NAME:



Term 4 Week 2 2021

Websites for Learning

- TNPS school website: https://turramurrn-p.schools.nsw.gov.au For our Learning From Home Packages
- Department of Education *Learning from Home*: <u>https://education.nsw.gov.au/teaching-and-learning/curriculum/learning-from-home</u>

Should you need to contact your child's teacher please use the following emails:

1W Marienne Galluzzo 1F Nicole Fagan 2M Mary Muldrew 2R Alex Atterton marienne.galluzzo@det.nsw.edu.au nicole.fagan3@det.nsw.edu.au mary.barr2@det.nsw.edu.au alexandra.redford1@det.nsw.edu.au

ENGLISH

- Word Book Online (username: tnps and password: tnps) <u>https://www.worldbookonline.com/kids/home</u>
- Story Box Library (username: tnps and password: tnps) www.storyboxlibrary.com.au
- Possum Magic by Mem Fox https://www.youtube.com/embed/gsmRJ3v457o
- When To Use Their, There, And They're | Pencil Pals | ABC Kids https://www.youtube.com/embed/RqEXAL6hFuw
- Storyline Online <u>https://www.storylineonline.net/</u> videos featuring celebrated actors reading children's books
- The Literacy Shed <u>https://www.literacyshed.com/</u>
- Dance Mat Typing <u>www.dancemattypingguide.com Typing training with levels for children</u>
- The State Library <u>https://www.sl.nsw.gov.au/learning/kids-and-families</u>
- Ku-ring-gai Library online reader platform for ebooks <u>https://www.krg.nsw.gov.au/Community/Ku-ring-gai-Library</u>

MATHEMATICS

- Mathletics <u>https://www.mathletics.com/au/</u>
- Fuzz Buzz Graphing Game https://www.abcya.com/games/fuzz_bugs_graphing
- Number Grid Fireworks Game https://www.abcya.com/games/100_number_grid
- ABC Splash Mathematics activities for K-10 <u>https://education.abc.net.au/home#!/resources/-/mathematics</u>
- Mathematics activities for K-10 <u>https://nrich.maths.org/</u> with a focus on developing mathematical thinking and problem-solving skills
- <u>https://education.nsw.gov.au/campaigns/mathematics/everyday-maths</u> Fun, creative and practical activities to develop everyday Maths skills

SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

- Making your own Lava Lamp https://www.questacon.edu.au/outreach/programs/science-circus/videos/lava-lamp
- Pop Top Fountain Experiment https://www.questacon.edu.au/outreach/programs/science-circus/videos/pop-top-fountain
- ABC Education- Pushing and Pulling Game https://www.scootle.edu.au/ec/viewing/L700/index.html
- Coding Activities for Kids <u>https://code.org/</u>
- <u>https://thekidshouldseethis.com/</u> for Years 2-10. A collection of 4,300+ kid-friendly videos
- NASA Kids Club: <u>https://www.nasa.gov/kidsclub/index.html</u>
- Science for kids has some great experiments you could try at home. <u>http://www.sciencekids.co.nz/</u>

HSIE – HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY

- National Geographic Kids <u>https://www.natgeokids.com/au/category/kids-club/</u>
- <u>ABC Education- Garden Detective Game https://www.scootle.edu.au/ec/viewing/L1118/L1118/index.html</u>

CREATIVE ARTS

- Dance exploration <u>https://www.gonoodle.com/</u>
- Drama Activities https://www.teachstarter.com/au/blog/drama-games-lesson-ideas-activities-for-kids-k-3/

PERSONAL DEVELOPMENT / HEALTH / PHYSICAL EDUCATION

- Sound Walk- How to Deal with Big Feelings https://www.youtube.com/embed/xO8sn5eelao
- Be Prepared- Beach and Pool Safety <u>https://www.youtube.com/embed/9rF9QTVFIS0</u>
- Cosmic Yoga has great creative yoga videos that are easy for children to follow. <u>https://www.youtube.com/user/CosmicKidsYoga</u>



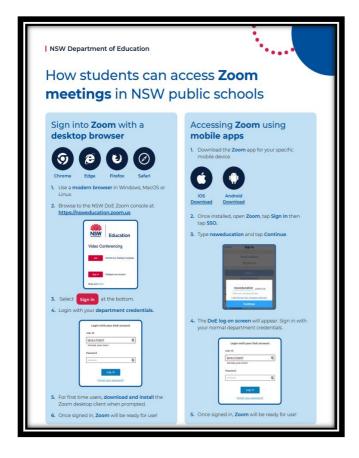
2M Zoom Classes WEEK 2 TERM 4 2021

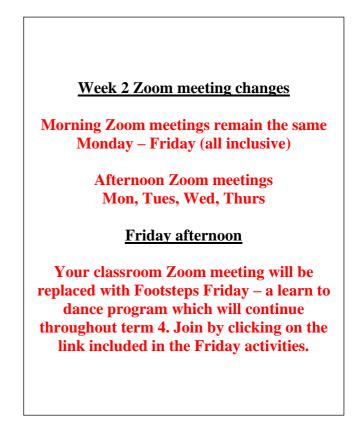
The Zoom meeting ID and passwords for this week are:

Class	Zoom Meeting ID		Zoom Meeting Password			
2M	Morning am Afternoon pm		Morning am	Afternoon pm		
	614 1901 7388	610 2795 1692	374404 925611			

Each class will have a Zoom class in the morning and another, with different content, in the afternoon. Each session will be approximately 30-45 minutes as indicated. Students are expected to attend both the morning and afternoon session each day. The video conference room is like a classroom, and the same school behaviour and discipline policies apply to this environment. Students need to access Zoom via <u>https://nsweducation.zoom.us/</u> and are required to use their **DoE student portal login** to gain access. **The DoE user ID and DoE password will be the same as last term.**

Time	Class
9.30am	KK & KW & 5T & 6B
10.30am	1F & 1W & 2M & 2R
11.30am	3R & 3H & 4H
12.15pm	KK & KW & 5T & 6B
1.30pm	1F & 1W & 2M & 2R
2.15pm	3R & 3H & 4H



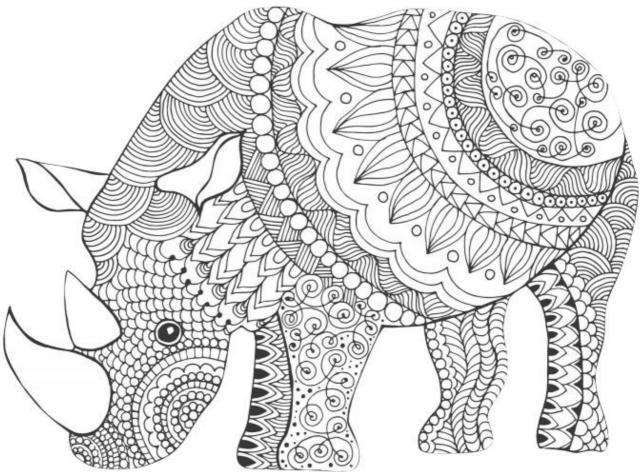


Week 2 Term 4 – Learning from Home Stage 1 Year 1 and 2

You may need help from a parent/carer and possibly resources from your teacher.

Two activities have been selected for feedback. They are highlighted on the timetable.

Monday		Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Morning	Spelling Reading Writing ZOOM 10:30am	Spelling Reading Writing ZOOM 10:30am	Spelling Reading <mark>Writing</mark> ZOOM 10:30am	Spelling Reading Writing ZOOM 10:30am	Spelling Reading Writing ZOOM 10:30am
Break	Break	Break	Break	Break	Break
Middle	Mathematics	Mathematics	Mathematics	Mathematics	Mathematics
Break	Break	Break	Break	Break	Break
Afternoon	ZOOM 1:30pm Science	ZOOM 1:30pm Art	ZOOM 1:30pm Music	ZOOM 1:30pm PDHPE	No ZOOM Dance



MONDAY - English

Spelling

• Ask a family member to pre-test you with the Week 2 spelling words. If a family member cannot help you, choose words that you find tricky to spell.

Year 1 students should choose 10 words from the spelling list to complete the daily activities.

Year 1 V	Veek 2 Spellii	ng Words
	Z ZZ S	
Core	bra pu zz le be Extension	ears Theme
is	always	division
	. 5	
zoom	busy	partitioning
quiz	close	graph
his	closing	data
prize	goes	knot
as	please	dictionary
zebra	present	notation
was	quizzes	percussion
Z00	size	Demon
fizz	sizzle	noise
zip	sneeze	treasure
buzz	squeeze	measure
buzzing	zebra	leisure
zero	zest	closure
does	zone	composure
puzzle	zooming	exposure
I	J	pressure
		television
		professional
		illusion
		extension
		aggression
	â	

WE B-E-E SPELLING

Year 2 students should choose 12 –
15 words from the spelling list to complete the daily activities.

Year 2 Week 2 Spelling Words							
- abra	z zz s se						
Core	puzzle bears Extension	Theme					
his	babies	division					
close	busiest	partitioning					
fizz	craze	graph					
zip	dizzy	data					
has	doze	knot					
closing	dozen	dictionary					
zero	drizzle	notation					
buzz	frozen	percussion					
always	ladies	Demon					
was	lazily	noise					
zest	noise	treasure					
maze	observe	measure					
because	present	leisure					
zone	puzzle	closure					
pays	sneeze	composure					
does	tease	exposure					
these	uneasy	pressure					
goes	visiting	television					
zebra	visitor	professional					
sometimes	whose	illusion					
		extension					
		aggression					

B

MNC

POR

GHI JKL

STU WXYZ

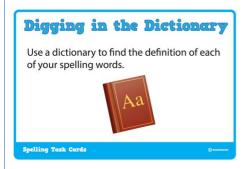
Must do:

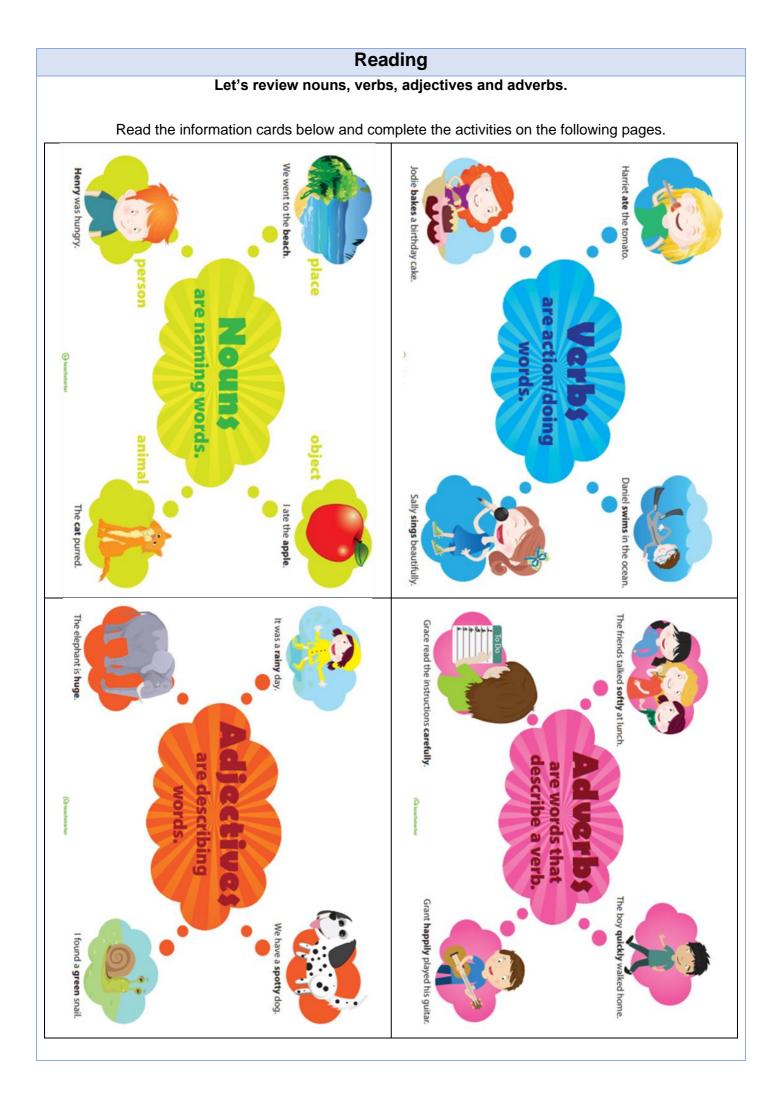
• Practise your spelling words each day.

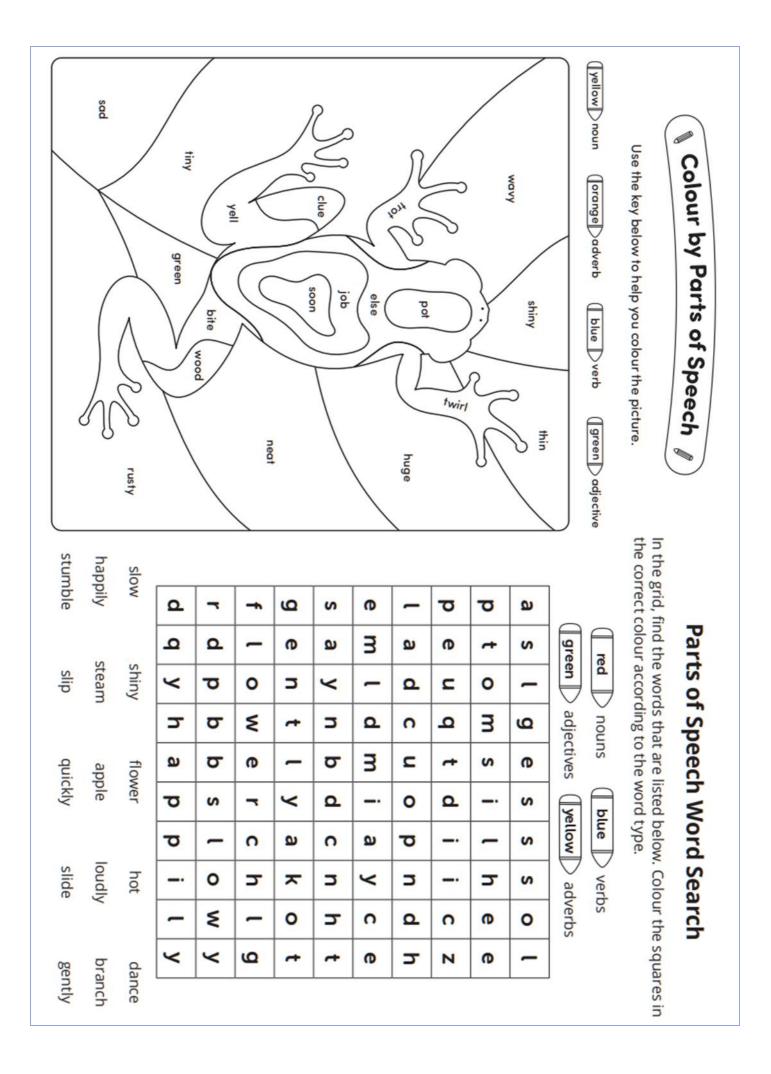
Remember to look, say, cover, write, check and correct each word.



Can do:







Use the chart to dress to some descriptive details, The C Who or what? Write the noun from the sentence. What are they doing? Write the verb from this sentence.	Use the chart to dress up this this plan and borng sentence with some descriptive details, then write it in the space below. Use the chart to dress up this this p some descriptive details, then write it is some descriptive details, then write it some descriptive details, then wri
n. Who or what? Write the noun from the sentence. What are they doing? Write the verb from this sentence.	n. Who or what? Write the noun from the sentence. What are they doin Write the verb from this sentence. Where could this b
Who or what? Write the noun from the sentence. What are they doing? Write the verb from this sentence.	tive Who or what? to describe the noun. Write the noun from the sentence. b What are they doing? hight they be doing it? What are they doing? write the verb from this sentence. Write the verb from this sentence. Where could this be happed Where could this be happed
What are they doing? Write the verb from this sentence.	b What are they doing? Write the verb from this sentence. Where could this be happe

Writing	
Handwriting	
Complete two pages of your handwriting book.	
Don't forget:	
Use lead pencil	
Read all instructions carefully	
Editing	
Choose ONE of the editing activities to complete below.	
Option A is easier	
Option B is more challenging	
Option A = Longer Playtimes	
Text 7 – Longer Playtimes	
Find the mistakes in this text. You will need to:	
 find and fix 3 spelling mistakes 	
 add 3 capital letters 	
 add 2 full stops and 1 exclamation mark. 	
children need longer playtimes at schol. having time to play	
is very important It keeps children healthy and happie it also	
helps them to make frends and to be better learners	
Write the text correctly on the lines below.	

Text 7 – Rocks

Correct the text using editing marks. There are 15 errors to find.

have you ever stopped and thort about rocks They are everywhere in nature but how did thay get their

Some people may think that rocks arent very exciting, but they are actually a fascinating natural substance that can takes millions of years two form. a rock, or stone, is a solid that is made up of one or more mineral's. Over time, these minerals have been fused together to create a solid lump There are three major tipes of rocks: metamorphic, igneous and sedimentary. The names describe how each rock are formed.

Editing Marks	
Capital letter	≡
End punctuation	D ?
Insert a word	٨
Change to lower case	/ I.c.
Take something out	9
Check spelling	^{sp}
New paragraph	¶

Write the text correctly on the lines below.

Option A = Longer Playtimes

Text 7 – Longer Playtimes

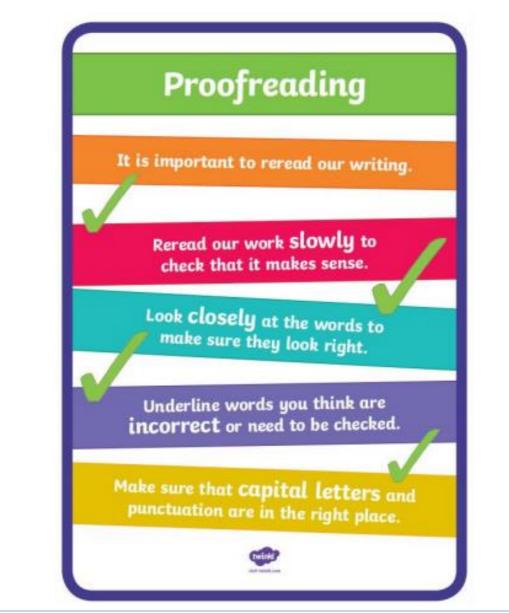
Children need longer playtimes at **school**. Having time to play is very important! It keeps children healthy and **happy**. It also helps them to make **friends** and to be better learners.

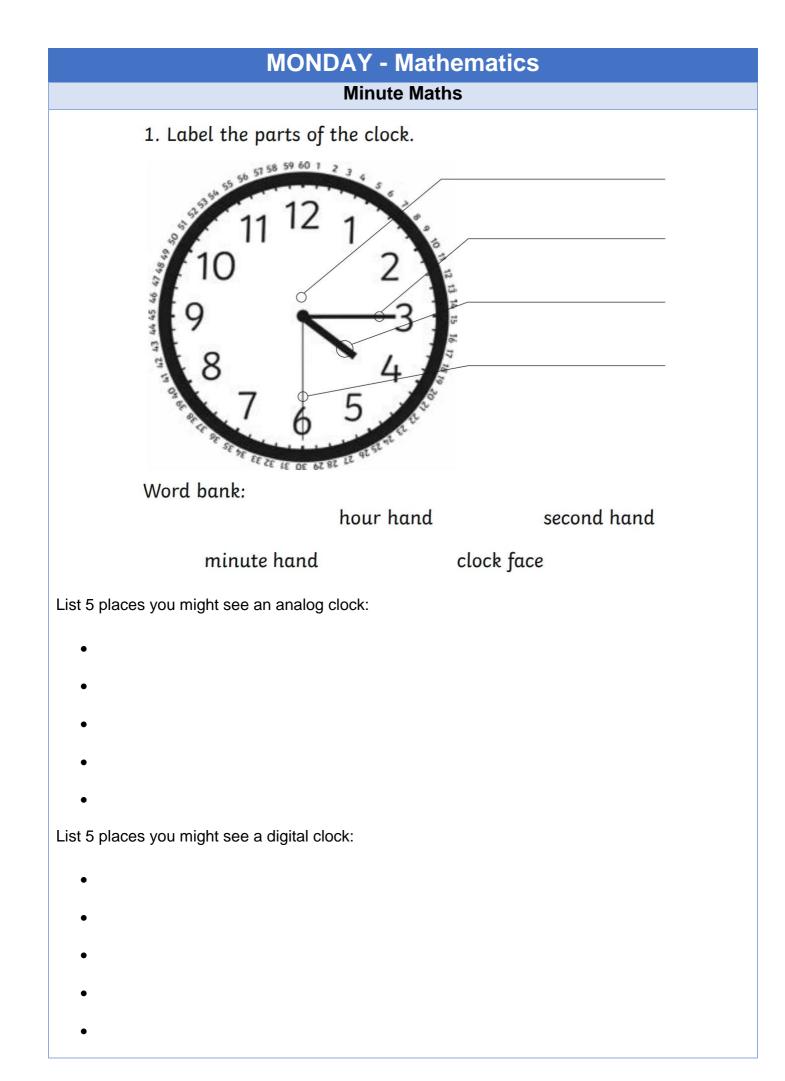
Option B = Rocks

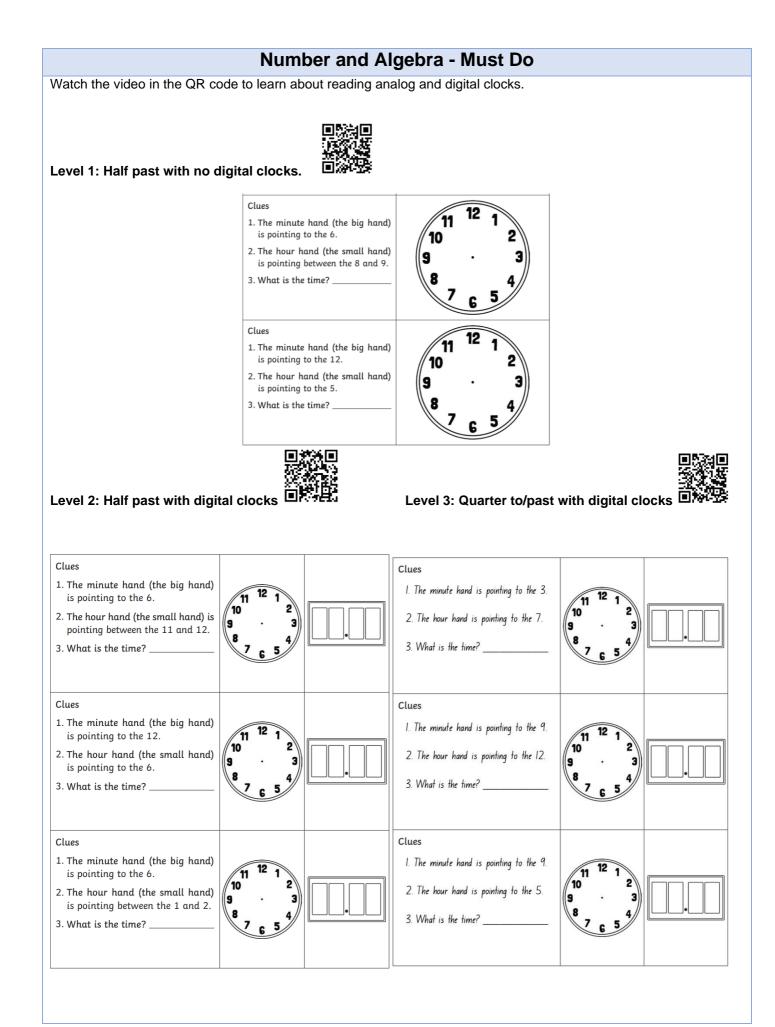
Text 7 - Rocks

Have you ever stopped and **thought** about rocks? They are everywhere in nature, but how did **they** get **there**?

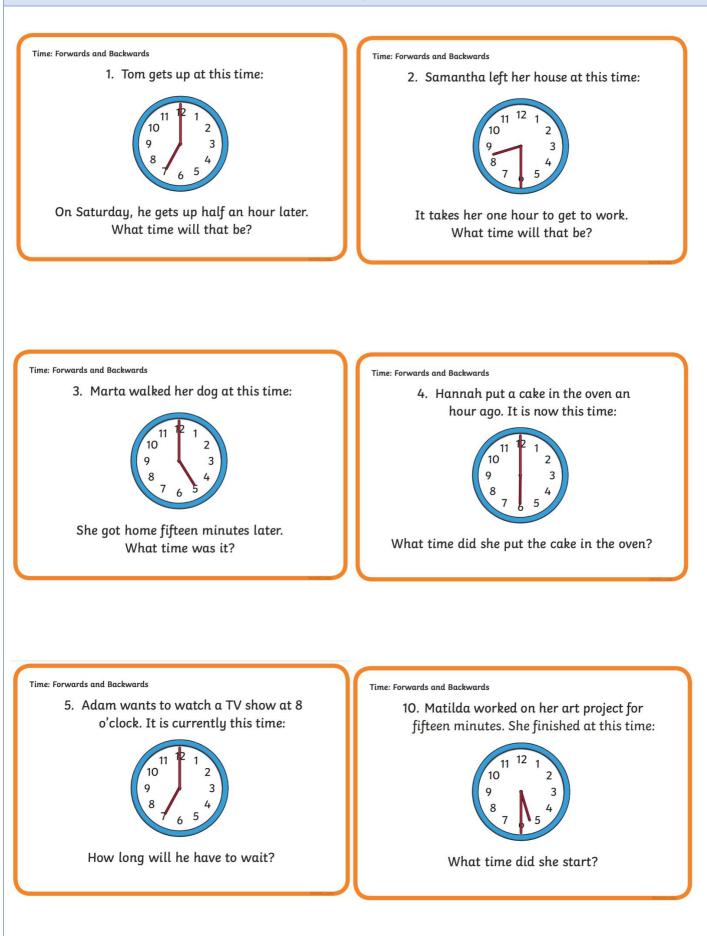
Some people may think that rocks **aren't** very exciting, but they are actually a fascinating natural substance that can **take** millions of years **to** form. **A** rock, or stone, is a solid that is made up of one or more **minerals**. Over time, these minerals have been fused together to create a solid lump. There are three major **types** of rocks: metamorphic, igneous and sedimentary. The names describe how each rock **is** formed.







Number and Algebra - Can Do



MONDAY – Science

How do materials change?

This term, our Science Unit will focus on different types of materials and what happens when they change.

Objects are made of different things. We call these things materials.

Look at the pictures of these sculptures.

What is each one made from?

Are any of them made from more than one material?









Think about a balloon being blown up and then think about the questions in the thought bubbles.



Objects can be physically changed. This means they will still be made of the same material but will look different.



<text><text><text></text></text></text>	Wood Wood Paper Contraction Rubber	
Observe and record how you Object 1:	changed the materia	ls.
Material:		
How did you change it?		
Drawing before	D	rawing after

Object 2:

Material:

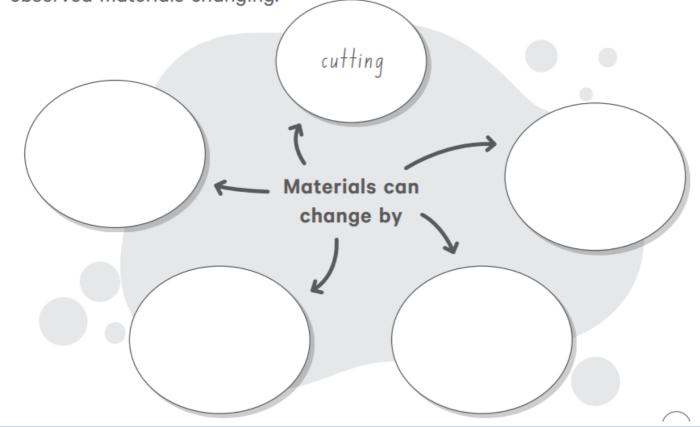
How did you change it?

Drawing before

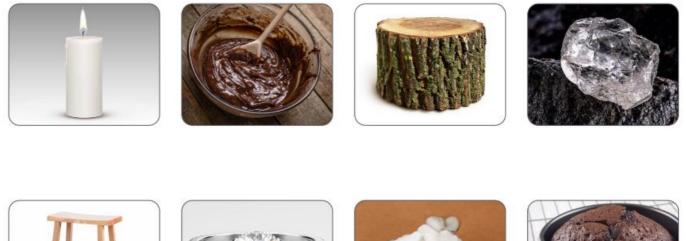
Drawing after

Can do:

How do materials change? Use the mind map to show the ways you observed materials changing.



Match the pictures of objects that have physically changed.





Think, pair and share to talk about how the objects have changed.

What do you think is the best material in the world?

I think

Why I think that

TUESDAY - English Spelling

Must do:

• Using the table in Monday's spelling, practise your spelling words.

Remember to look, say, cover, write, check and correct each word.





the spelling lists to help you.



Cover



Read the sentence below. Can you find the common sound?
 Underline, circle or highlight the letter / letters that make the common sound.

The table below, brainstorm as many words that you can think of. You



pays

bees

easy

nose

The zebra was buzzing with excitement when he found the treasure and had to measure how much he had.



z	z ebra,								
zz	pu zz le,								
S	bear s ,								
se	chee se ,								
S	trea s ure,	rea s ure,							
si	televi si on,	elevi si on,							
Can Do:		a letter or letters for (*222399). h word. Write the number in the daisy centre. bufiPay goeebraalway							
Colour the for @zzzss	words with s or se e.	Draw some treasure to be measured in the pans of the scales.							
does	house								
horse	rise								
close (sh	nut) was								
close (ne	ar) busy								

Reading

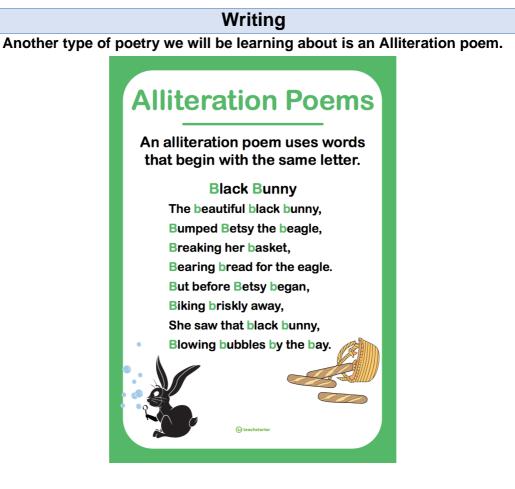
Comprehension tasks

Choose one text to read and complete the questions about it. There are 3 levels to choose from.

Frog Ford	hopping than toads. Frogs can jump long and high. Toads can hop too, but they take smaller hops. Frogs spend most of their lives near water. Toads spend less time near water.	How are frogs and toads different? Frogs have slimy and smooth skin. Toads have dry and bumpy skin. Frogs' legs are longer than toads' legs. Frogs are better at	eggs will hatch into tadpoles.	Level 1 Frogs and Toads How are frogs and toads the same? Frogs and toads are short with wide heads. They both eat worms,
Task C Draw a picture to show differences between frogs and toads.	Task B Write and draw two words that rhyme with hop. Find the words that match the shapes. op op can were will my	 5. Which word in the text means 'rough'? 6. Why are frogs better at hopping? 	 What do frogs and toads use to help catch their food? 4. Where do frogs and toads lay their eggs? 	Level 1 Frogs and Toads Name: Task A . . 1. List 2 ways frogs and toads are different. . 2. List 3 things that frogs and toads eat. .

	Did you know: A group of elephants is called a heard. Elephants often say 'hello' to each other with their trunks!	live up to 70 years in the wild. Many people travel a long way to see elephants in the wild.	eat only plants. Elephants eat fruit, twigs, roots and bamboo. They even use their trunks to pull bark off trees to eat! Elephants can	Elephants eat a lot of food. They are herbivores. This means they	Elephants can grow up to 4 metres tall and can weigh more than six thousand kilograms. That is about as heavy as a big truck!	Elephants have a large body and a John John John John John John John John	thin hair and give birth to live young.	Elephants are mammals. They are	Elephants	Level 2 Name:
	Task C Draw a picture of an elephant and label the body parts!		rds that match the shapes.	6. Why do you think many people love seeing elephants?	5. What is a 'heard'?	4. How tall can elephants grow?	3. Which sentence tells us that elephants are very heavy?	2. List 2 things elephants use their trunks for.	1. List 5 things elephants eat.	Level 2 <u>Elephants</u> Name:

Level 3 Name:	Level 3 Volcanoes Name:
Volcanoes	R
A volcano is a mountain that opens down into the Earth. Volcanoes let	
gases and very hot melted rock (molten rock) escape to Earth's surface.	2. What causes a volcano to erupt?
The large plates underneath the Earth sometimes move. When these plates	
collide, magma is pushed upwards through the opening of the volcano.	3. What is different about the way some volcances erupt?
When the molten rock is still inside the ground, it is called magma. After it	
has left the volcano, it is called lava.	4. Which word from the text means 'crash into'?
Not all volcanoes erupt in the same way. Some volcanoes erupt powerfully,	
shooting lava out of the top of the volcano and into the air. Other	5. Why do some farmers choose to live near voicances r
volcanoes erupt more gently, letting lava flow out slowly. Lava can	
sometimes flow out of the sides of the volcano.	
Many people live near volcanoes. One reason people choose to live near a	6. Why do you think people choose to visit volcances on their holidays?
volcano is farming. Volcanoes drop minerals in the soil which help make	
the soil excellent for growing food. Another ash cloud	Task B
reason is tourism. Some people choose to visit	Syllables are the beats in words. For example: 'volcano' has 3 syllables- vol / ca / no
volcanoes on their holidays. For this reason,	Show how many syllables are in the following words:
there are many jobs near volcanoes. Many	molten farming minerals powerful lava
people who live near volcanoes can't afford to	
move away from their home. Other people live	
near a volcano for religious or spiritual reasons.	Edit the following passage for full stops, capital letters and spelling. Rewrite it correctly. ash clowds from volcanoes can be very dangerous. the gases are very harmful to people ash
Did you know?	clowds also make it unsafe for plains to fly
There are approximately 1500 active volcanoes in the world.	
There are many volcanoes in the ocean.	
There are many volcanoes on other planets.	Challenge!
	Draw and label a diagram of a volcano.



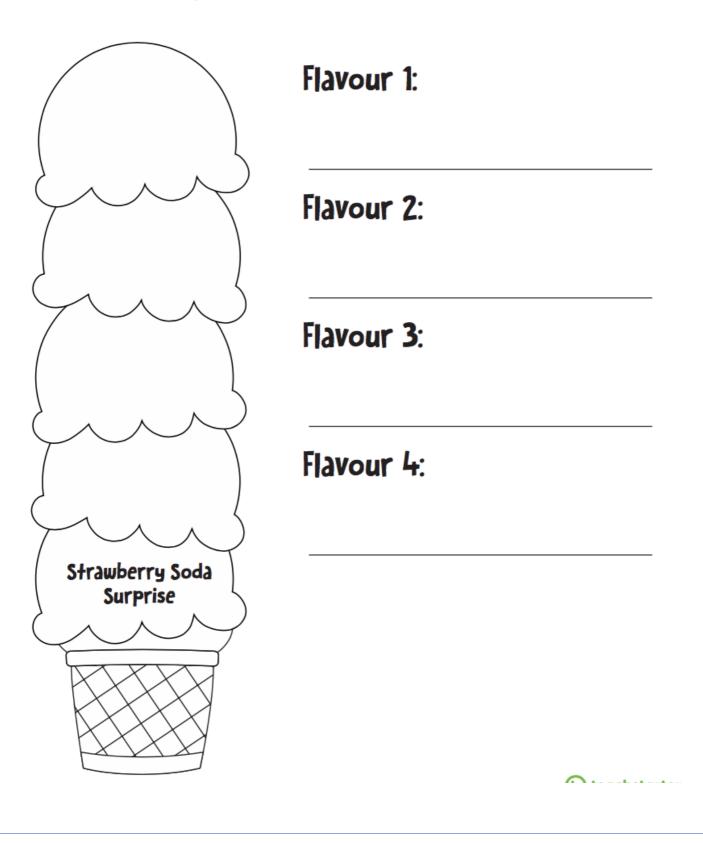
What is an Alliteration Poem?

- A poem that repeats the same beginning letter sound throughout each sentence
- Alliteration poems have strong rhythm
- They usually don't rhyme



A Fistful of Flavours – Alliteration Activity

Using alliteration, create four new flavours of ice-cream. Choose any starting sound, and be as creative as you like. E.g. Spicy Spinach Surprise or Perfect Passionfruit Pecan.



Read the Animal Alliteration Poem below.

Using your colours, circle or underline the each of the beginning letter sounds in each line. Use a different colour for each letter sound.

For example: <u>Yellow</u> for '<u>d'</u>, Green for 'f'.

Animal Alliteration Poem

Daring dogs dash down the road.

Funny frogs flip from fresh water.

Many monkeys move on Monday morning.

Tricky toads trickle through the trees.

Laughing lions lead leopards on land.

Draw a picture in the space below to match the poem above.

TUESDAY - Mathematics

Minute Maths



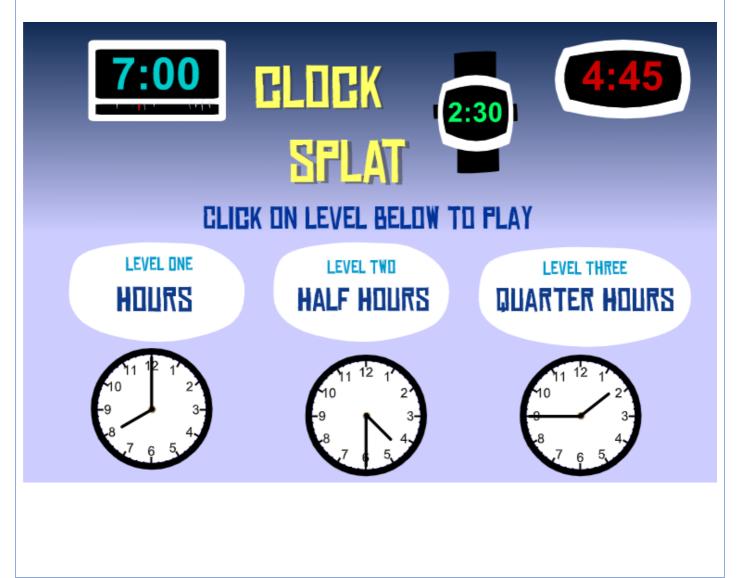
https://www.sheppardsoftware.com/math/time/clock-splat-game/

Follow the link in the QR code to play the clock splat game! Please ask a Parent or Carer to help you select the right settings for the game you want to play. You will have to choose one of these options:

Level 1: o'clock time

Level 2: half past time

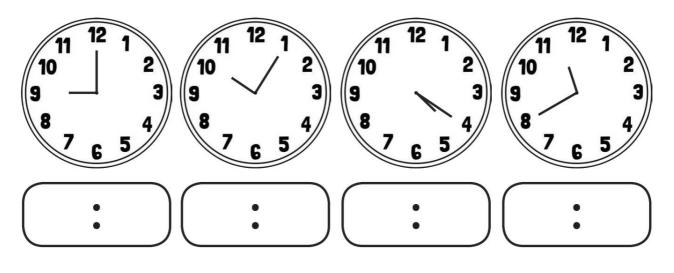
Level 3: quarter past/quarter to time



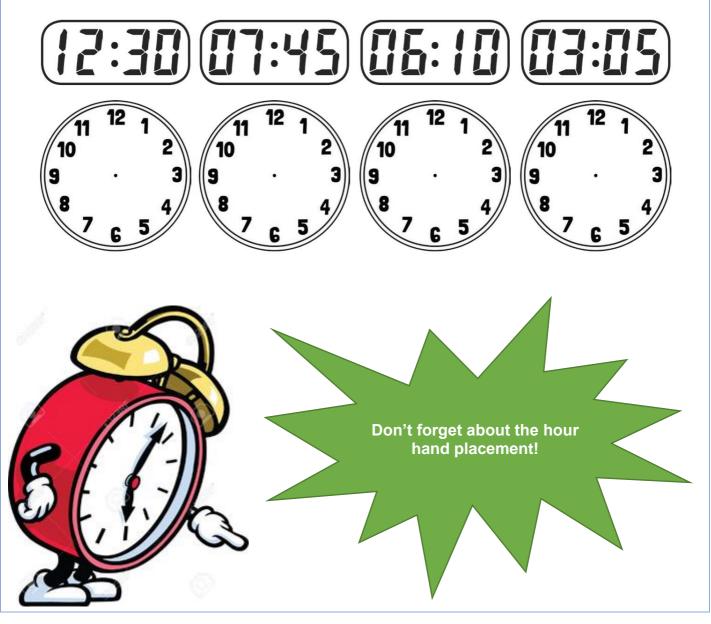


Extension: Any time

1. Change these analogue times to digital times.

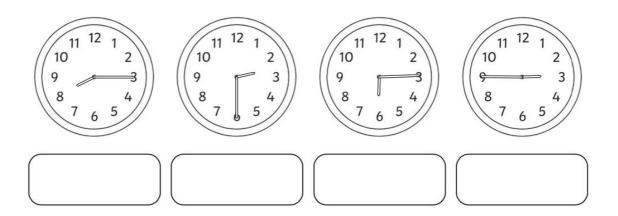


2. Change these digital times to analogue times.

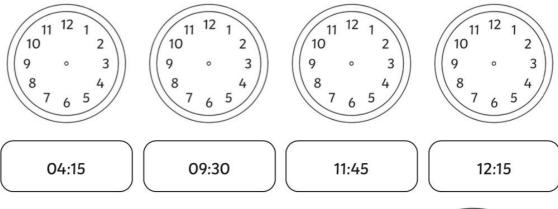


Number and Algebra - Can Do

1. What time is showing on these clock faces?



2. Draw the hands on the clock face to show the times shown on the digital clocks.



Sophie arrives at Brentwood train station and looks at her watch. What time did she arrive at the station?

Her train to London will arrive in 15 minutes. Show what time her train is due to arrive on Sophie's watch.

The journey to London lasts 30 minutes. What time will Sophie arrive in London?

TUESDAY – Art

Henri Matisse

Henri Matisse was a famous French painter. In the late 1940's when he was in his 70's he decided to create artwork by cutting out shapes and gluing them on a piece of paper.

Here are some of his artworks.



Have a look at the shapes he uses. Are they repeated? Does he repeat colour as well? In some of artworks he overlaps shapes as well.

Using coloured paper or pages from a magazine or the newspaper cut out some shapes. You might like to repeat some shapes and maybe make some shapes bigger or smaller than others. You can also fold your paper in half, draw half a shape and cut it out, then open it up to give you a symmetrical shape. Have a look below, here is an example



After you have cut out your shapes, arrange them on another piece of paper, don't forget to overlap and repeat shapes. When you are happy with your results glue them onto your paper. Here are mine.



WEDNESDAY - English	
Spelling	
Must do:	
 Using the table in Monday's spelling, practise your spelling words. 	
Remember to look, say, cover, write, check and correct each word.	
😿 Look 🥌 Say 🧏 Cover 🌂 Write 📈 Ch	eck
Write z, zz, s or Z to finish the words. Read the poem. Draw the picture.	
oe iaebra,	
Striped black and white.	
oe play with pule,	
And a buing kite.	
Write List Words to rhyme with these words. Colour the letters for @zzzs in each word.	
has you room his	
f	
cries hero buzz is	
q	
Colour the picture if you hear (Essi) in the picture name. Colour the letters for (Essi) in the words for these pictures.	
treasure measure present noise television	
Can do:	
Unjumble these List Words. The clues will help you.	
belongs to him – ihs	
bees do this – zuzb	
a puzzle – emza shut – leocs	
shutting – gslcion	
everytime – saylaw	
rhymes with <i>bees</i> – eehst	

Reading



Listen to the story The Book with No Pictures by B.J. Novak

https://www.youtube.com/embed/7DV6FouCG o



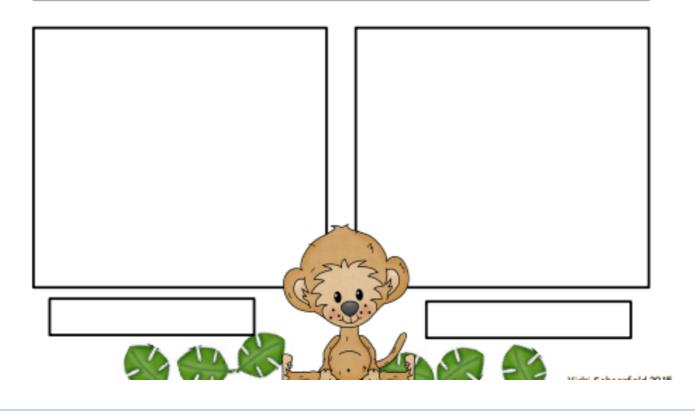
Alliteration using the same consonant sounds in words near each other Examples from The Book With No Pictures by B.J. Novak Wait-what? Monkey-mouth Sing-song Boo-boo-butt Silly-sounds Gluurr-gawocko magrumph Glibbity-globbity Beep-boop-badooongy

Vicki Schoenfeld 2015

Must D	o:
--------	----

B	Allit	eration
A	5	
R.	make their words read aloud. It inv consonant sounds Examples: The <u>ma</u>	ry technique used by writers to sound interesting as they are olves using the same beginning s in words. onkey's <u>m</u> outh <u>m</u> unched on leaves. /m/ ffe can't jump for joy. /j/
R	complete. (And m	write words to make the sentences aybe a little silly!) nd as the underlined consonant.
Ch	1. The monkey	the banana.
RE	2. <u>H</u> ippos <u>h</u> urry to eat	
	3. The <u>r</u> obot playground.	across the
R	4. <u>B</u> oring <u>b</u> us driver.	<u>bring bananas to the</u>
2	5. <u>S</u> illy monkeys sing	songs.
B	6. <u>T</u> eachers <u>t</u> alk about much.	<u><u>t</u>oo</u>
E.	7. The goofy	
R	8. <u>B</u> ob <u>b</u> akes	Sector Property -

	Vocabulary
Name:	
Match each word to its defini	<i>ook With No Pictures</i> by B.J. Novak. ition, Write the letter on the line, Next, illustrate heir meaning, Label each illustration,
1. boring	A. foolish, senseless
1. boring 2. serious	A. foolish, senseless B. an act designed to cheat or confuse
2, serious	B, an act designed to cheat or confuse
2. serious 3. trick	B, an act designed to cheat or confuse C, not fun
2. serious 3. trick 4. preposterous	B, an act designed to cheat or confuse C, not fun D, very likely



Choose 5 Adjectives to describe the book.

1.	
2.	
3	
Δ.	
4.	
э.	

The Book with No Pictures is a silly, nonsense book. Can you invent 5 nonsense words to describe the book?

1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	

Once you've made up the nonsense words, use each of them in a sentence. For example: The blorft was ready to blast off to outer space. Then, trade your papers, and read your sentences to each other.

The Book with No Pictures

SILLYFELSSFWSRH UHDTKGWEUACUJHW UGWLTIRNXSOARVB QANNBIDTQREDURL GVTIOZQXEFPYYVA BVNURKNTVBILWAI ILSEPOSCIACNFFO GRUITOBFRFTSYRT GUZEPRIDICULOUS TZLEBQLVWYRIYUE AYRGLEYAEFE BBLB 0 P P I H W R K U R S W L B F SGNIHTNREGYBONK SBODKOBVYIHVRPX ZYPJMOEMGPGIKEV

BEST BLUURF EVER KID PICTURES RIDICULOUS THINGS BLORK BONK GLUG LAUGH PIZZA SERIOUS BLUEBERRY BORING HIPPO MONKEY PREPOSTEROUS SILLY

Writing

Today you will be writing your own alliteration poem.

Animal Alliteration Poem

Daring dogs dash down the road. Funny frogs flip from fresh water. Many monkeys move on Monday morning. Tricky toads trickle through the trees. Laughing ions lead leopards on land.

Each line of the poem will have a different animal for which you will create alliterations.

Animal Alliteration Poem Planning:

Choose five animals that you want to create alliteration for and then brainstorm some words that begin with the letter of the animal's name on the lines below. (Some examples have been done for you).

Cat	Crazy, cute, cuddle, colourful, cushion, couch.	
Ant	Apples, amazing, always, awesome.	
Snake	Slippery, scaly, scary, slither, small, sausage, silly.	

Using your brainstorming, write your own Animal Alliteration Poem below. You can continue the poem that has been started for you or start from the beginning.
Option A - Easier
Animal Alliteration Poem
Crazy cats cuddle on the cushions.
Amazing ants always eat apples.
Slippery snakes slither

Illustrate your Animal Alliteration poem here:

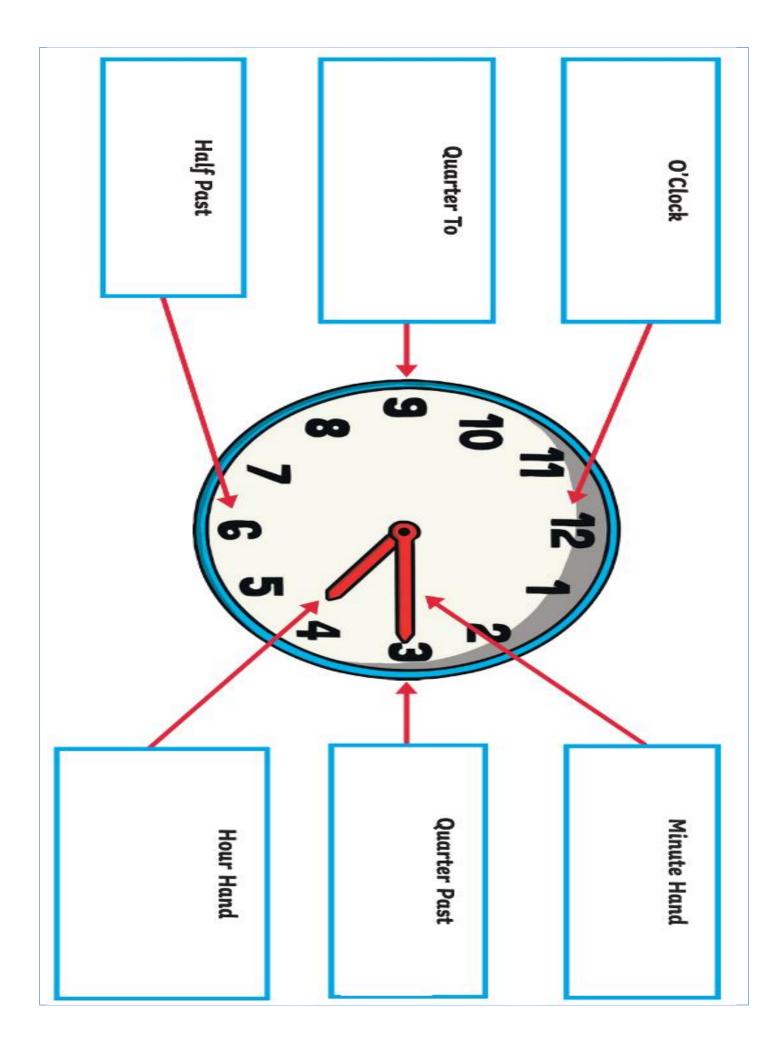
Option B - More Challenging		
Animal Alliteration Poem.		
Illustrate your Animal Alliteration poem here:		

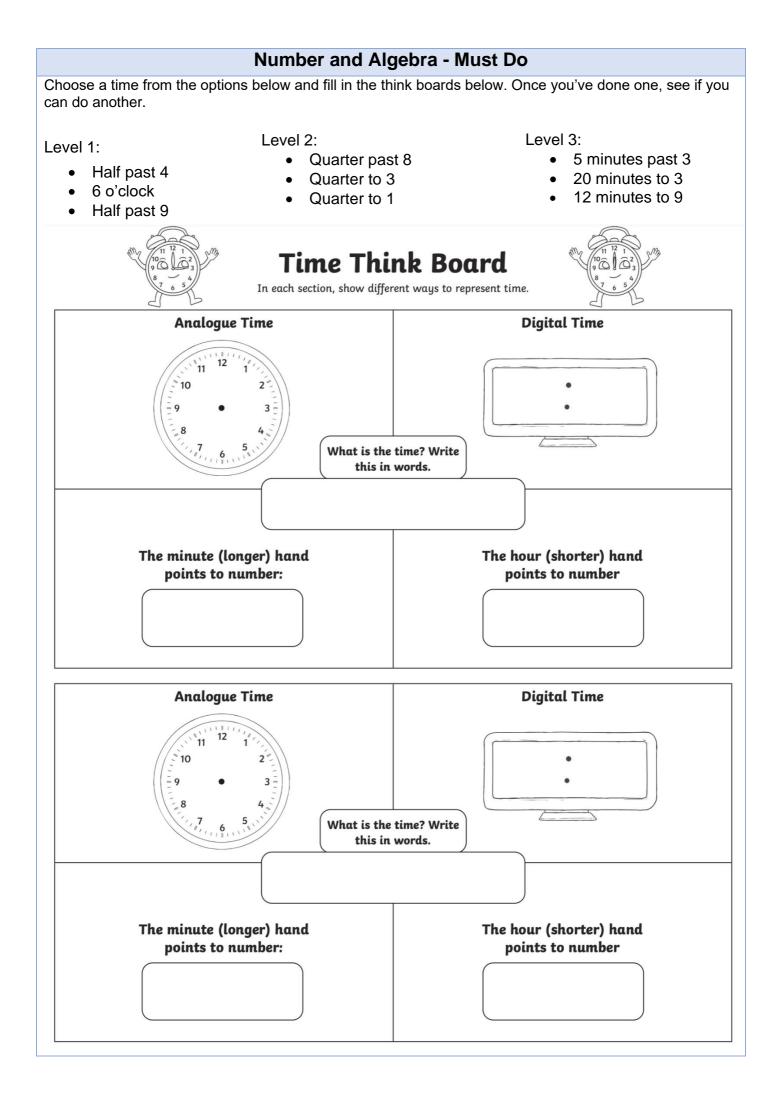
WEDNESDAY - Mathematics

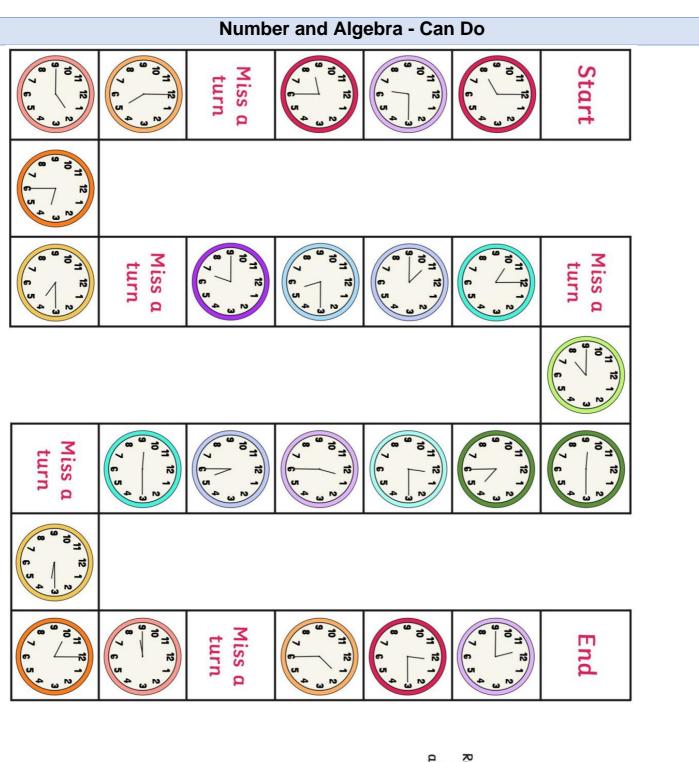
Minute Maths

Imagine you have a friend who is having trouble telling the time. What would you say to teach them? Fill in the poster below to help your friend understand. Watch this video in the QR code if you need some ideas.









Telling the Time Board Game

What time is it?

Roll a dice, move the number of spaces shown and read aloud the time shown on the clock. The first player to complete the board wins!



WEDNESDAY – Music



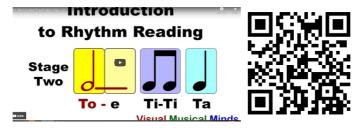
Warm-up – Rhythm Rhythm Rhythm

https://www.youtube.com/embed/KUtEg8Qxuxk



Rhythm Reading Revision

https://www.youtube.com/embed/cHad-I5AJT0



Singing: Pass the Pumpkin

Here's a song to learn so that we can play the game later in the term.

https://youtu.be/WSEQKFa7jbo?t=1



Revise Jackolanterns Everywhere

Can you make up actions to go with the song?

https://www.youtube.com/embed/2x7hPVGyaoc



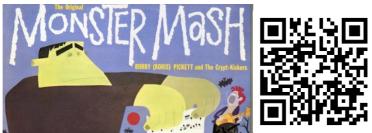
Kaboom Percussion Play-Alongs Revise Monster Mash from last week Performance Video

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yLyNK4jASp8



Can you remember it and do it without Cat and Josh? Here is the original version.

https://www.youtube.com/embed/bRLML36HnzU



I'm Still Standing

Here is another fun Kaboom Percussion song. As you did last week, watch the tutorial first until you have gained confidence with the patterns, then play along with the performance video.

Tutorial Video: https://youtu.be/twU52NL3N5U





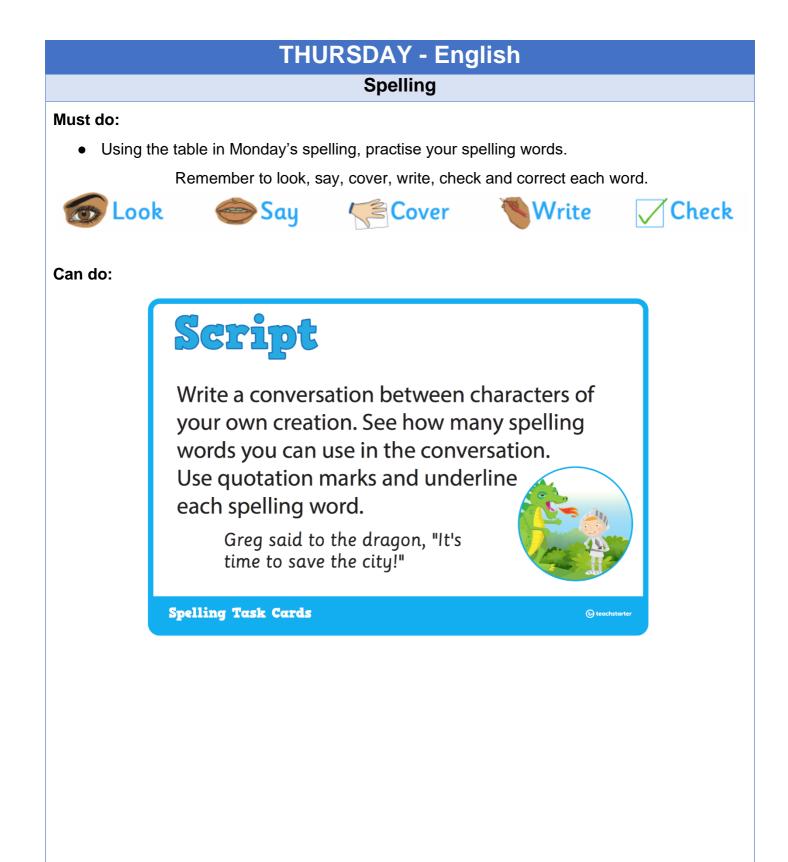
Performance Video: https://youtu.be/G5ILGU_1ox8?t=4



Here are Cat and Josh performing a medley of Disney Songs on plastic bottles.



Have fun 😊



Write a Shape Poem



Introduction:

Some poems are like pictures with words. But you can make a poem that is really a picture. These picture-poems are meant to be read and to be looked at, too.

Procedures:

1. Pick a thing you would like to write about. It can be a plant or animal, something you see outdoors, your house, or even a toy or bus. Some idea starters for poems with a shape are: **sun**, **tree**, **dog**, **bicycle**, **cloud**, **rocket**, **telephone**, **horse**, or **ice cream cone**. Think of some other ideas to try.

2. Write down some words for parts of the thing. Write down words that describe it, too. Try to think of words that tell exactly how it looks, sounds, feels, smells, or tastes.

3. On another sheet of paper, draw the shape of the thing. Now you are ready to make your poem.



4. Pick words from your list for each part of the shape and write them where they belong. You can repeat words as often as you need to.



5. Or, instead of drawing a shape with lines, try using the words themselves to make a poem with a shape. Do you see the poem that is shaped like an eye?

Use this page to create your shape poem.

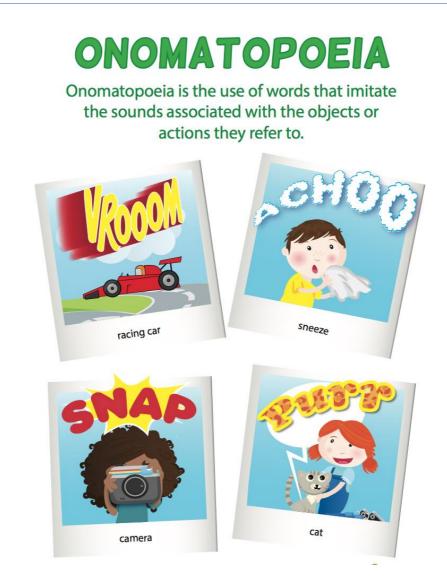
Writing

Another type of poetry we will be learning about is an Onomatopoeia Poem.



Watch the video 'The Onomatopoeia Alphabet' https://www.youtube.com/embed/FBQCgjo1QTU





Read the description below and write an onomatopoeia for each one:

a car driving	
a branch breaking	
someone screaming	
pig on a farm	
jumping in the pool	
rain falling	

Read through the Onomatopoeia poems below. Underline or highlight any onomatopoeia words you can find.







Aaah! Scream the kids as they play. Stomp! Stomp! Go the feet tumbling down the path.

Bang! Go the kids hitting the pole. Kids kicking soccer balls. Kick! Kick! Kick! Buzz! Go the bees.

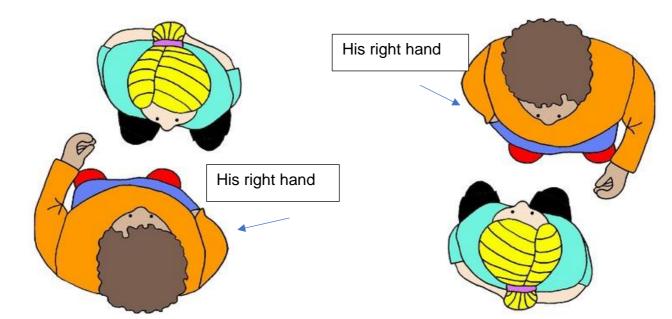


Swish! Goes the ball into the hoop. Tweet! Screeches the whistle.

THURSDAY - Mathematics

Minute Maths

Knowing which way is left and right is important for describing where something is and for understanding directions. Sometimes left and right can look different depending on which way you are facing. Look at the people talking below. In the first picture, can you see his right hand on the right side of his body? In the second picture, we have turned him around. Now his right hand LOOKS like it is on the other side. This is still his right hand, but it looks like it is on your left! <u>We say that his right hand in on your left side.</u>



When you are giving directions to someone, it is important to imagine you are facing the same direction as them so you can imagine which side is <u>their</u> left or <u>their</u> right.

Look at the objects below. Answer these left and right questions from your perspective.

Which object is on **your** left? _____

Which object is on your right? ____



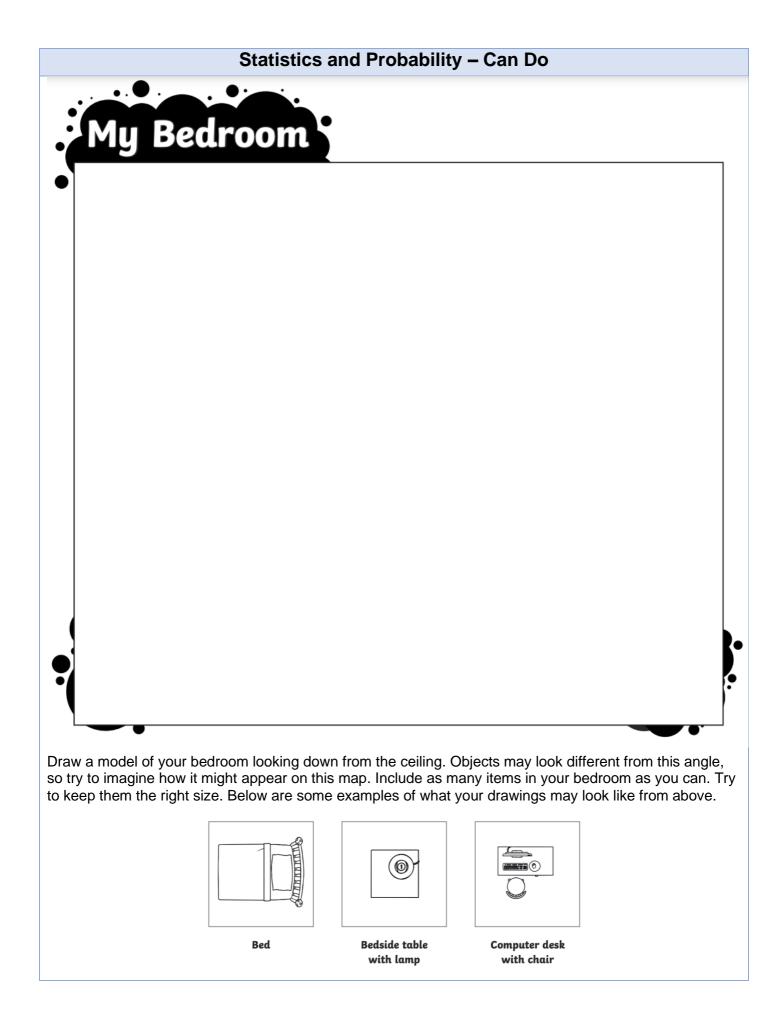
Now imagine you are the teddy. Answer these questions from his perspective. You may find it helpful to turn around so you are facing the same direction as him.

Which object is on Teddy's left? _____

Which object is on Teddy's right? _____

Statistics and Probability – Must Do Write directions to move around the city. Include the directions left and right in each answer. **Directions in the City** Supermarket Bakery Clothes Shop Butchers Grocer's Pharmacu Shoe Shop Fish Shop Book Shop Kiosk lou are here! 1. Write the missing directions to get to the right shops. How do you get to ...? The butchers: Go straight ahead. Take the first left. Turn left. It's on the right. . The bakery: Go straight ahead. • . The grocer's: _____

- The pharmacy: _____
- The kiosk: ______
- The supermarket: ______
- 2. Choose a shop and write the directions. Your partner has to work out where you're going!



THURSDAY – PDHPE

Lesson 2 – Invasion Games

Invasion games are team games that involve passing and moving with a ball. The players must work together to attack and defend a zone and aim to score more goals or points than the other team. How many invasion games can you list?

Complete the following activities with a parent, care-giver or sibling.

Activity 1 – Catching and Throwing

Practise your throwing and catching skills with a friend or family member. Start by standing close together, using an underarm throw. As you get better, move a little further apart. How far apart can you stand and still get the ball to one another?

Activity 2- Team work

Have a go at group juggling. You will need at least four people for this activity, but the more people you have, the better.

Stand in a circle. Facing inwards, throw a juggling ball or beanbag amongst the group in a specific order. After a couple of rounds of doing this, introduce more balls or beanbags.

Activity 3 – Play Piggy in the middle

Practise passing and moving into space by playing this popular game. You will need two other players. Two players throw the ball to one another, while the third player stands in the middle and tries to intercept the ball. If they do intercept it, the player who passed it moves to stand in the middle and the game starts again.



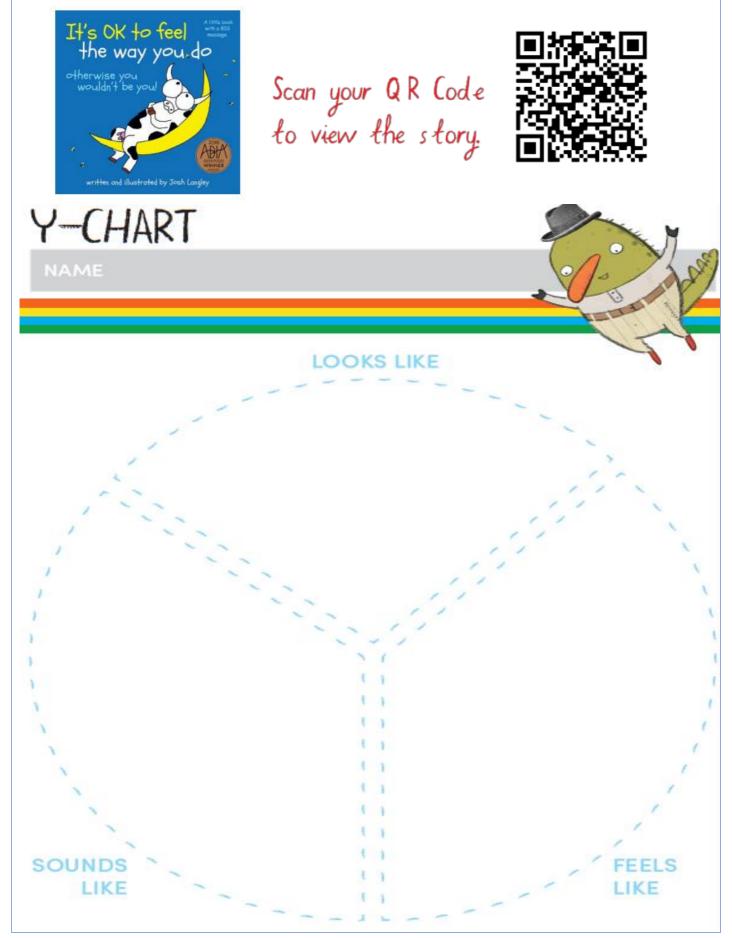
Activity 4 – Roll and exercise Gross Motor Activity Dice Look for the cube at the end of the pack

Ask a parent, care-giver or teacher to help you cut around the outside of the cube and glue it together. Once made you can roll the dice and perform the exercise that is displayed. Try to complete each activity for 20-30secs. Complete 10 rolls.

FRIDAY - English Spelling Must do: Using the table in Monday's spelling, practise your spelling words. Remember to look, say, cover, write, check and correct each word. Look 🖮 Say Check Write **Cover** Have a family member test you on your spelling words. How did you go? Can do: **Spelling Charades** With a partner, act out something that starts with the letters in your spelling words. The person guessing has to put all of the letters together to guess the word you were spelling. **Spelling Task Cards** 🕑 teachstarter

Reading

• Pick an emotion from the story and use a <u>Y Chart</u>, to describe how the emotion looks, feels and sounds.



Using your descriptive language, create a poster of your emotion, include a coloured picture and your words. Be as creative as you like.

Writing

Today you will be writing your own Onomatopoeia Poem called "Noises Around Me".

Close your eyes and listen to all the sounds around you. What can you hear?

Write or draw any noises you can hear in this box.



Read the Onomatopoeia poem below.

Do you notice that each sentence starts with an Onomatopoeia word? Circle or underline the onomatopoeia word at the start of each line.

Noises Around Me.

Tick goes the clock.

Squeak goes the ball.

Bark goes the dog.

Scrape goes the chair.

Tweet goes the bird.

Laugh goes the boy.

Now you are going to write your own Onomatopoeia poem called 'Noises Around Me'.		
You can choose to complete the poem that has been started by filing in the missing words or you can write your own poem from the beginning, using some of the sounds that you have brainstormed.		
Option A - Easier		
Noises Around Me		
goes the cat.		
goes the mouse.		
Smash goes the		
Bang goes the		
Oh no! cries the		
Illustrate your 'Noises Around Me' poem here:		

Option B - More Challenging		
<u>Noises Around Me</u>		
Illustrate your 'Noises Around Me' poem here:		

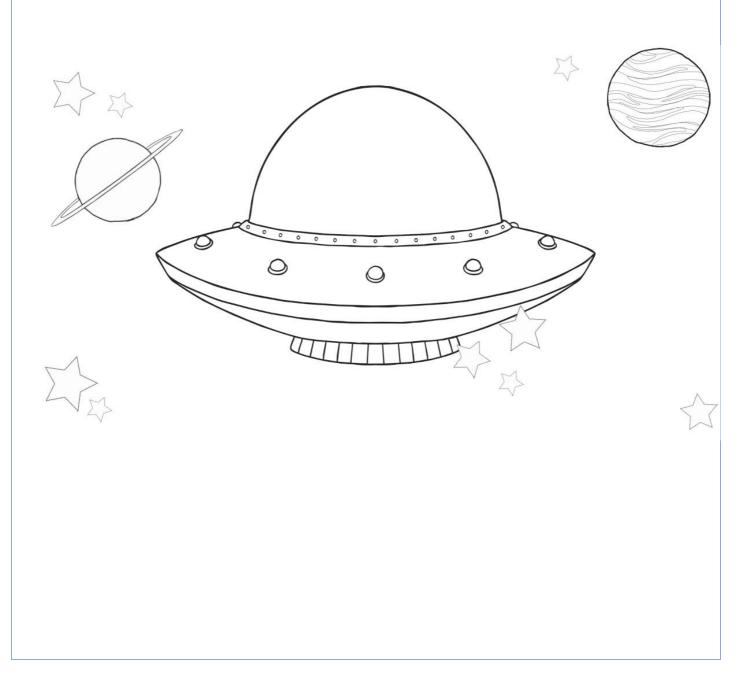
FRIDAY - Mathematics

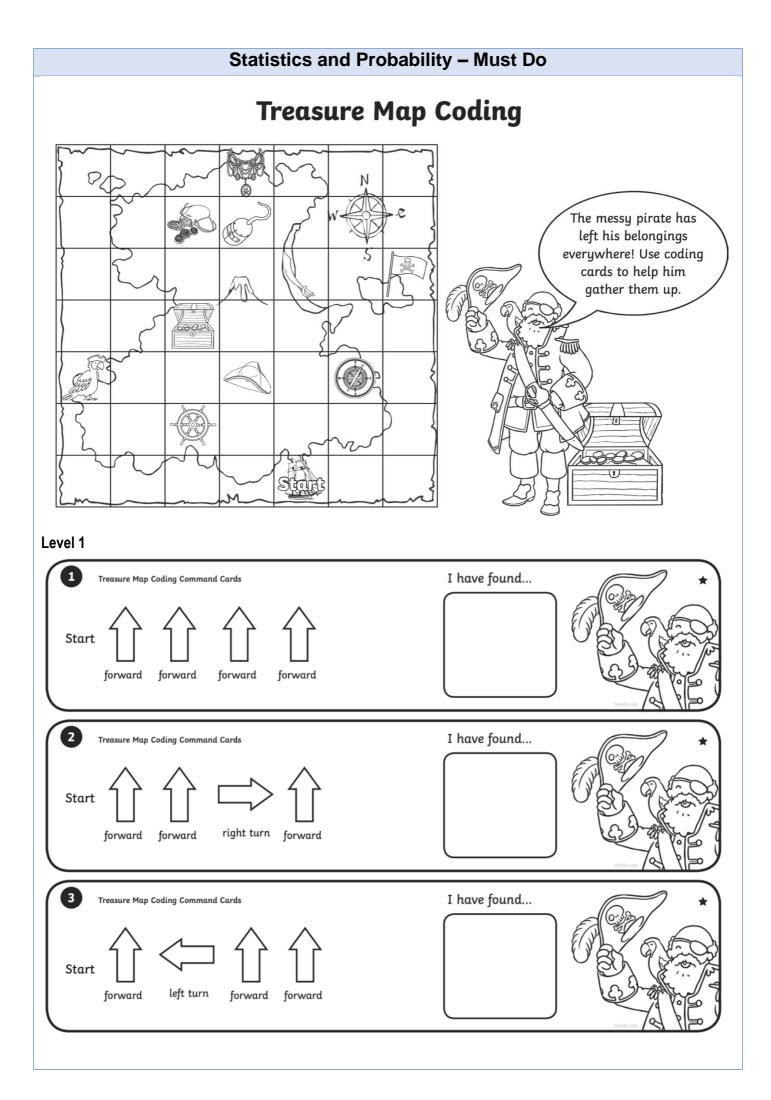
Minute Maths

Yesterday we learnt about using the words left and right depending on which direction someone is facing.

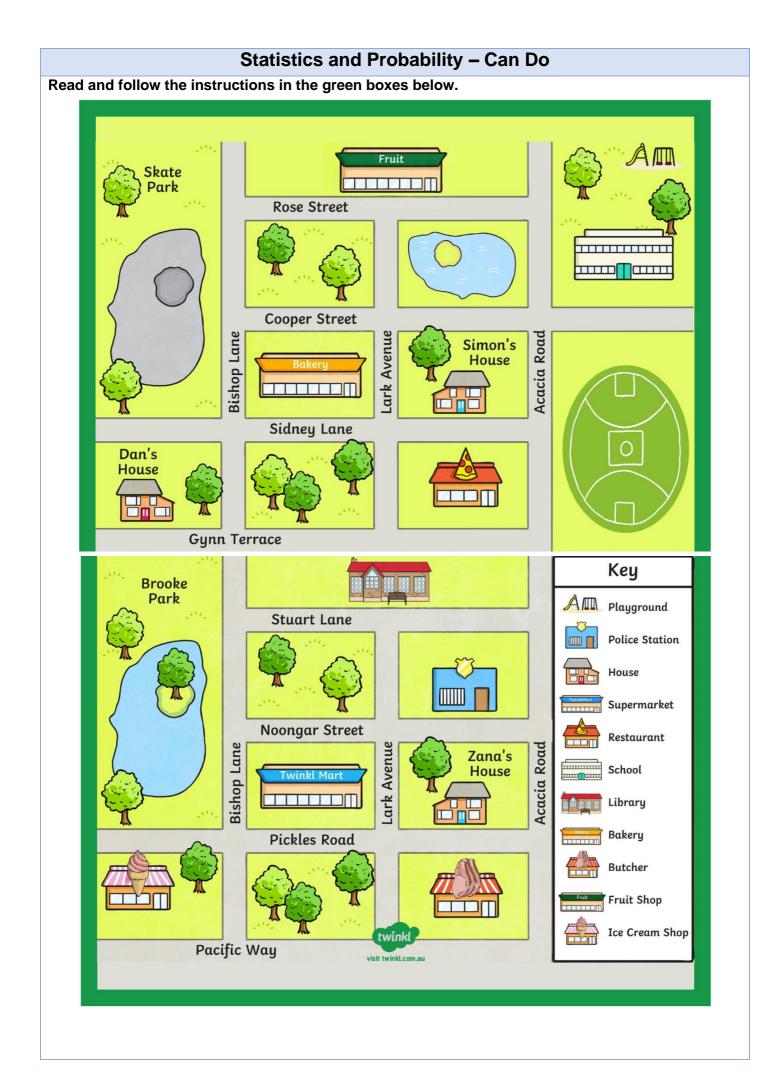
Carefully follow the instructions to complete the drawing.

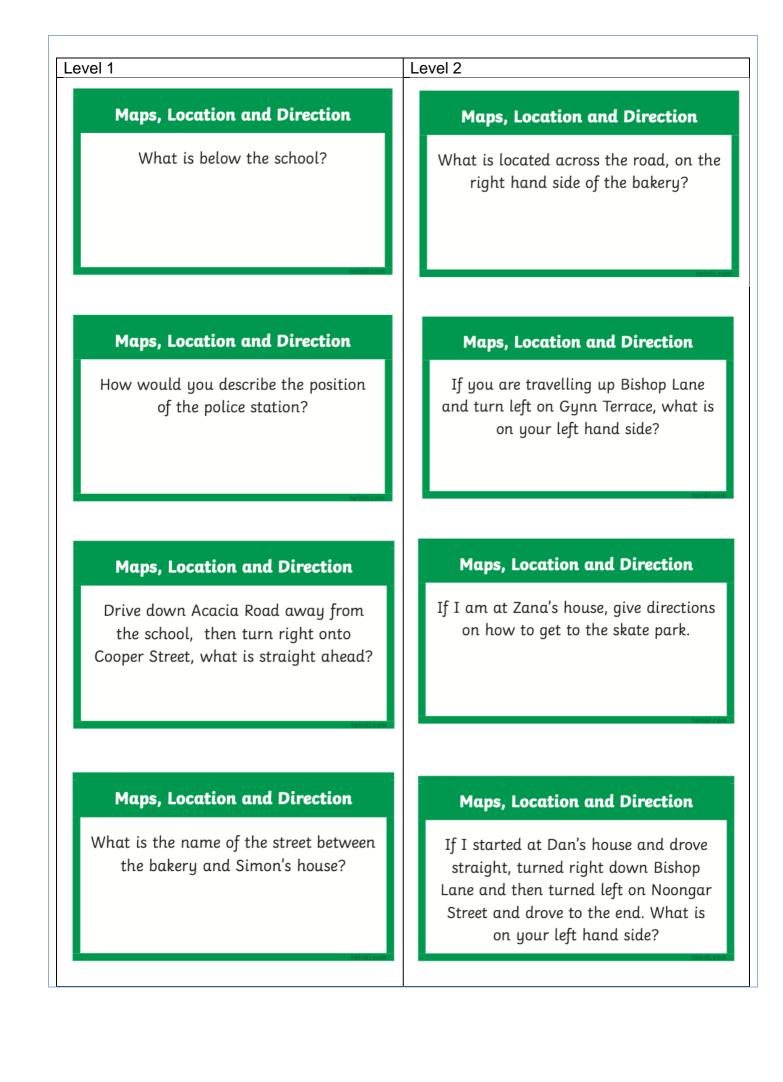
- Colour the stars on **your** left side yellow.
- Colour the stars on **your** right side orange.
- Draw an extra planet on **your** right side.
- Draw an astronaut in the spaceship facing us.
- Colour the planet on **the astronaut's** right side red (turn so you face the same direction as the astronaut. What would **their** right side be?)
- Colour the planet on **the astronaut's** left side blue.
- Draw an alien in space. Make sure it is on the astronaut's right side.





Level 2:		
Treasure Map Coding Command Cards Start Image: Coding Command Cards Start Image: Coding Command Cards forward Image: Coding Command Cards Image: Coding Command Cards Image: Coding Command Cards Start Image: Coding Command Cards Image: Coding Command Cards Image: Coding Command Cards Image: Coding C	I have found	
3 Treasure Map Coding Command Cards Start forward left turn forward left turn forward left turn forward forward	I have found	
Treasure Map Coding Command Cards Start 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	I have found	
Level 3:		
 Treasure Map Coding Command Cards Travel north 2 spaces. Turn right. Travel east 1 space. 	I have found	
 Treasure Map Coding Command Cards Start Travel west 3 spaces. Turn right and travel north 3 spaces Turn right and travel east 1 space. 	I have found	
5 Treasure Map Coding Command Cards Start Travel east 2 spaces and turn left. Travel north 3 spaces and turn left. Travel west 1 space and turn right. Travel north 3 spaces and turn left. Travel west 2 spaces.	I have found	





FRIDAY – Dance



Time to get your body moving!

Every Friday you will enjoy a Footsteps Dance lesson by following the link below

https://vimeo.com/539961047/beef0774a4



Dance reflection sheet How did you go with dance today? Catchy Song Today I tried my best

Today I tried my best	
I like dancing	
I was a good listener in dance	
I did what the teacher asked	
I put my hand up when I answered a question	





Here are some links to activities to give your brain a break and move your body!

https://youtu.be/qQeq9ryQUa4



https://www.youtube.com/embed/iMO4txHN_3E





https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-uKEuikMrRo

