

Flowers Colourful, fragrant Swaying, growing, blooming Make me feel happy Blossoms

Penguin Flightless, gentle Swimming, flipping, freezing Wandering in the cold artic Bird

Parties

Fun, crazy, loud Talking, laughing, dancing Having fun with friends Celebrations

Adjectives

Adjectives are describing words.

For example: happy, sad, big, small, green, colourful, sparkly.

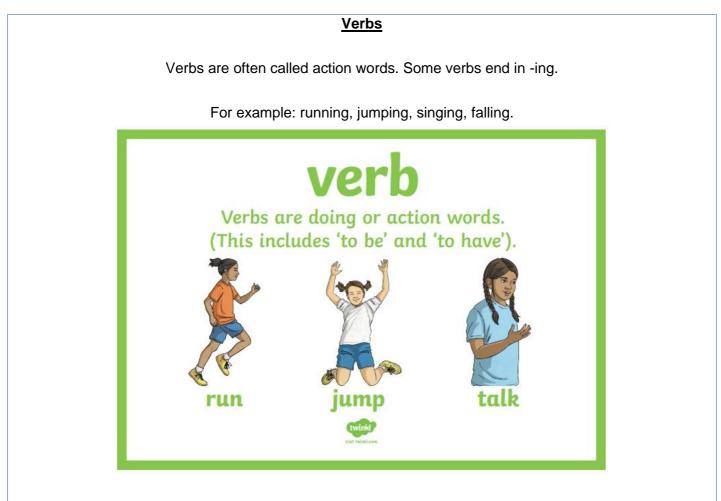


Look at the words below and circle the adjective (describing word):

a.	dog small cat
b.	Australia brave girl
с.	smelly dog mouse
d.	sea yellow tree

Write an adjective to describe each of the words (nouns) below:

e	dog
f	ocean
g	_classroom
h	_ fridge



Look at the words below and circle the verb:

a.	dog small cleaning
b.	brave girl running
с.	swimming smelly dog
d.	sea yellow thinking

Write a verb to describe each of the words (nouns) below:

e. The girl was ______.

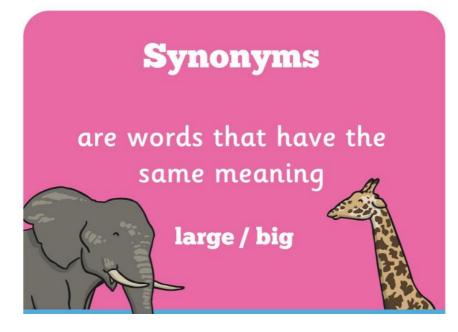
f. The leaf was _____.

g. The ocean was ______.

<u>Synonyms</u>

A synonym is a word that means the same or a similar thing as another word.

For example: happy = joyful. Sad = upset. Dog = puppy. Grass = lawn.



Look at the words below and circle the synonym for each word.

a.	Small=	hall big tiny
b.	Afraid=	happy scared brave
с.	Cat=	feline dog mouse
d.	Ocean=	sea sand tree

Write a synonym for each of the words below:

e. Cold = _____

f. Surprised = _____

g. Flower = _____

h. School = _____

WEDNESDAY - Mathematics

Minute Maths

How did you go with minute maths yesterday? We are doing the same activity today but with different numbers. **Try and come up with 1 or 2 more questions than yesterday to make your number!**

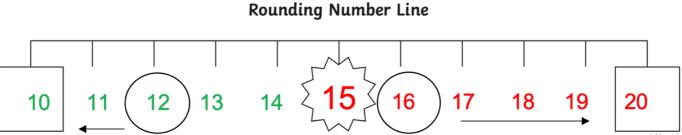
Level 1: The answer is 20. What are the questions?

Level 2: The answer is 90. What are the questions?

Level 3: The answer is 460. What are the questions?

Number and Algebra - Must Do

Rounding numbers means: which number is this number closest to? We round numbers because it helps us to estimate. If we are trying to figure out which 10s number is closest, we can place it on a number line to help. We need to look carefully at the number that is in the ones place to help us.



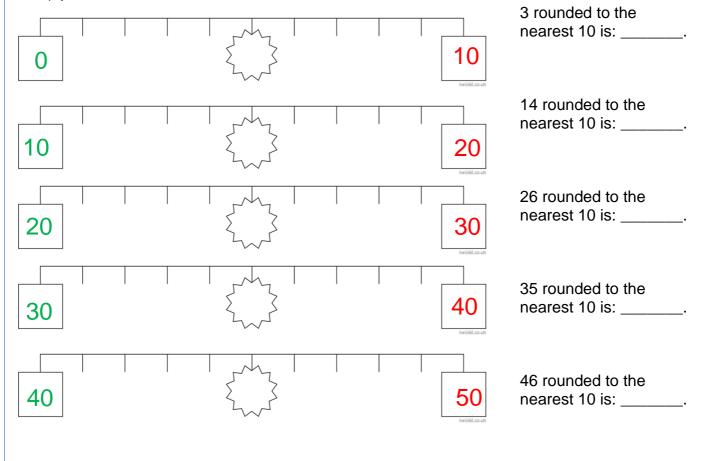
If we want to round 12 to the nearest 10s number (10, 20 or 30), we can see that 12 is closer to 10 than it is to 20. It would round DOWN to 10.

If we want to round 16 to the nearest 10s number, we can see that 16 is closer to 20. It would round UP to 20.

15 will always round UP even though it is halfway between 10 and 20. You need to look at the number in the ones place to figure out how to round it. If the number has a 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4, in the ones place, you must round down. If it has a 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 in the ones place, you must round up.

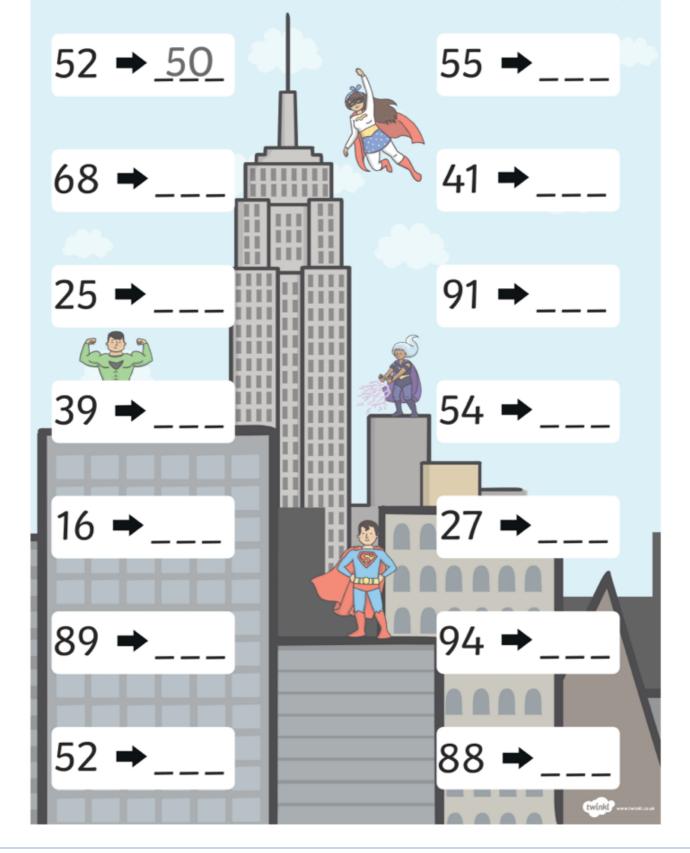


Round these numbers to the nearest 10s number. Use the number line and the number in the ones place to help you.



Superhero Themed Rounding to 10

Round the numbers below to the nearest 10. The first one has been done for you.



Level 2: We can also round to the nearest 100s number. This time instead of looking at the number in the ones place, we need to look at the number in the tens place to work it out. On this number line, the numbers are going up in 10s. 160 140 150 170 180 190 130 200 100 120 110 If we want to round 140 to the nearest 100s number (100, 200 or 300), we can see that 140 is closer to 100 than it is to 200. It would round DOWN to 100. Also, the number in the tens place is 4, so we always round 4 or less down. If we want to round 160 to the nearest 100s number, we can see that 160 is closer to 200. It would round UP to 200. Also, the number in the tens place is 6, so we always round 5 or more up. 120 rounded to the nearest 100 is:_____ 100 200 270 rounded to the nearest 100 is:_____ 200 300 320 rounded to the 300 400 nearest 100 is: 700 650 rounded to the 600 nearest 100 is:_____. 800 900 890 rounded to the nearest 100 is:

Challenge: Round these to the nearest hundred. Remember: look at the number in the tens place to figure it out.

117:	9 <mark>9</mark> 6:
261:	418:
7 <mark>0</mark> 9:	5 <mark>5</mark> 5:

Number and Al	gebra - Can Do
Circle the correct answer:	
Round to the nearest 10	
307 300 310 320 574 500 580 570	268 200 300 270 4663 4700 4600 4500
Write as many numbers as you ca	n that would round to:
50:	
110:	
500:	
700:	
Challenge:	
1500:	

WEDNESDAY – Wellbeing Time

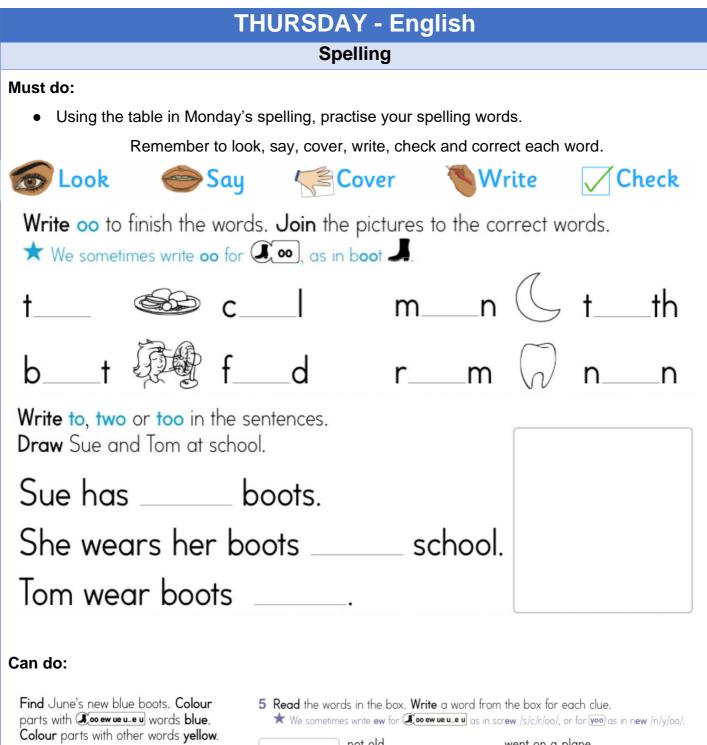
Use this time to focus on your wellbeing.

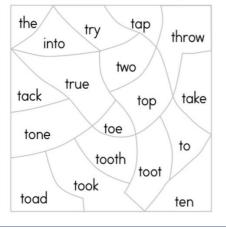


Choose an activity from the ideas below or think of something that you enjoy doing.

Try to choose an activity that is away from the screen to give your eyes a rest.







new	knew	not old	went on a plane
	drew	not many	tossed a ball
flew	grew threw	did draw	became bigger
DIEW	Inrew	did know	the wind
Read	the wor	ds in the box Write a word	from the box for each clue
★ W		es write ue for Joo ew ue u_e u as	from the box for each clue. s in glue /g/l/oo/, or for yoo as in rescue
★ W	le sometime	es write ue for Joo ew ue u_e u as	s in gl ue /g/l/oo/, or for yoo as in resc ue
★ W /r blue clue	le sometime /e/s/c/y/oc	es write ue for (co ew ue u_e u) as /. not a lie a colour	s in glue /g/l/oo/, or for 🚾 as in rescue sticky stuff

Must Do:

Similes are used in poetry to make them interesting. They help the reader understand the poem better and visualise it in their mind.

Learn about similes https://www.youtube.com/embed/ROmKMtLWY14





Reading

A simile uses the words 'like' or 'as' to compare one object or idea with another to suggest they are alike.





The boat was leaking like a sieve.

Put a circle around the correct word.

- 1. The boy ran as quick as a slug/fox.
- 2. The coins shone as brightly as the sun/watch.
- 3. Jessie swam as smoothly as a sheep/fish.
- 4. The giant laughed as loud as whispers/thunder.
- 5. The bells tinkled like giants/fairies laughing.
- 6. The man was as tall as a cat/house.
- 7. The baby was as quiet as a mouse/dog.
- 8. The boy on the skateboard whizzed by like a rocket/snail.

Can Do:

Inventing New Similes

Have a look at these well-known similes and think up some new up-to-date versions...

1. As happy as a pig in mud.

New version: As happy as...

2. As fresh as a daisy.

New version: As fresh as...

3. As busy as a bee.

New version: As busy as...

4. As cool as a cucumber.

New version: As cool as...

5. As clean as a whistle.

New version: As clean as...

6. As flat as a pancake.

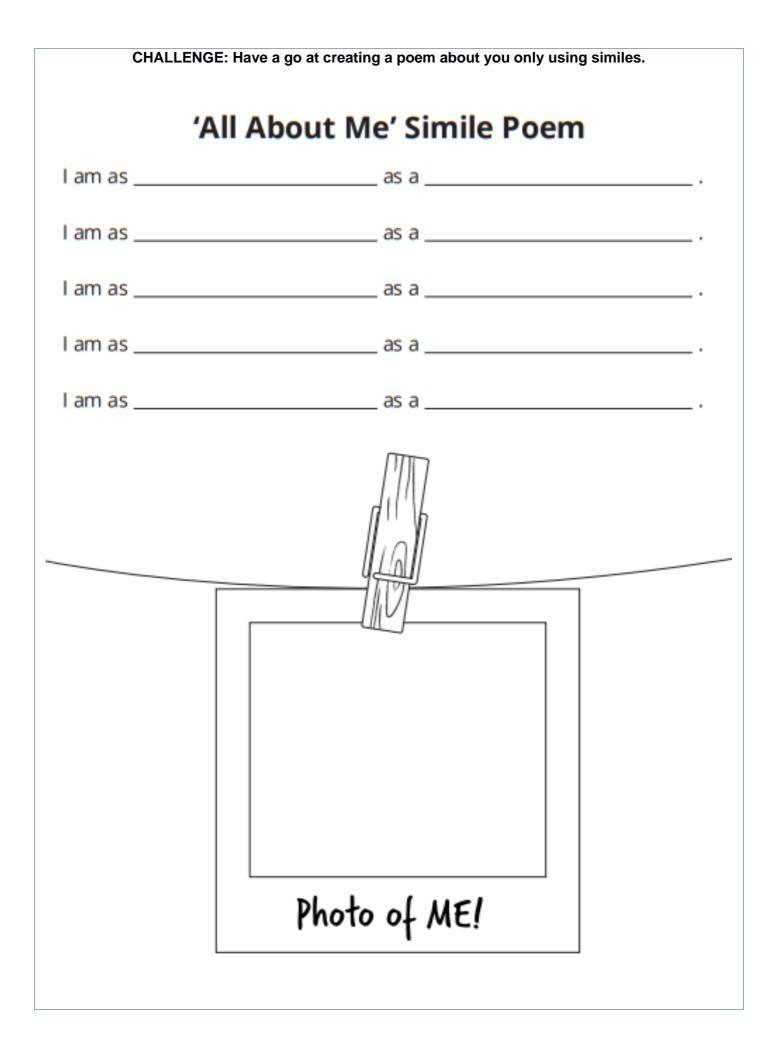
New version: As flat as...

7. As quick as a wink.

New version: As quick as...

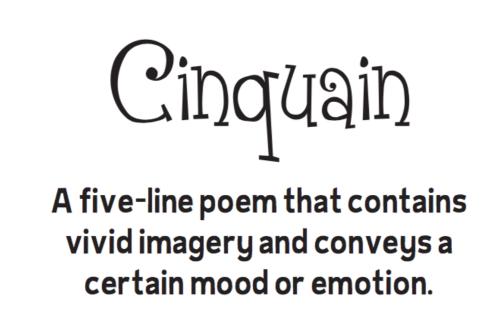
8. As snug as a bug in a rug.

New version: As snug as...



Writing

Today you will be writing your own Cinquain.





Remember, a Cinquain is a poem with 5 lines:

Cat	1 Title	One word on the first line
Clever, sly	2 Adjectives	Two describing words
Walking, climbing, jumping	3 Verbs	Three action words (that usually end in -ing)
Slipping through the night	4 words to make a sentence	Four words which describe more information or how you feel about it
Spectator	1 Synonym	One word which is another word for the title.

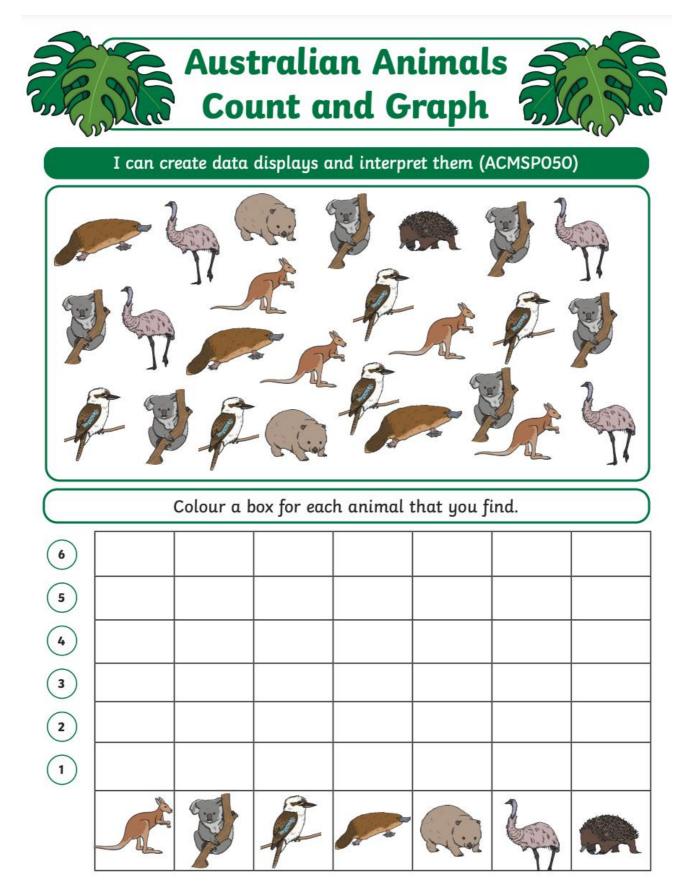
You may lil	Write your own cinquain on the topic 'Dog' below. te to use some of the suggested words or come up with <u>y</u>	your own.
		,
	Dog	
	(Title)	
	(2 Adjectives that describe the title)	
	(3 Verbs that usually end in -ing)	
	(4 words to make a sentence)	
	(1 Synonym for the Title)	
	(r synonym for the rite)	
erbs: playing, runnin	r, playful, scary, vicious, brown, smelly. g, swimming, biting, growling, sleeping, snoring. t-friend, guard, family.	
(erbs: playing, runnin Synonym: puppy, bes	g, swimming, biting, growling, sleeping, snoring. t-friend, guard, family.	
(erbs: playing, runnin Synonym: puppy, bes	g, swimming, biting, growling, sleeping, snoring. t-friend, guard, family.	
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erbs: playing, runnin ynonym: puppy, bes	g, swimming, biting, growling, sleeping, snoring. t-friend, guard, family.	
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/erbs: playing, runnin Synonym: puppy, bes	g, swimming, biting, growling, sleeping, snoring. t-friend, guard, family.	
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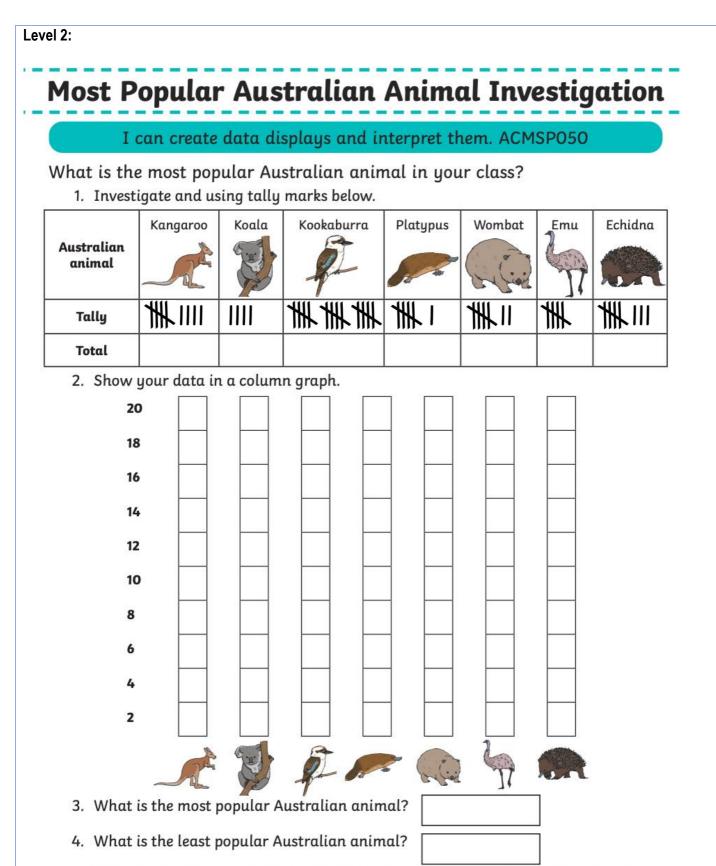
Can do:	
Now, choose your own topic and complete your own Cinquain poem.	
(Title)	
(The)	
,,,,,	
(2 Adjectives that describe the title)	
(3 Verbs that usually end in -ing)	-
(5 verbs that doubly end in hig)	
(4 words to make a sentence)	
(1 Synonym for the Title)	
Illustrate your Cinquain here:	
indstrate your emquain here.	

THURSDAY - Mathematics

Minute Maths

Level 1:





5. What is the difference between the least and most popular Australian animal?

Statistics and Probability - Must Do Complete this activity during your class zoom

Class Birthdays

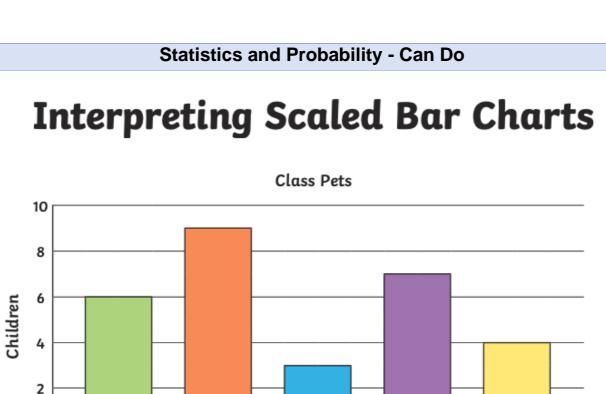
Task: Find out what month of the year has the most birthdays in your class.

- 1. Investigation question:
- 2. Collect your data using tally marks.

Month	January	February	March	April
Tally				
Total				
Month	Μαγ	June	July	August
Tally				
Total				
Month	September	October	November	December
Tally				
Total				

What month had the most birthdays and how many?

What month had the least amount of birthdays and how many?



fish

Pets

rabbit

hamster

Answer the following questions.

dog

0

What is the most common pet? _____

2. How many pets are there in the class? _____

3. How many more rabbits than hamster are there?

cat

4. How many fewer dogs than cats are there?

Write your own questions for a friend.



THURSDAY – PDHPE

PDHPE Team Games

Week 1 – My Favourite Team

Activity 1 – Team work – Human Knot Challenge

You will need help from your family or siblings at home.

Human Knot: In a group of up to 8, stand in a circle, close your eyes and hold someone else's hand (not the person next to you). Do the same with your other hand. Open your eyes and try to undo the knot you've created without dropping hands! Think about how you might need to move your body and direct others.

Remember to talk to each other and try to untangle the knot.

When you're working as a team it's important that everyone involved wants to reach the same goal and can listen to each other.

Discuss with your parent, care-giver or teacher what would happen if teams didn't listen to each other? Write your answer below.

Activity 2 – Research your favourite sporting team.

Now it's time to research your favourite sporting team. It could be a Netball, Basketball, NRL, AFL, Soccer or cricket team.

Answer the questions below

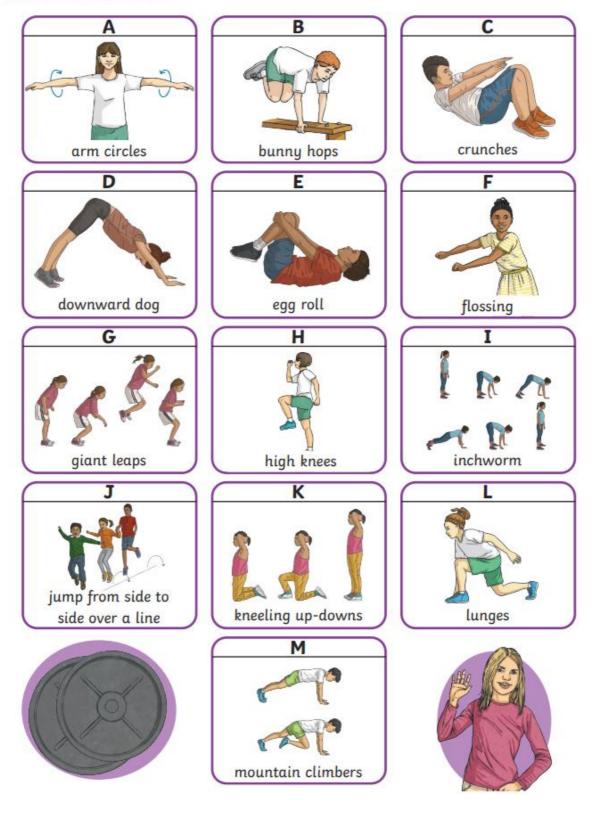
- 1. Name of Team
- 2. Captain of the team

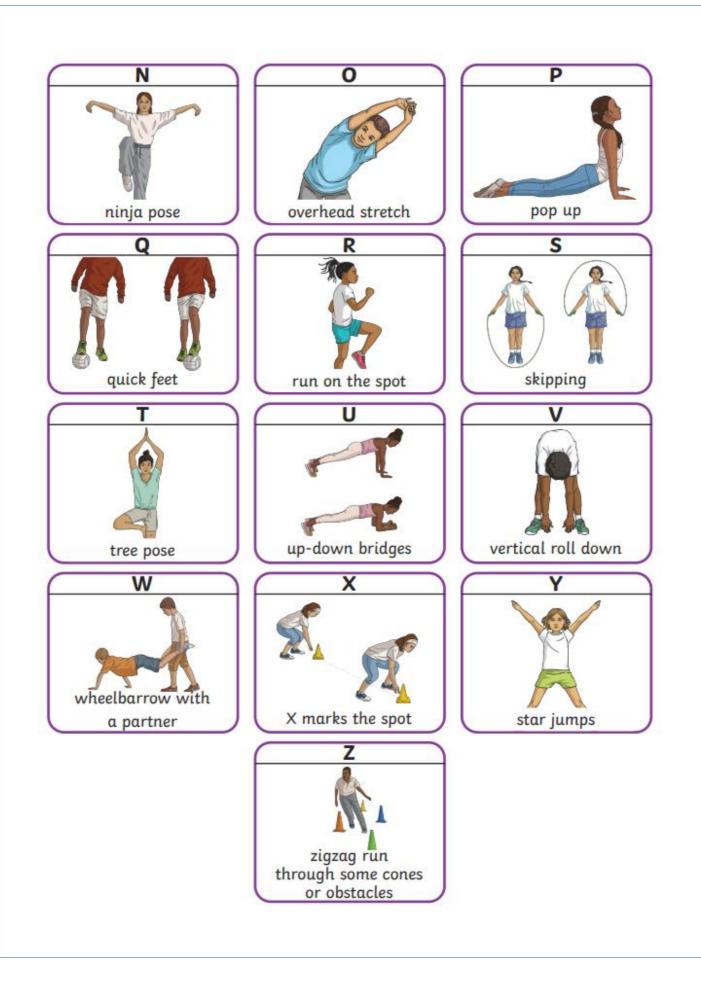
3. Team's Achievements

4.	Your favourite player/players in the team.	
5.	Why is this team your favourite?	
6.	What makes this team work well together?	
	Activity 3 – PE Activity – Alphabet Exe	ercise and Movement Challenge
	Write down your first and	d last name below
	ow look at the sheets on the next page and lool esponding exercise. Then complete the moven	
For exa	ample: Jane Deck	
	J = jump from side to side over a line	D = downward dog
	A = arm circles	E = egg roll
	N = Ninja pose	C = crunches
	E = egg roll	K = kneeling up-downs

Alphabet Exercise and Movement

Get moving and have some fun spelling out your name. Complete the exercise or movement associated with each letter.







Reading

Onomatopoeia- What is it?

Lots of poets use onomatopoeia to help the reader really understand the poem. The poet uses sound words to help the readers 'hear' the sounds of the poem. Listen to the

song about onomatopoeia and read all these cool words. Then complete the tasks.



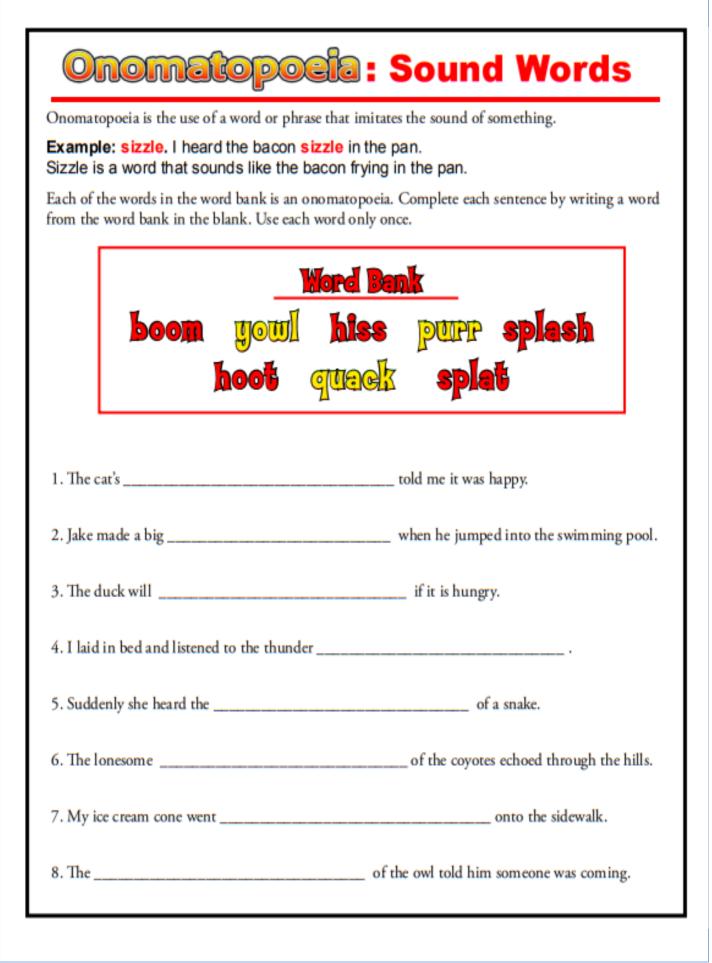
https://www.youtube.com/embed/FBQCgjo1QTU



Colour the sound words.



Must Do:



oeia	the object or action ns <i>The Noisy House,</i> ords in each poem in the	Raindrops				
Exploring Onomatopoeia	Onomatopeia is a word that imitates the sound of the object or action it refers to. Explore the onomatopoeia in the poems <i>The Noisy House</i> , <i>Pancakes</i> and <i>Raindrops</i> . List the onomatopoeic words in each poem in the table below.	Pancakes				
Exploi	 Onomatopeia is a word that imitates the sound of the object or action it refers to. Explore the onomatopoeia in the poems <i>The Noisy House</i>, <i>Pancakes</i> and <i>Raindrops</i>. List the onomatopoeic words in each poem in table below. 	The Noisy House				
Pocie	Pancakes Some flour - Flop!	An egg - Plop! Some milk - Sploosh! Now stir - Whoosh!	Some butter – Sizzle! Some batter – Fizzle! A flip – Whoopee! Pancakes for me!	Stephanie Mulrooney Raindrops	Drip, drop, drip, Plip, plop, plip, Tiny, falling raindrops, Drip, drop, drip.	Stephanie Mulrooney
Onomatopocie	POEms The Noisy House Bang! Clonk! Not again!	My dad's out in the shed. He thumps and hammers all day long, It really hurts my head!	Smash! Crash! Not him as well! My brother's on his drums. He'll bash and clang for hours on end, How noisy it becomes!	Fa-la-la! Please, not her too! Mum's singing in the shower. And once she starts, she doesn't stop, For at least a half an hour.	Tic-tock! Meow! Woof, woof! Ding-dong! Tweet-tweet! Beep-beep! A-choo! With all this noise, I think it's time, For me to make noise, too!	Stephanie Mulrooney

Challenge

Onomatopoeia

Read the description below and write an onomatopoeia for each one.

getting a paper cut	
door slamming	
a fire engine	
sneezing	
cow on a farm	
kids playing games	
tearing paper	
a chick	
a horse galloping	
drinking water	
strong winds	
football in a net	
doorbell	ding dong

Writing

The second type of Poetry we are learning about is a 'Rhyming Poem''.

Rhyming Poems

A rhyming poem includes words that rhyme, usually at the end of the line.

The Bat

There once was a bat, Living in my brother's hat. My mum ran in fear, Which made my brother cheer. It finally flew away, But not until May.

🕞 teachstarter

Look at the poems below. Using your colours, underline or circle the words that rhyme using the same colour for each pair.

Imagine

Imagine a pig, In a purple wig.

Imagine a car, In the shape of a star.

Imagine a bear, Wearing pink underwear.

Imagine a fox, Wearing pink fluffy socks.

Imagine a shoe, That always stayed new.

Just imagine!

I Have A Little Frog

I have a little frog His name is Tiny Tim. I put him in the bathtub, To see if he could swim.

He drank up all the water, He gobbled up the soap. And when he tried to talk, He had a bubble in his throat.

Finish the poem below by writing a rhyming word in the spaces.

<u>Imagine</u>

Imagine a snail, As big as a	
Imagine a bee, As big as a	
Imagine a toad, As long as a	
Imagine a hare, As big as a	
Imagine a goat, As long as a	
And imagine a flea, The same size as	_!
Illustration:	

Create your own rhyming poem below. Don't forget to illustrate it!

Did you know, there is another type of poem called a 'Ballad'.



A rhythmic poem that tells a story. Ballads are often used in songs.



Ballads will sometimes use rhyming words to help create the rhythm of the poem.

Let's fly to the moon, Just before noon. Our rocket blasts off, We'll get there soon.

Let's fly to space, Off we race! To Jupiter or Mars, Or some other place.



Can you find the rhyming words in the poem above? Underline them in the poem.

Which lines have rhyming words in each stanza? Circle yes or no.

Line 1? Yes/No Line 2? Yes/No Line 3? Yes/No Line 4? Yes/No

Minute Maths												
	4	2	ω	4	5							ام م
						GL						ome children were a elow and then answ
						Guinea Pig	Fish	Bird	Cat	Dog	Pet	Some children were asked about their favourite pet. Co below and then answer the questions about the graph.
P												ourite pet. Complet ut the graph.
(C)						=	_	=	¥	≡	Tally	Some children were asked about their favourite pet. Complete the bar graph using the information below and then answer the questions about the graph.
												the information
1. H	low man	y childre	n took po	ırt in the	survey? _							-
2. \	Nhich an	imal is tł	ne most p	opular?								10
3. \	Which an	imal is th	ne least p	opular?								
4. 	low man	y childre	n liked co	ats more	than bird	s?						
<mark>5</mark> . ł	How man	y childre	n liked d	ogs more	than guir	rea pi	gs? _					-
6. \	Nhich an	imal did	only one	child like	e?							-0
7.		+		= _								,
7.		+		= _								

Statistics and Probability – Must Do

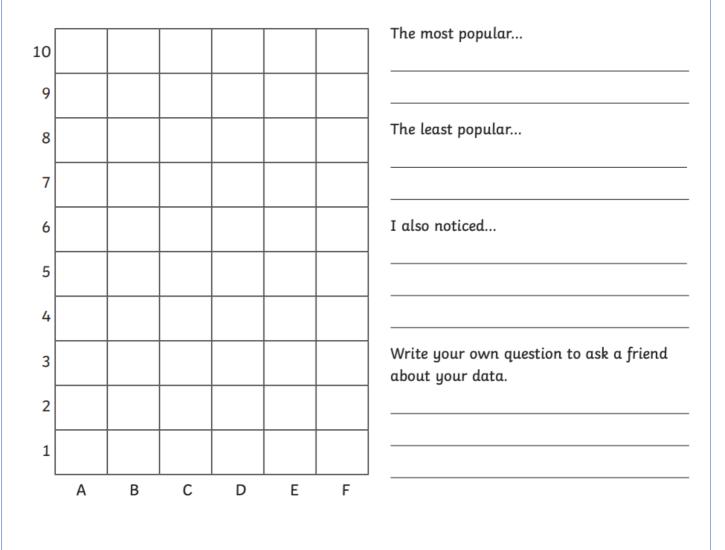
Complete this activity during your class zoom

Classroom Data Investigation

I can choose a question and collect and represent data about that question. (ACMSP048, ACMSP049, ACMSP050)

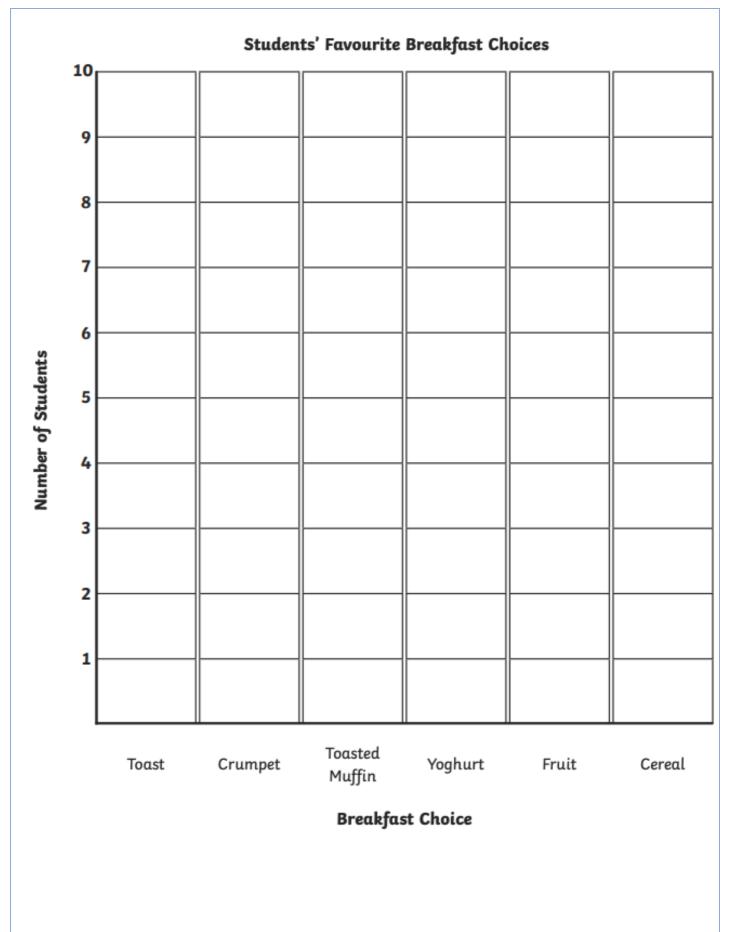
My question is: _____

	Tally	Total
Α		
В		
С		
D		
Ε		
F		



				Cereal 10	Fruit 2	Yoghurt 6	Toasted Muffin 1	Crumpet 3	Toast 4	Breakfast Number of choice students	Breakfast Choices in Year 5	I can interpret data presented in tables (ACMSP120).	Table Data Interpretation
10. Place the information on the table into a column graph.	9. Which breakfast option is your favourite?	8. How many students did not choose either the most popular or least popular breakfast options?	7. What is the difference between the most and least popular?		6. How many students chose this?	5. Which breakfast option is the least popular?		4. How many students chose this?	3. Which breakfast option is the most popular?	2. How many breakfast options are represented in the table?		1. How many students were surveyed?	n Table Data Interpretation Questions

Statistics and Probability – Can Do





Find a box to use as a drum and a metal object to use as a triangle. Choose a colour – red or blue and play the rhythms with that colour. Play the video again and play the other colour on the other instrument. Challenge: Play the video again and switch between your two instruments.

https://www.youtube.com/embed/GDqJgigjsno



Here's a song to learn for Halloween which is coming up in a few weeks.

https://www.youtube.com/embed/2x7hPVGyaoc



Kaboom Percussion Play-alongs

This term we will work with Cat and Josh from Kaboom Percussion each week. First they will teach you some patterns. Watch the video as many times as you need to become confident with performing the patterns yourself. When you're ready, watch the Performance video and try to keep up with the moves.

Tutorial Video

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o-3tX58wy8U



Performance Video

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yLyNK4jASp8



Here are Cat and Josh performing with Kaboom Percussion

https://youtu.be/LOE2x6Plxt4



Have fun 🌝